Helios Large Display Dual-Input Meter Instruction Manual PD2-6060









Dual-Input

- Large 1.80" Digits
- Dual-Line 6-Digit Display
- Readable from up to 100 Feet (30 Meters) Away
- Superluminous Sunlight Readable Display
- NEMA 4X, IP65 Rated Field Mountable Enclosure
- Operating Temperature Range of -40 to 65°C (-40 to 150°F)
- Dual Process Inputs (0-20 mA, 4-20 mA, 0-5 V, 1-5 V, and ±10 V)
- Addition, Difference, Average, Multiplication, Division, Min, Max, Weighted Average, Ratio, Concentration, & More
- Input Power Options Include 85-265 VAC or 12-24 VDC
- Isolated 24 VDC Transmitter Power Supply
- 32-Point, Square Root, or Exponential Linearization
- Multi-Pump Alternation Control
- 2 or 4 Relays + Isolated 4-20 mA Output Options
- Onboard USB & RS-485 Serial Communication Options
- Modbus[®] RTU Communication Protocol Standard
- Program the Meter from a PC with onboard USB and MeterView Pro

PRECISION DIGITAL CORPORATION



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Caution: Read complete instructions prior to installation and operation of the meter.



Warning: Risk of electric shock or personal injury.



Warning!

This product is not recommended for life support applications or applications where malfunctioning could result in personal injury or property loss. Anyone using this product for such applications does so at their own risk. Precision Digital Corporation shall not be held liable for damages resulting from such improper use.

Limited Warranty

Precision Digital Corporation warrants this product against defects in material or workmanship for the specified period under "Specifications" from the date of shipment from the factory. Precision Digital's liability under this limited warranty shall not exceed the purchase value, repair, or replacement of the defective unit.

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Table of Contents

Table of Contents	3
Table of Figures	4
Introduction	
Ordering Information	5
Specifications	5
General	
Dual Process Input	6
Relays	7
Isolated 4-20 mA Transmitter Output	7
RS485 Serial Communications Terminal	
Modbus® RTU Serial Comm Protocol	7
Digital Input & Output Terminal	7
Compliance Information	8
Safety	8
Safety Information	9
Installation	9
Unpacking	9
Wall Mounting Instructions	10
Mounting Dimensions	10
Pipe Mounting Instructions	
Transmitter Supply Voltage Selection (P+, P-) .	
Connections	
Connectors Labeling	
Power Connections	
Signal Connections	
Modbus RTU Serial Communications	
Relay Connections	
Switching Inductive Loads	
RS485 Output Connections	
Digital I/O Connections	
F4 Digital Input Connections	
4-20 mA Output Connections	19
Analog Output Transmitter Power Supply	19
Interlock Relay Feature	19
External Analog Output Connection	
Setup and Programming	
Overview Programming Buttons and Status LED Indicators	20
Flogramming Buttons and Status LED Indicators	
MeterView® Pro Software	
Display Functions & Messages	
Main Menu	
Setting Numeric Values	
Setting up the Meter (5EŁuP)	27
Setting the Input Signal (InPut)	
Setting the Input Units or Custom Tags (unit	
Setting the Decimal Point (dEc Pt)	-5 29
Programming the Meter (Prob)	
Setting the Display Parameter & Intensity	
(d5PLRY)	32
Setting the Relay Operation (rELAY)	33
Setting the Relay Assignment (ຄົວ໌ລ ເບັດ)	
Setting the Relay Action	

Programming Set and Reset Points	
Setting Fail-Safe Operation	
Programming Time Delay	
Relay Action for Loss of 4-20 mA Input (Loop	
Break) Relay and Alarm Operation Diagrams	. 35
High Alarm Operation (Set > Reset)	
Low Alarm Operation (Set < Reset) High Alarm with Fail-Safe Operation (Set >	. 33
Reset)	26
Low Alarm with Fail-Safe Operation (Set <	. 30
Reset)	36
Pump Alternation Control Operation	
Relay Sampling Operation	
Signal Loss or Loop Break Relay Operation	
Time Delay Operation	
Relay Operation Details	
Overview	
Relays Auto Initialization	
Fail-Safe Operation	
Front Panel LEDs	
Latching and Non-Latching Relay Operation	. 39
Non-Latching Relay (คืบะอ)	. 39
Non-Latching Relay (# #n)	. 39
Latching Relay (Lฅեշн)	
Latching Relay (LŁ-[Lr)	
Acknowledging Relays	
Pump Alternation Control Applications (RLEE	
Catting up the Interlegal Delay (Fares On)	.40
Setting up the Interlock Relay (Force On)	40
FeatureScaling the 4-20 mA Analog Output (Aput)	.42 12
Reset Menu (rESEŁ)	.43 13
Control Menu (Earth)	
Setting up the Password (PR55)	44
Protecting or Locking the Meter	. 44
Making Changes to a Password Protected	
Meter	. 45
Disabling Password Protection	
Advanced Features Menu	
Advanced Features Menu & Display Messag	es
	. 46
Noise Filter (F LEEr)	.48
Noise Filter Bypass (๎๒ษฅรรร)	. 48
Rounding Feature (r อมกฮ์)	
Modbus RTU Serial Communications (5Er . 18	IL)
	.49
Select Menu (SELEct)	. 50
Signal Input Conditioning (Functo)	
Math Function (An REh)	. 53
Math Constants (Lon5É)	
Low-Flow Cutoff (LutoFF)	
Analog Output Programming (ฅฉนŁฅ-)	. 54

Programmable Function Keys User Menu	Maximum/Minimum Readings59
(<u>u5Er</u>)55	Troubleshooting59
Tare (Łฅɾᢄ) 56	Diagnostics Menu (ฮ เสนิ)59
Internal Source Calibration (IERL) 57	Determining Software Version59
Meter Operation 58	Reset Meter to Factory Defaults60
Button Operation 58	Factory Defaults & User Settings61
Function Key Operation 58	Troubleshooting Tips63
Digital Input Operation 58	
Table of Figures	
Figure 1. Meter Mounting Holes10	Figure 13. AC and DC Loads Protection15
Figure 2. Meter Dimensions - Side View 10	
Figure 3. Meter Dimensions – Front View 10	Figure 15. RS-422 or RS-485 Wiring16
Figure 4. Vertical Pipe Mount Assembly11	Figure 16. RS-485 Two-Wire Multi-Drop Wiring 17
Figure 5. Horizontal Pipe Mount Assembly11	Figure 17. Connections for RS485 Connector to
Figure 6. Transmitter Supply Voltage Selection 12	Serial Converter17
Figure 7. Connector Labeling for Fully Loaded PD2-	Figure 18. Three-Wire RS485 Connection17
6060	Figure 19. Digital Input and Output Connections 18
Figure 8. Power Connections13	Figure 20. F4 Digital Input Connections18
Figure 9. Transmitters Powered by Internal Supply 14	Figure 21. 4-20 mA Output Connections19
Figure 10. Transmitter Powered by Ext. Supply or	Figure 22. Interlock Connections19
Self-Powered14	
Figure 11. Voltage Input Connections14	Digital Input40
Figure 12. Relay Connections15	

Introduction

The Helios PD2-6060 is a multi-purpose, easy to use, large-display dual-input process meter ideal for level, flow rate, temperature, or pressure transmitter applications. It features large 1.8 inch superluminous LED digits, which can be read from up to 100 feet away. It is housed in a water-resistant, field mountable NEMA 4X/IP65 rated enclosure for convenient indoor or outdoor installation.

The meter accepts current and voltage signals (e.g. 4-20 mA, 0-10 V). Various math functions may be applied to the inputs including addition, difference, absolute difference, average, weighted average, multiplication, division, minimum, maximum, draw, ratio, and concentration. This is in addition to the signal input conditioning functions (linear, square root, programmable exponent, or round horizontal tank calculations).

The displays, relays, and the analog output may be assigned to input channels A or B, or math result channel C. Three of the programming buttons can be set for custom operation. The analog input can be scaled to display the process in two different scales; for example, the main display could indicate level in feet and the second display could indicate the volume in gallons.

A fully loaded Helios PD2-6060 meter comes with four (4) SPDT relays, a 4 20 mA output, two 24 VDC power supplies, five (5) digital inputs and four (4) digital outputs, and RS485 serial communications. The four relays can be used for alarm indication or process control applications such as pump alternation control. The 4-20 mA isolated output, Modbus RTU serial communications, and digital I/O features make the Helios an excellent addition to any system.

Ordering Information

Standard Models

85-265 VAC Model	12-24 VDC Model	Options Installed
PD2-6060-6H0	PD2-6060-7H0	No Options
PD2-6060-6H7	PD2-6060-7H7	4 relays & 4-20 mA output

Accessories

Model	Description
PDA1011	Dual 4-20 mA expansion module
PDA6260	Pipe Mounting Kit
PDA7485-I	RS-232 to RS-422/485 isolated converter
PDA7485-N	RS-232 to RS-422/485 non-isolated converter
PDA8485-I	USB to RS-422/485 isolated converter
PDA8485-N	USB to RS-422/485 non-isolated converter
PDAPLUG2	Plastic Conduit Plug
PDX6901	Suppressor (snubber): 0.01 μ F/470 Ω , 250 VAC

Specifications

Except where noted all specifications apply to operation at +25°C.

General	
Display	Main display: 1.8" (46 mm) high, red LEDs 6 digits per line (-99999 to 999999), with lead zero blanking
Display Intensity	Eight user selectable intensity levels
Display Update Rate	5/second (200 ms)
Overrange	Display flashes 999999
Underrange	Display flashes -99999
Display Assignment	Display lines 1 & 2 may be assigned to process values for Channels A (Ch-A), B (Ch-B), or C (Ch-C), toggle between (Ch-A & Ch-B, Ch-A & Ch-C, Ch-B & Ch-C, and Ch-A, Ch-B, & Ch-C), toggle between Channel & units, show channel gross value (no tare) or toggle net (tare) and gross values, show relay set points, max & min values, or Modbus input. The lower display may also be set to show engineering units or be off, with no display.
Programming Methods	Four programming buttons, digital inputs, PC and MeterView Pro software, or Modbus registers.
Noise Filter	Programmable from 2 to 199 (0 will disable filter)
Filter Bypass	Programmable from 0.1 to 99.9% of calibrated span

11 +23 C.	
Recalibration	All ranges are calibrated at the factory. Recalibration is recommended at least every 12 months.
Max/Min Display	Max/min readings reached by the process are stored until reset by the user or until power to the meter is turned off.
Password	Three programmable passwords restrict modification of programmed settings. Pass 1: Allows use of function keys and digital inputs Pass 2: Allows use of function keys, digital inputs and editing set/reset points Pass 3: Restricts all programming, function keys, and digital inputs.
Power Options	85-265 VAC 50/60 Hz, 90-265 VDC, 20 W max or 12-24 VDC \pm 10%, 15 W max Powered over USB for configuration only.
Isolated Transmitter Power Supply	Terminals P+ & P-: 24 VDC ± 10%. 12-24 VDC powered models selectable for 24, 10, or 5 VDC supply (internal P+/P- switch). 85-265 VAC models rated @ 200 mA max, 12-24 VDC powered models rated @ 100 mA max, @ 50 mA max for 5 or 10 VDC supply.
Non-Volatile Memory	All programmed settings are stored in non-volatile memory for a minimum of ten years if power is lost.
Fuse	Required external fuse: UL Recognized, 5 A max, slow blow; up to 6 meters may share one 5 A fuse
Normal Mode Rejection	Greater than 60 dB at 50/60 Hz

Isolation	4 kV input/output-to-power line		
	500 V input-to-output or output-to-P+ supply		
Overvoltage	Installation Overvoltage Category II:		
Category	Local level with smaller transient		
	overvoltages than Installation		
	Overvoltage Category III.		
Environmental	Operating temperature range: -40 to 150°F (-40 to 65°C)		
	Storage temperature range: -40 to 185°F		
	(-40 to 85°C)		
	Relative humidity: 0 to 90% non-		
	condensing		
Connections	Removable and integrated screw		
	terminal blocks accept 12 to 22 AWG wire.		
Enclosure	UL Type 4X, IP65 rated. Polycarbonate		
	& glass blended plastic case, color:		
	gray. Includes four PG11 through-hole		
	conduit openings, with two factory installed PG11, IP68, black nylon		
	threaded hole plugs with backing nuts.		
Mounting	Wall Mounting: Four (4) mounting holes		
. .	provided for screwing meter into wall.		
	See Wall Mounting Instructions on page		
	10 for additional details.		
	Pipe Mounting: Optional pipe mounting kit (PDA6260) allows for pipe mounting.		
	Sold separately. See Pipe Mounting		
	Instructions on page 11 for additional		
	details.		
Tightening	Removable Screw Terminals: 5 lb-in		
Torque	(0.56 Nm) Digital I/O and RS485 Terminals: 2.2		
	lb-in (0.25 Nm)		
Overall	10.63" x 12.59" x 4.77" (270 mm x 319.7		
Dimensions	mm x 121.2 mm) (W x H x D)		
Weight	6.10 lbs (2.76 kg)		
Warranty	3 years parts & labor		
Dual Process	Input		
Two Inputs	Two non-isolated inputs, each separately		
	field selectable:		
	0-20, 4-20 mA, ±10 V (0-5, 1-5, 0-10 V),		
Channels	Modbus PV (Slave)		
Citatilleis	Channel A, Channel B, Channel C (Math channel)		
Programmable	Constant P (Adder): -99.999 to 999.999,		
Constants	default: 0.000		
	Constant F (Factor): 0.001 to 999.999,		
A	default: 1.000		
Accuracy	±0.03% of calibrated span ±1 count, square root & programmable exponent		
	accuracy		
	range: 10-100% of calibrated span		
Temperature	0.005% of calibrated span/°C max from 0		
Drift	to 65°C ambient,		
	0.01% of calibrated span/°C max from -40		
	to 0°C ambient		

Signal Input	Linear, squa	are root, programma	able
Conditioning	exponent, or round horizontal tank volume		
	calculation		
Math	Name	Function	Setting
Functions	Addition	(A+B+P)*F	Sunn
	Difference	(A-B+P)*F	d iF
	Absolute diff	f. ((Abs(A-B))+P)*F	d iFR65
	Average	(((A+B)/2)+P)*F	RUG
	Multiplication	n ((A*B)+P)*F	חיטבל י
	Division	((A/B)+P)*F	عام، نا، ک
	Max of A or	B ((AB-Hi)+P)*F	H :-86
		B ((AB-Lo)+P)*F	Lo-Ab
	Draw	((A/B)-1)*F	drRuu
	Weighted av	/g. ((B-A)*F)+A	BUG دن
	Ratio	(A/B)*F	rRt 10
	Ratio 2	((B-A)/A)+P)*F	rRt 102
	Concentration	on (A/(A+B))*F	ConcEn
		constant can be an	v value from
		9.999. If the value is	
	it will have ti	he same effect as a	divider. For
		e average could also	
-		+B)*F, where F = 0.5	500.
Sequence of		Input for A and B	
Operations for		the engineering uni	ts for A, B,
Input	and C		
Programming	•	decimal point for A,	B, and C
	•	m A & B	_
		the displays for A, E	
		the transfer function	for A & B
	(e.g. Lii		
		Math function for Cl	
		m constants for Fac	tor (F) and
	Adder (A and D
Multi-Point		m cutoff values for A	
Linearization	2 to 32 poin	ts for channel A and	ав
	1.0001 to 2.	0000	
Exponent	1.0001 to 2.	3333	
Low-Flow	0-999999 (0	disables cutoff fun	ction)
Cutoff	0 000000 (0	alcables satell fall	ouon,
Decimal Point	Up to five de	ecimal places or no	ne:
		1ddd, d.ddd, d.dd, d	
	dddddd	ı	
Calibration	Input	Minimum Span Inp	ut 1 & Input
Range	Range	2	
	4-20 mA	0.15 mA	
	±10 V	0.01 V	
		ssage will appear if	
		signals are too clos	
Input		ges: greater than 50	
Impedance		ges: 50 - 100Ω (de	pending on
		use impedance)	
Input Overload	Current inpu	ut protected by rese	ttable fuse,
		x. Fuse resets auto	matically
E4 Dimit d	after fault is		II.
F4 Digital		contact. Connect n	
Input Contacts	open contac	cts across F4 to CO	IVI.

F4 Digital Input Logic	Logic High: 3 to 5 VDC Logic Low: 0 to 1.25 VDC
Levels	
Relays	
Rating	2 or 4 SPDT (Form C) internal and/or 4
	SPST (Form A) external; rated 3 A @ 30
	VDC and 125/250 VAC resistive load; 1/14 HP (≈ 50 W) @ 125/250 VAC for
	inductive loads
Noise	Noise suppression is recommended for
Suppression	each relay contact switching inductive
• •	loads; seé page 15 for details.
Deadband	0-100% of span, user programmable
High Or Low	User may program any alarm for high or
Alarm	low trip point.
	Unused alarm LEDs and relays may be
Polov	disabled (turn off).
Relay Operation	Automatic (non-latching) and/or manual
ορειαιίστι	reset
	Latching (requires manual acknowledge)
	with/without clear
	Pump alternation control (2 to 4 relays)
	Sampling (based on time)
	Off (disable unused relays and enable
	Interlock feature)
D. L. D. 1	Manual on/off control mode
Relay Reset	User selectable via front panel buttons
	or digital inputs
	1. Automatic reset only (non-latching), when the input passes the reset
	point.
	Automatic + manual reset at any time
	(non-latching)
	3. Manual reset only, at any time
	(latching)
	4. Manual reset only after alarm
	condition has cleared (latching)
	Note: Front panel button or digital input
	may be assigned to acknowledge
	relays programmed for manual
Time Delay	O to 200 0 seconds on 8 off relay time
Time Delay	0 to 999.9 seconds, on & off relay time delays
	Programmable and independent for
	each relay
Fail-Safe	Programmable and independent for
Operation	each relay.
	Note: Relay coil is energized in non-
	alarm condition. In case of power
A 4 -	failure, relay will go to alarm state.
Auto Initialization	When power is applied to the meter,
เบเนสแผสแอก	relays will reflect the state of the input to the meter.
1 (1 (5	
	mA Transmitter Output
Output Source	Input channels A or B, rate, total, or grand
	total; channel C; max or min for channel A
	or B; highest or lowest max or min of A
	and B; set points 1-4; Modbus input; or manual control mode
Scaling Range	1.000 to 23.000 mA for any display range
Calibration	Factory calibrated: 4.000 to 20.000 = 4-20
Calibi atitili	mA output
Analog Out	23.000 mA maximum for all parameters:
	-0.000 millionalina in all paramotolos.

Programming	Overrange, underrange, max, min, and break		
Accuracy	± 0.1% of spar	n ± 0.004 m	ıA
Temperature	0.4 μA/°C max from 0 to 65°C ambient,		
Drift [']	0.8 μA/°C max from -40 to 0°C ambient		
	Note: Analog	output drift	is separate from
	input drift.		
Isolated	Terminals I+ & R: 24 VDC ± 10%. May be		
Transmitter			nA output or other
Power Supply			21 on page 19. All
	models rated @		IX.
External Loop	35 VDC maxin	num	
Power Supply		ı	
Output Loop Resistance	Power supply	Minimum	Maximum
Resistance	24 VDC	10 Ω	700 Ω
	35 VDC	100 Ω	1200 Ω
	(external)		
RS485 Serial	Communica	itions Ter	minal
Compatibility	EIA-485		
Connectors	Removable so	rew termin	al connector
Max Distance	3,937' (1,200)	m) max	
Status			r (P), Transmit
Indication	(TX), and Rec	eive (RX)	
Modbus® RTl			col
Slave Id	1 – 247 (Mete	r address)	
Baud Rate	300 – 19,200		
Transmit Time Delay	Programmable	e between (0 and 199 ms
Data	8 bit (1 start bi	it, 1 or 2 sto	op bits)
Parity	Even, Odd, or	None with	1 or 2 stop bits
Byte-To-Byte Timeout	0.01 – 2.54 se	cond	•
Turn Around Delay	Less than 2 ms (fixed)		
Note: Refer to th	ne Modbus Red	ister Table	S
for details.			
Digital Input 8	•		
Channels	4 digital inputs	s & 4 digital	outputs
Digital Input Logic High	3 to 5 VDC		
Digital Input Logic Low	0 to 1.25 VDC	;	
Digital Output Logic High	3.1 to 3.3 VD0		
Digital Output Logic Low	0 to 0.4 VDC		
Source Current	10 mA maxim	um output o	current
Sink Current	1.5 mA minim		
	To be used as	pull-up for	digital inputs
	only. Connect normally open pushbuttons		
	across +5 V & DI 1-4.		
+5 V Terminal			se +5 V terminal xternal devices.
	MANING		

Compliance Information

Safety

UL & C-UL Listed	USA & Canada
	UL 508 Industrial Control Equipment (United States),
	C22.2 No. 142 (Canadian National Standard)
UL File Number	E160849
Front Panel	UL Type 4X, NEMA 4X, IP65
Low Voltage Directive	EN 61010-1:2010
	Safety requirements for measurement, control, and laboratory use

Safety Information



Caution: Read complete instructions prior to installation and operation of the meter.



Warning: Risk of electric shock or personal injury.



Hazardous voltages exist within enclosure. Installation and service should be performed only by trained service personnel.

Installation

There is no need to open the clear plastic front cover in order to complete the installation, wiring, and setup of the meter. All programming is done through the buttons and switches located under the lower door panel and are accessible by removing the single securing screw. Wires should be run through the knockout holes located on the bottom of the meter.

There are a total of four pre-drilled conduit entry holes located at the bottom of the meter. If the need to drill additional holes arises, make sure you will have the clearance necessary for conduit mounting hardware.

Do not disconnect the RJ45 connector found on the right side of the meter wiring board. Doing so will disable the onboard digital I/O, RS-485 serial communications, and M-Link functionality.

Instructions are provided for changing the transmitter power supply to output 5 or 10 VDC instead of 24 VDC, see page 11.

Unpacking

Remove the meter from box. Inspect the packaging and contents for damage. Report damages, if any, to the carrier. If any part is missing or the meter malfunctions, please contact your supplier or the factory for assistance.

Wall Mounting Instructions

The meter can be mounted to any wall using the four provided mounting holes. Note that the bottom mounting holes are located underneath the front door panel. To mount the meter to a wall, follow these instructions.

- 1. Prepare a section of wall approximately 11" x 13" (280 mm x 330 mm) for meter mounting by marking with a pencil the mounting holes (shown in the image to the right) on the wall.
- 2. Using a drill bit slightly smaller than the girth of the mounting screws, pre-drill holes at the mounting locations previously marked.
- Insert mounting screws into the four mounting holes and screw them into the pre-drilled holes. Do not overtighten the mounting screws as it is possible that the enclosure could crack and become damaged.

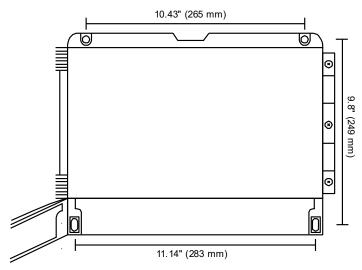


Figure 1. Meter Mounting Holes

Mounting Dimensions

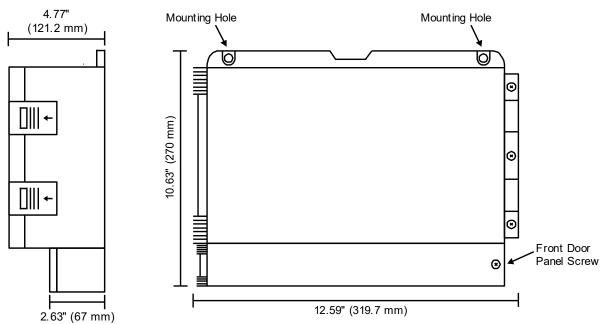


Figure 2. Meter Dimensions - Side View

Figure 3. Meter Dimensions - Front View

Pipe Mounting Instructions

The meter can also be mounted to a pipe using the optional pipe mounting kit (PDA6260). This kit includes two mounting plates, two U-bolts, and the necessary nuts and bolts. To mount the meter to a pipe using the pipe mounting kit accessory, follow these instructions.

- Secure the mounting plates to the top and bottom (for vertical pipes) or left and right (for horizontal pipes) of the reverse side of the meter enclosure using the provided fasteners. Do not overtighten the fasteners as it could cause damage to the enclosure.
- Using the provided nuts and U-bolts, secure the mounting plates to the pipe enough torque such that the meter cannot be moved up or down (or side to side).

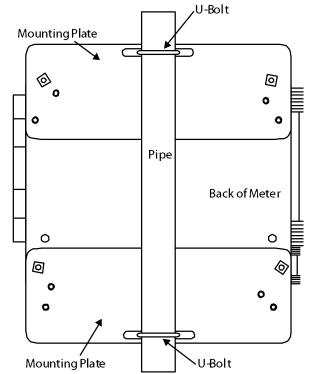


Figure 4. Vertical Pipe Mount Assembly

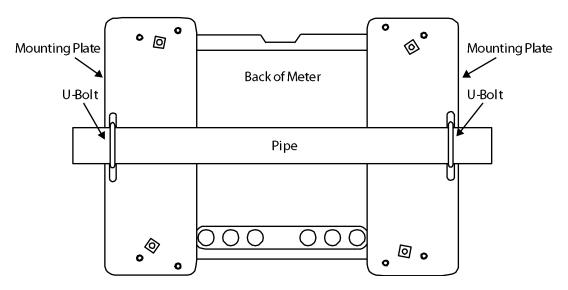


Figure 5. Horizontal Pipe Mount Assembly

Transmitter Supply Voltage Selection (P+, P-)

All meters, including models equipped with the 12-24 VDC power option, are shipped from the factory configured to provide 24 VDC power for the transmitter or sensor.

If the transmitter requires 5 or 10 VDC excitation, the switch labeled P+/P- must be configured accordingly.

To access the voltage selection jumper:

- 1. Unplug the meter power.
- 2. Unscrew and open the front door panel.
- 3. Locate the P+/P- switch located in the center of the connections board (see diagram below).
- 4. Flip this switch into the appropriate position for the required transmitter excitation.

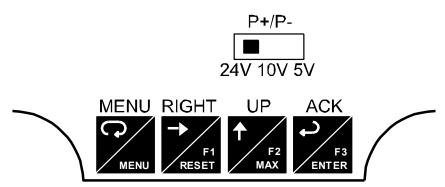


Figure 6. Transmitter Supply Voltage Selection

Connections

All connections are made to screw terminal connectors located under the front door panel. Remove the single securing screw in order to access the wiring terminals.



Caution

Use copper wire with 60°C or 60/75°C insulation for all line voltage connections. Observe all safety regulations. Electrical wiring should be performed in accordance with all applicable national, state, and local codes to prevent damage to the meter and ensure personnel safety.

Connectors Labeling

The connectors' label, affixed to the inside of the lower door panel, shows the location of all connectors available with requested configuration.



Do not connect any equipment other than Precision Digital's expansion modules, cables, or meters to the RJ45 M-LINK connector. Otherwise damage will occur to the equipment and the meter.

Do not disconnect the RJ45 connector located to the left of the power terminal block. Doing so will disable the onboard digital I/O, RS-485 serial communications, and M-Link functionality.

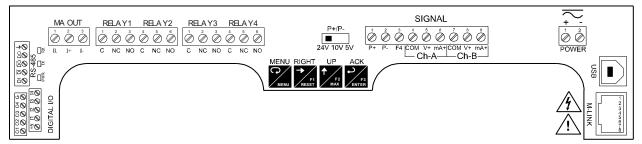


Figure 7. Connector Labeling for Fully Loaded PD2-6060

Power Connections

Power connections are made to a two-terminal connector labeled POWER on Figure 7 on page 13. The meter will operate regardless of DC polarity connection. The + and - symbols are only a suggested wiring convention.

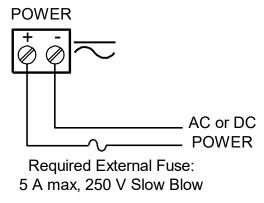


Figure 8. Power Connections

Signal Connections

Signal connections are made to a nine-terminal connector labeled SIGNAL on Figure 7. The COM (common) terminals are the return for the 4-20 mA and the ±10 V input signals. The two COM terminals connect to the same common return, and are not isolated.

Current and Voltage Connections

The following figures show examples of current and voltage connections.

There are no switches or jumpers to set up for current and voltage inputs. Setup and programming is performed through the front panel buttons.

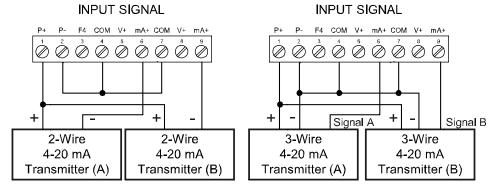


Figure 9. Transmitters Powered by Internal Supply

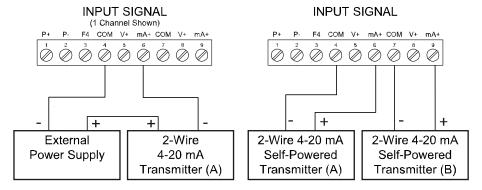


Figure 10. Transmitter Powered by Ext. Supply or Self-Powered

The current input is protected against current overload by a resettable fuse. The display may or may not show a fault condition depending on the nature of the overload.

The fuse limits the current to a safe level when it detects a fault condition, and automatically resets itself when the fault condition is removed.

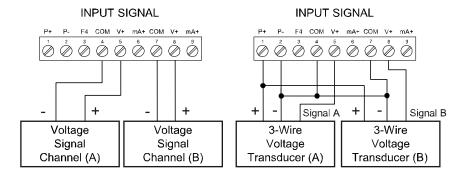


Figure 11. Voltage Input Connections

The meter is capable of accepting any voltage from -10 VDC to +10 VDC.

Modbus RTU Serial Communications

Serial communications connection can be made to the onboard RS485 terminal block or USB connector shown in Figure 7. If RS232 is required, an RS485 to RS232 adapter (PDA7485) may be used. See Ordering Information on page 5 for additional information.

Relay Connections

Relay connections are made to two sixterminal connectors labeled RELAY1 -RELAY4 on Figure 7. Each relay's C terminal is common only to the normally open (NO) and normally closed (NC) contacts of the corresponding relay. The relays' C terminals should not be confused with the COM (common) terminal of the INPUT SIGNAL connector.

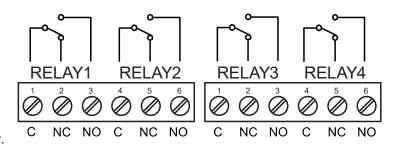


Figure 12. Relay Connections

Switching Inductive Loads

The use of suppressors (snubbers) is strongly recommended when switching inductive loads to prevent disrupting the microprocessor's operation. The suppressors also prolong the life of the relay contacts. Suppression can be obtained with resistor-capacitor (RC) networks assembled by the user or purchased as complete assemblies. Refer to the following circuits for RC network assembly and installation:

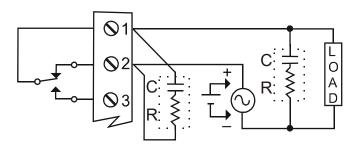


Figure 13. AC and DC Loads Protection

Choose R and C as follows:

R: 0.5 to 1 Ω for each volt across the contacts

C: 0.5 to 1 µF for each amp through closed contacts

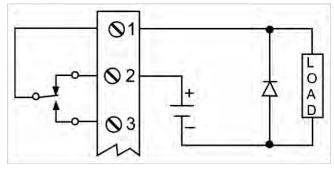


Figure 14. Low Voltage DC Loads Protection

RC Networks Available from Precision Digital

RC networks are available from Precision Digital and should be applied to each relay contact switching an inductive load. Part number: PDX6901.

Note: Relays are de-rated to 1/14th HP (50 watts) with an inductive load.

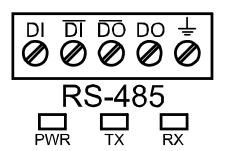
Notes:

- 1. Use capacitors rated for 250 VAC.
- 2. RC networks may affect load release time of solenoid loads. Check to confirm proper operation.
- 3. Install the RC network at the meter's relay screw terminals. An RC network may also be installed across the load. Experiment for best results.

Use a diode with a reverse breakdown voltage two to three times the circuit voltage and forward current at least as large as the load current.

RS485 Output Connections

An RS-485 connector is provided for the use of advanced Modbus® serial communications. This connector converts the serial output of the meter to balanced, full or half-duplex RS-485 signals. It has a removable screw terminal connector for the RS-485 terminals which includes Transmit Data (DO) and (/DO), Receive Data (DI) and (/DI), and Signal Ground. Baud rates are adjustable and handled by the meter (see Modbus RTU Serial Communications on page 49 for more information).



The RS-485 connector has three diagnostic LEDs: a Power (PWR)

LED to show when the adapter is powered properly, a Transmit Data (TX) LED to show when the adapter is sending data out from the PC side, and a Receive Data (RX) LED to show when the adapter is receiving data from the meter.

Installation

Figure 15 shows the connection of a meter to a PC using the RS485 output connector and a PDA7485 RS-232 to RS-422/485 converter in an RS-422 network. Figure 16 shows the connection of several meters to a PC using a PDA7485 RS-232 to RS-422/485 converter in an RS-485 network.

When using more than one meter in a multi-drop mode, each meter must be provided with its own unique address. The meter address (Slave ID) may be programmed between 1 and 247. The transmit delay may be set between 0 and 199 ms. The parity can be set to even, odd, or none with 1 or 2 stop bits.

To change the meter address:

- 1. Press and hold the **Menu** button for three seconds to access *Advanced Features* menu of the meter.
- 2. Press **Up** arrow until Serial (5Er ,RL) menu is displayed and press **Enter**, Rddr E5 is displayed.
- 3. Press Enter to change meter address using Right and Up arrow buttons. Press Enter to accept.
- 4. Press **Menu** button to exit and return to Run Mode.

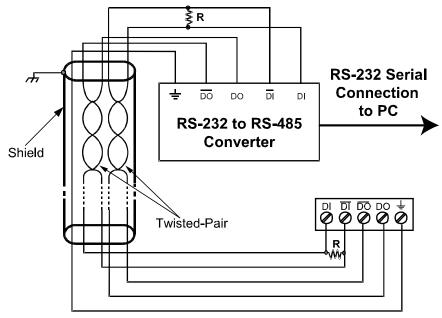


Figure 15. RS-422 or RS-485 Wiring

Notes:

- 1. Termination resistors are optional and values depend on the cable length and characteristic impedance. Consult the cable manufacturer for recommendations.
- 2. Refer to RS-232 to RS-422/485 Converter documentation for further details.
- 3. Use shielded cable, twisted-pairs plus ground. Connect ground shield only at one location.

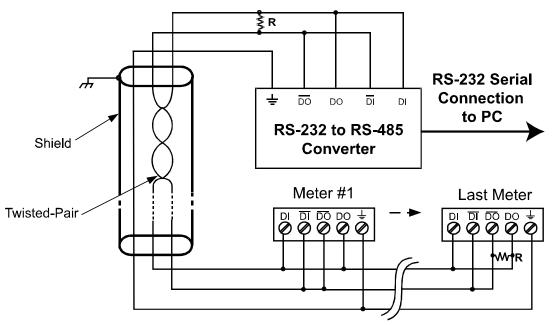


Figure 16. RS-485 Two-Wire Multi-Drop Wiring

Notes:

- 1. Termination resistors are optional and values depend on the cable length and characteristic impedance. Consult the cable manufacturer for recommendations.
- 2. Refer to RS-232 to RS-485 Converter documentation for further details.
- 3. Use shielded cable, twisted-pair plus ground. Connect ground shield only at one location.

Connections

Figure 17 details the wiring connections from the RS-485 connector to an RS-422/485 serial converter (such as the PDA7485 or PDA8485) for a four-wire network.

RS485 Connector to RS-422/485 Serial Converter Connections		
RS-422/485 Serial	PDA1485 RS-485	
Converter	Adapter	
ᅷ	-	
DO	DI	
DO	DI	
DI	DO	
DI	DO	

Figure 17. Connections for RS485 Connector to Serial Converter

Three Wire Connection

In order to wire the 5 pins for use as a 3-wire half-duplex RS-485 connection, it is necessary to create a jumper connection between DI – DO and DI – DO- as shown below.

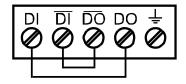


Figure 18. Three-Wire RS485 Connection

Digital I/O Connections

Digital inputs and outputs are provided in order to expand the functionality of the meter. Digital inputs are made via a push button or switch connection to the appropriate digital input connector block and the +5 VDC block. Digital output connections are made by wiring from the appropriate digital output block to the grounding terminal block.

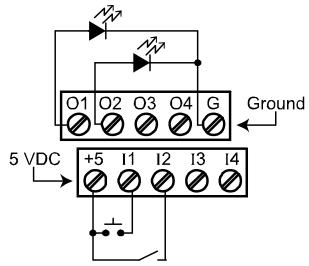


Figure 19. Digital Input and Output Connections

F4 Digital Input Connections

Digital input F4 is also available on the meter. This digital input is connected with a normally open contact across F4 and COM, or with an active low signal applied to F4.

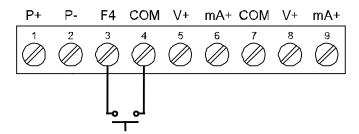


Figure 20. F4 Digital Input Connections

4-20 mA Output Connections

Connections for the 4-20 mA transmitter output are made to the connector terminals labeled MA OUT. The 4-20 mA output may be powered internally or from an external power supply.

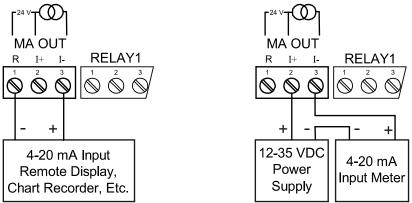


Figure 21. 4-20 mA Output Connections

Analog Output Transmitter Power Supply

The internal 24 VDC power supply powering the analog output may be used to power other devices, if the analog output is not used. The I+ terminal is the +24 V and the R terminal is the return.

Interlock Relay Feature

As the name implies, the interlock relay feature reassigns one, or more, alarm/control relays for use as interlock relay(s). Interlock contact(s) are wired to digital input(s) and trigger the interlock relay. This feature is enabled by configuring the relay, and relative digital input(s) (see page 42). In one example, dry interlock contacts are connected in series to one digital input which will be used to force on (energize) the assigned interlock power relay when all interlock contacts are closed (safe). The interlock relay front panel LED flashes when locked out. The interlock relay would be wired in-series with the load (N/O contact). See below.

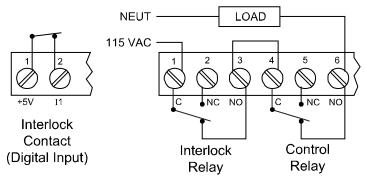


Figure 22. Interlock Connections

External Analog Output Connection

The analog out expansion module PDA1011 is connected to the scanner using a CAT5 cable provided with the module. The two RJ45 connectors on the I/O expansion module are identical and interchangeable; they are used to connect additional modules to the system. See LIM1044, Expansion Module Instruction Manual, for details.



Do not connect or disconnect the expansion modules with the power on! More detailed instructions are provided with each optional expansion module.

Setup and Programming

The meter is factory calibrated prior to shipment to read in milliamps and volts depending on the input selection. The calibration equipment is certified to NIST standards.

Overview

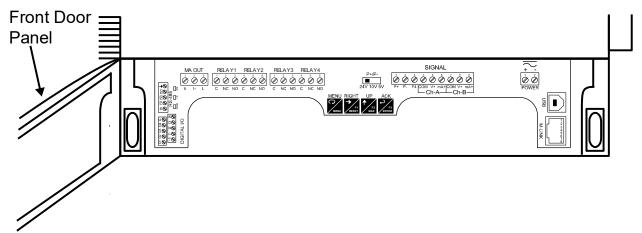
There are no jumpers to set for the meter input selection.

Setup and programming are done through the programming buttons located under the front door panel. After power and input signal connections have been completed and verified, apply power to the meter.



Programming Buttons and Status LED Indicators

The meter can be programmed using the buttons located behind the front door panel. Use the *Menu* button to enter or exit *Programming Mode*, the *Up Arrow* button to cycle through menu options, and the *Enter* button to select the menu item or option you want. The *Right Arrow* button is used during numeric and decimal point programming.



Button Symbol	Description	
MENU MENU	Menu	
RIGHT F1 RESET	Right arrow/F1	
T F2 MAX	Up arrow/F2	
ACK F3 ENTER	Acknowledge (Enter)/F3	
Note: F4 – F8 are digital inputs.		

LED	Status
1-4	Alarm 1-4 indicator
1-4 M	Flashing: Relay in manual control mode
A B C	Channel displayed Flashing: Tare
1-4	Flashing: Relay interlock switch open
Note: LEDs f	or relays in manual mode flash with the "M"

LEDs for relays in manual mode flash with the "M" LED every 10 seconds. "M" flashing by itself indicates Aout – manual control is used.

- Press the Menu button to enter or exit the Programming Mode at any time.
- Press the Right arrow button to move to the next digit during digit or decimal point programming.
- Press or hold the Up arrow button to scroll through the menus, decimal point, or to increment the value of a digit.
- Press the Enter button to access a menu or to accept a setting.
- Press and hold the Menu button for three seconds to access the advanced features of the meter.

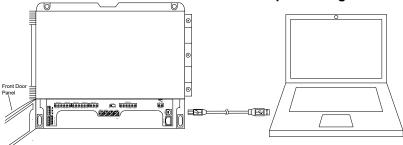
MeterView® Pro Software

The meter can also be programmed using the PC-based MeterView Pro software included with the meter. This software is can be installed on any Microsoft® Windows® (2000/XP/Vista/7/8/10) computer by connecting the meter's onboard USB. The meter is powered by the USB connection, so there is no need to wire anything prior to programming the meter, though USB is intended only for meter configuration.

MeterView Pro Installation

1. Connect one end of the provided USB cable to the meter and the other end to the computer. The computer will automatically install the driver software it needs to talk to the meter.

Only one meter may be connected at a time. Attaching multiple meters will cause a conflict with the meter software. Disconnect other meters before performing these steps.



- 2. Once the driver is installed, an AutoPlay dialog should appear for the drive "MAINSTAL." Click "Open folder to view files." If the computer does not display an AutoPlay dialog for the drive "MAINSTAL," you should open My Computer and doubleclick on the drive labeled "MAINSTAL."
- 3. Double-click on the file named "MAStart." The program will open a few windows and install two programs on your computer. Simply follow the onscreen instructions until you see one of the dialogs below. If you receive a "User Account Control" warning, click "Yes."
- 4. If there is an update available, click the "Update" button to install the new version. Otherwise, click "Configure" to begin programming your meter.









Note: If you decide to update your MeterView Pro software, once the installation has completed, you will be asked if you want to update the setup files located on the meter itself. This way, you will always have the most current version on the meter for future installs.



Do not unplug the meter while the new installation files are being written to it. The meter will display user iEE during the process and you will receive an onscreen notification once the process is complete.

Data logging for one meter at a time is available with MeterView Pro software. More advanced data acquisition may be accomplished by using any Modbus RTU compliant software. Additional information regarding configuration and monitoring of the meter using MeterView Pro software is available online.

Display Functions & Messages

The meter displays various functions and messages during setup, programming, and operation. The following table shows the main menu functions and messages in the order they appear in the menu.

Display	Parameter	Action/Setting Description	Display	Parameter	Action/Setting Description
SEŁuP	Setup	Enter Setup menu	Error	Error	Error, calibration not
InPut	Input	Enter <i>Input</i> selection menu			successful, check signal or
[h-A*	Channel A	Set input type for channel A (*or B)	dSPLRY	Display	Enter the <i>Display</i>
רח מ	4-20 mA	Set meter for 4-20 mA input	L inE 1	Display	Press Enter to
UoLE	0-10 VDC	Set meter for ±10 VDC input		Line 1	assign the display line 1 parameter (default: PV)
טה 165	Units	Select the display units/tags	LinE 2	Display Line 2	Press Enter to assign the display
[h-A*	Channel A	Set unit or tag for channel A (*or B, C)			line 2 parameter (default: engineering units)
dEc Pt	Decimal point	Set decimal point	d [h-R	Display Ch- A	Assign display to channel A
[h-A*	Decimal point	Set decimal point for channel A (*or	d [h-b	Display Ch- B	Assign display to channel B
Proū	Program	B, C) Enter the <i>Program</i>	d [h-[Display Ch- C	Assign display to channel C (math)
InERL	Input	Enter the <i>Input</i>	д ЯБ	Display AB	Alternate display of channel A & B
[h-A*	calibration Channel A	Calibration menu Set input type for channel A (*or B)	4 8C	Display AC	Alternate display of channel A & C
SCAL A*	Scale 1	Enter the Scale menu for channel A	д Р[Display BC	Alternate display of channel B & C
CAL A*	Calibrate	(*or B) Enter the	9 BPC	Display ABC	Alternate display of channel A, B, & C
בווב ווי	Calibrate	Calibration menu for channel A (*or B)	d 5EL I*	Display set 1*	Displays relay 1(*through 8) set point.
InP I	Input 1	Calibrate input 1 signal or program	4 H 1-8	Display high A	Display high value o
d .5 1	Display 1	input 1 value Program display 1	d Lo-A	Display low A	Display low value of channel A
InP 2	Input 2	value Calibrate input 2 signal or program	d HL-R	Display hi/low A	Alternate between high/low value of channel A
d 15 2	Dianta: 2	input 2 value (up to 32 points)	d H 1-P	Display high B	Display high value of channel B
ביט ב	Display 2	Program display 2 value (up to 32 points)	d Lo-b	Display low B	Display low value of channel B
		,,	d HL-b	Display high/low B	Alternate between high/low value of channel B

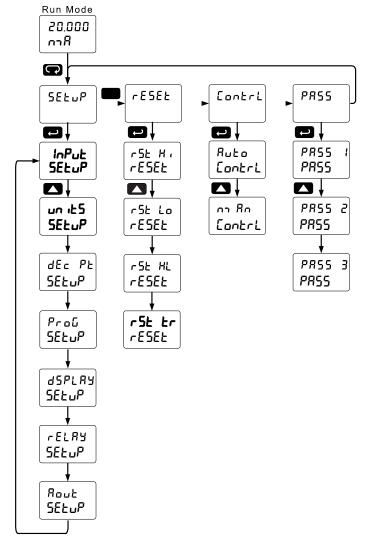
Display	Parameter	Action/Setting Description	Display	Parameter	Action/Setting Description
9 H '-[Display high C	Display high value of channel C	Ruto	Automatic	Set relay for automatic reset
d Lo-C	Display low C	Display low value of channel C	R-naRn	Auto- manual	Set relay for automatic & manual reset any
d HL-C	Display high/low C	Alternate between high/low value of channel C	LRECH	Latching	time Set relay for
d A-u	Display A and units/tags	Alternate display of channel A and the unit/tag	LE-CLr	Latching- cleared	Set relay for latching operation with manual reset
d b-u	Display B and units/tags	Alternate display of channel B and the unit/tag			only after alarm condition has cleared
d [-u	Display B and	Alternate display of channel C and the	ALEEro	Alternate	Set relay for pump alternation control
A Gros	units/tags Display A	unit/tag Display input	SAnnPL	Sampling	Set relay for sampling operation
	gross	channel A gross (no tare)	OFF	Off	Disable relay and front panel status
A nt-ū	Display A net and gross	Alternate display of channel A net (tare) and gross (no tare)			LED (Select Off to enable Interlock feature)
b Gro5	Display B gross	Display input channel B gross (no	SEŁ /	Set 1	Program set point 1
		tare)	r5t 1	Reset 1	Program reset point
b ∩t-0	Display B net and	Alternate display of channel B net (tare)	LFA 5	Relay 2	Relays 2-4 setup
nn bu5	gross	and gross (no tare)	FR iLSF	Fail-safe	Enter <i>Fail-safe</i> menu
	Display Modbus	Display Modbus input register	FLS I	Fail-safe 1	Set relay 1 fail-safe operation
d oFF	Display off	Display blank little display	٥٥	On	Enable fail-safe operation
ם חטיך	Display unit	Display big display channel units	oFF	Off	Disable fail-safe operation
d- InEY	Display intensity	Set display intensity level from 1 to 8	FLS 2	Fail-safe 2	Set relays 2-8 fail- safe operation
rELRY	Relay	Enter the <i>Relay</i> menu	4ET BA	Delay	Enter relay <i>Time</i> <i>Delay</i> menu
855 iGn	Assignmen t	Assign relays to channels or	qFA 1	Delay 1	Enter relay 1 time delay setup
		Modbus	On 1	On 1	Set relay 1 On time delay
85 (Gn 1	Assign 1	Relay 1 assignment	OFF I	Off 1	Set relay 1 Off time
€h-A*	Channel A*	Assign relay to channel A (*or B,	9FA S	Delay 2	delay Enter relays 2-8
лл Би 5	Modbus	C) Assign relay to Modbus register	ьгЕЯН	Loop break	time delay setup Set relay condition
rLY I	Relay 1	Relay 1 setup		•	if loop break
Act 1	Action 1	Set relay 1 action			detected

Display	Parameter	Action/Setting Description	Display	Parameter	Action/Setting Description
ιδnorξ	Ignore	Ignore loop break condition	rSE H i	Reset high	Press Enter to reset max display
		(Processed as a low signal	r5t Lo	Reset low	Press Enter to reset min display
<u> </u>	On	condition) Relay goes to alarm condition	rSE HL	Reset high & low	Press Enter to reset max & min displays
		when loop break is detected	r5t tr	Reset tare	Reset tare
OFF OFF	Off	Relay goes to non-	Contrl	Control	Enter Control menu
_	On.	alarm condition when loop break is detected	Ruto	Automatic	Press Enter to set meter for automatic operation
Rout	Analog output	Enter the <i>Analog</i> output scaling menu	na An	Manual	Press Enter to manually control relays or analog output operation
A0u£ 1*	Aout channel	Analog Output source channel (*1 – 3)	PRSS	Password	Enter the <i>Password</i> menu
d .5 1	Display 1	Program display 1 value	PRSS I	Password 1	Set or enter Password 1
Out 1	Output 1	Program output 1 value (e.g. 4.000	PRSS 2	Password 2	Set or enter Password 2
d .5 2	Display 2	mA) Program display 2	PRSS 3	Password 3	Set or enter Password 3
Out 2	Output 2	value Program output 2	nuroc	Unlocked	Program password to lock meter
		value (e.g. 20.000 mA)	Locd	Locked	Enter password to unlock meter
rESEŁ	Reset	Press Enter to access the <i>Reset</i> menu	999999 -99999	Flashing	Over/under range condition

Main Menu

The main menu consists of the most commonly used functions: Setup, Reset, Control, and Password.

- Press Menu button to enter Programming Mode then press the Up arrow button to scroll main menu.
- Press Menu, at any time, to exit and return to Run Mode. Changes made to settings prior to pressing Enter are not saved.
- Changes to the settings are saved to memory only after pressing Enter/F3.
- The display moves to the next menu every time a setting is accepted by pressing Enter/F3.



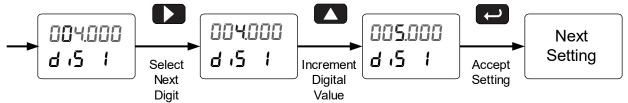
Setting Numeric Values

The numeric values are set using the Right and Up arrow buttons. Press Right arrow to select next digit and Up arrow to increment digit value.

The digit being changed is displayed brighter than the rest.

Press and hold up arrow to auto-increment the display value.

Press the Enter button, at any time, to accept a setting or Menu button to exit without saving changes.

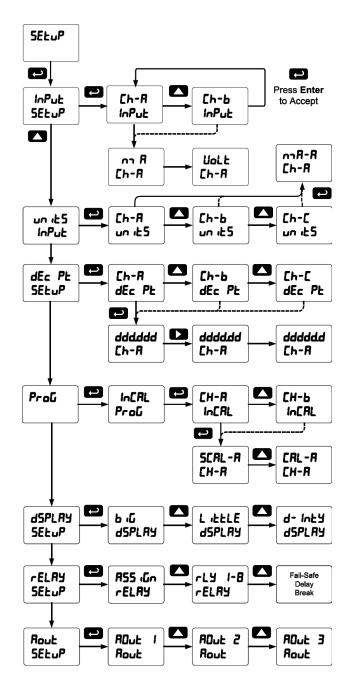


Setting up the Meter (5ELuP)

The Setup menu is used to select:

- 1. Input signal the meter will accept for channel A and channel B
- 2. Units for A. B. and C
- 3. Decimal point position for A, B, and C
- 4. Program the meter using the Scale or Calibrate functions
- 5. Display parameter and intensity
- 6. Relay assignment and operation
- 7. 4-20 mA analog output scaling

Press the Enter button to access any menu or press Up arrow button to scroll through choices. Press the Menu button to exit at any time.



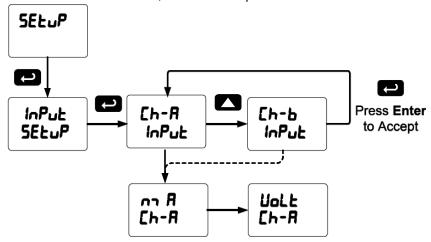
Setting the Input Signal (InPut)

Enter the *Input* menu to set up the meter to display current (nn R) or voltage (UoLE) inputs for channel A and channel B.

The current input is capable of accepting any signal from 0 to 20 mA. Select current input to accept 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA signals.

The voltage input is capable of accepting any signal from -10 to +10 VDC. Select voltage input to accept 0-5, 1-5, 0-10, or ± 10 VDC signals.

Channel C is the Math Function calculation, which is set up in the Advanced Features menu.



Set **d-SCAL** to no if both displays are to be used for anything other than PV1 & PV2.

Setting the Input Units or Custom Tags (un 15)

Enter the input unit or custom tag that will be displayed if d unit is selected as the little display parameter. See the flow chart on page 32 to access the display menu to show the unit or tag on the little display. The engineering units or custom legends can be set using the following 7-segment character set:

	0 0
Display	Character
0	0
1	1
2	2
2 3 4	3
	4
5 6	5
5	6
7	7
8	8
9	9
R	Α
ь	b

Display	Character
Ε	С
ב	С
d	d
E	E
1	F
ū	G
9	g
Н	Н
h	h
1	I
1	i
7	J

Display	Character
Н	K
L	L
רח	m
n	n
0	0
0	0
P	Р
9	q
٦	r
5	S
Ł	t
u	u

Display	Character
Ц	V
רח	W
Н	Х
7	Υ
2	Z
-	-
ب	1
]
]	[
Ξ	=
0	Degree(<)
	Space

Notes:

Degree symbol represented by (<) if programming with MeterView® Pro.

The letters "m" and "w" use two 7-segment LEDs each; when selected the characters to the right are shifted one position.

Press and hold up arrow to auto-scroll the characters in the display.

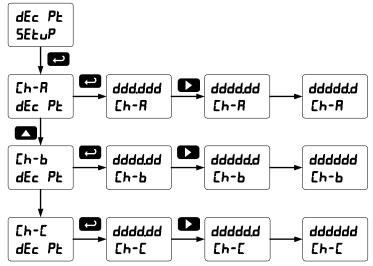
Setting the Decimal Point (dEc PL)

The decimal point may be set with up to five decimal places or with no decimal point at all.

Pressing the Right arrow moves the decimal point one place to the right until no decimal point is displayed, and then it moves to the leftmost position.

There are three decimal points to set up for three channels: Ch-A, Ch-B, and Ch-C.

After the decimal points are set up, the meter moves to the *Program* menu.



Programming the Meter (Prob)

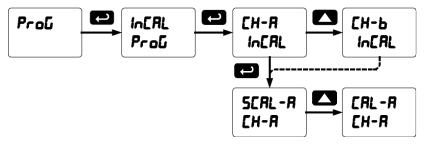
It is **very important** to read the following information, before proceeding to program the meter:

- The meter is factory calibrated prior to shipment to read in milliamps and volts depending on the input selection. The calibration equipment is certified to NIST standards.
- Use the *Scale* menu to scale the process input (e.g. 4-20 mA). A calibrated signal source is not needed to scale the meter.
- Use the *Calibrate* menu to apply a signal from a calibrator or a flowmeter.

The Program menu contains the Scale and the Calibrate menus for channels A & B.

The process inputs may be calibrated or scaled to any display value within the range of the meter.

Note: The Scale and Calibrate functions are exclusive of each other. The meter uses the last function programmed. Only one of these methods can be employed at a time. The Scale and Calibrate functions can use up to 32 points (default is 2). The number of points should be set in the Advanced Features menu under the Multi-Point Linearization (LineEfr) menu selection prior to scaling and calibration of the meter, see page 51 for details.



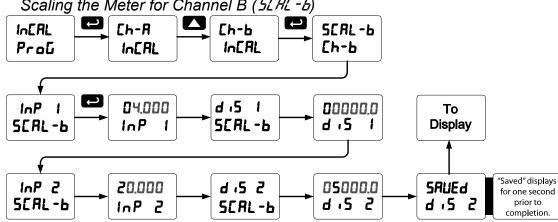
Multi-Point Linearization (L mEAr)

The process inputs may be calibrated or scaled to any display value within the range of the meter. The meter is set up at the factory for 2-point linear calibration. Up to 32 linearization points may be selected. See page 51 for details.

Scaling the Meter without a Signal Source

The process inputs (4-20 mA, ±10 VDC) can be scaled to display the process variables in engineering units. A signal source is not needed to scale the meter; simply program the inputs and corresponding display values.

Scaling the Meter for Channel A (5ERL -R) Eh-R InERL SERL R InEAL Eh-R ProG 04.000 InP 0.0000.0 [h-b d 15 1 InP InEAL SCAL-A 1 5[RL-R d 15 "Saved" displays 20.000 d 15 2 05000.0 SRUEd InP 2 for one second SERL-R 4 .5 2 InP 2 4 .5 2 prior to SERL-R Channel B Scaling the Meter for Channel B (5[RL -b) Eh-R Eh-b SERL-b InEAL



Error Message (Error)

An error message indicates that the calibration or scaling process was not successful.

After the error message is displayed, the meter reverts to the input prior to the failure during calibration or scaling and to input 1 during internal calibration, allowing the appropriate input signal to be applied or programmed.

The error message might be caused by any of the following conditions:

- 1. Input signal is not connected to the proper terminals or it is connected backwards.
- 2. Wrong signal selection in Setup menu.
- 3. Minimum input span requirements not maintained.
- 4. Input 1 signal inadvertently applied to calibrate input 2.

Minimum Input Span

The minimum input span is the minimum difference between input 1 and input 2 signals required to complete the calibration or scaling of the meter.

Input Range	Input 1 & Input 2 Span
4-20 mA	0.15 mA
±10 VDC	0.01 VDC



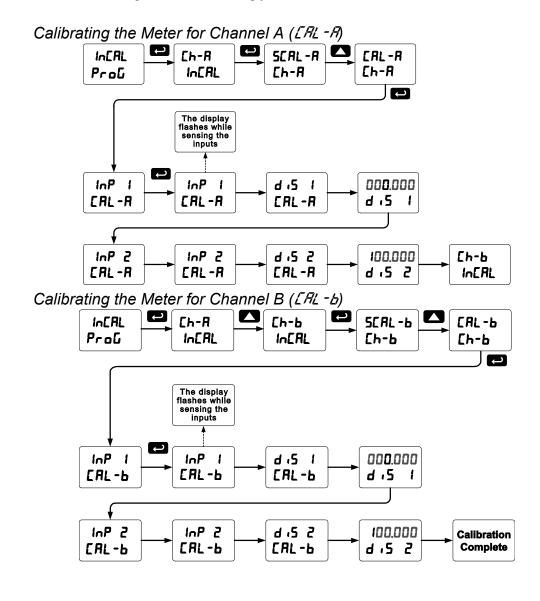
Calibrating the Meter with External Source ([RL)

Note: To scale the meter without a signal source refer to Scaling the Meter without a Signal Source, page 30.

Warm up the meter for at least 15 minutes before performing calibration to ensure specified accuracy.

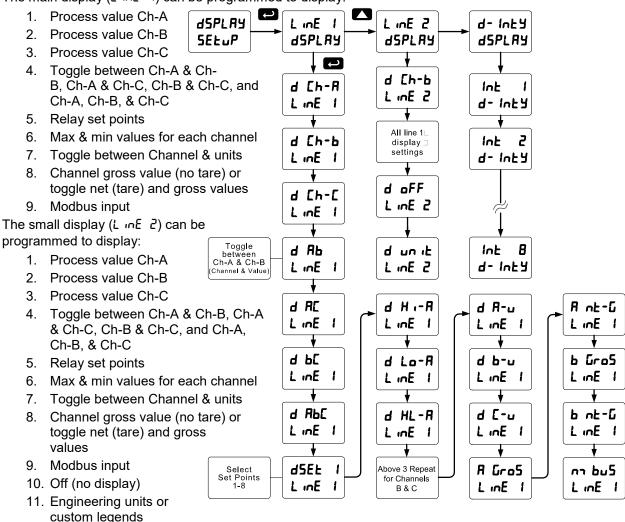
The meter can be calibrated to display the process variable in engineering units by applying the appropriate input signal and following the calibration procedure.

The use of a calibrated signal source is strongly recommended to calibrate the meter.



Setting the Display Parameter & Intensity (d5PLRY)

The main display (L in E 1) can be programmed to display:



Display Intensity: The meter has eight display intensity levels to give the best performance under various lighting conditions. Select intensity 8 for outdoor applications. The default intensity setting is 8.

After setting up the input and display, press the Menu button to exit programming and skip the rest of the setup menu.

The displays can be set up to read channels A, B, or C, toggle between A & B, B & C, A & C, A & B & C, toggle between channels A, B, or C & units, the max/min of any of the channels, including the math channel (C), set points, gross (without tare) or net (with tare) & gross values of channel A or B, or the Modbus input. In addition to the parameters available on the Upper display, the Lower display can display Engineering units or it could be turned off.

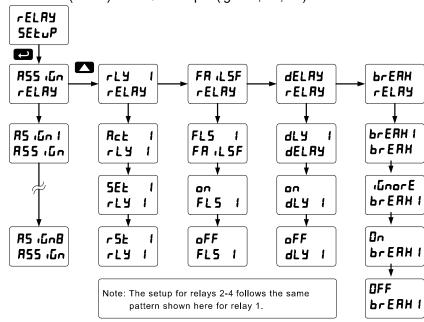
Setting the Relay Operation (rELAY)

This menu is used to set up the operation of the relays.



During setup, the relays do not follow the input and they will remain in the state found prior to entering the Relay menu.

- 1. Relay assignment
 - a. Channel A
 - b. Channel B
 - c. Channel C (Math channel)
 - d. Modbus
- 2. Relay action
 - a. Automatic reset only (non-latching)
 - b. Automatic + manual reset at any time (non-latching)
 - c. Latching (manual reset only)
 - d. Latching with Clear (manual reset only after alarm condition has cleared)
 - e. Pump alternation control (automatic reset only)
 - f. Sampling (the relay is activated for a user-specified time)
 - g. Off (relay state controlled by Interlock feature)
- 3. Set point
- 4. Reset point
- 5. Fail-safe operation
 - a. On (enabled)
 - b. Off (disabled)
- 6. Time delay
 - a. On delay (0-999.9 seconds)
 - b. Off delay (0-999.9 seconds)
- 7. Relay action for loss (break) of 4-20 mA input (ignore, on, off)



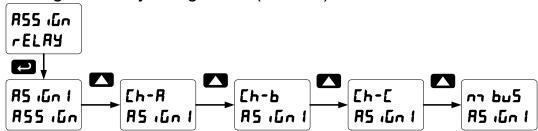
Ruto

Rct 1

A-nn An

Rct 1

Setting the Relay Assignment (#55 ເມັດ)



Setting the Relay Action

Operation of the relays is programmed in the *Action* menu. The relays may be set up for any of the following modes of operation:

- From Relay 1 Menu
- 1. Automatic reset (non-latching)
- 2. Automatic + manual reset at any time (non-latching)
- 3. Latching (manual reset only, at any time)
- 4. Latching with Clear (manual reset only after alarm condition has cleared)
- 5. Pump alternation control (automatic reset only)
- 6. Sampling (the relay is activated for a user-specified time)
- 7. Off (relay state controlled by Interlock feature)

The following graphic shows relay 1 action setup; relay 2-8 are set up in a similar fashion.

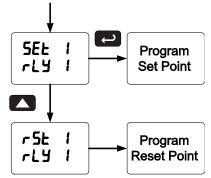
Programming Set and Reset Points

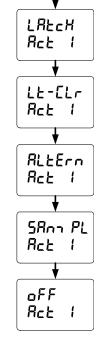
High alarm indication: program set point above reset point.

Low alarm indication: program set point below reset point.

The deadband is determined by the difference between set and reset points. Minimum deadband is one display count. If the set and reset points are programmed with the same value, the relay will reset one count below the set point.

Note: Changes are not saved until the reset point has been accepted.





Setting Fail-Safe Operation

In fail-safe mode of operation, the relay coil is energized when the process variable is within safe limits and the relay coil is de-energized when the alarm condition exists. The fail-safe operation is set independently for each relay. Select **an** to enable or select **aFF** to disable fail-safe operation.

Programming Time Delay

The *On* and *Off* time delays may be programmed for each relay between 0 and 999.9 seconds. The relays will transfer only after the condition has been maintained for the corresponding time delay.

The *On* time delay is associated with the set point.

The Off time delay is associated with the reset point.

Relay Action for Loss of 4-20 mA Input (Loop Break)

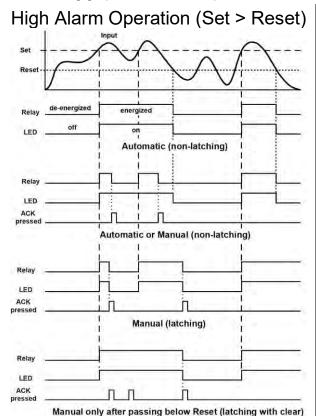
The loop break feature is associated with the 4-20 mA input. Each relay may be programmed to go to one of the following conditions when the meter detects the loss of the input signal (i.e. < 0.005 mA):

- 1. Turn On (Go to alarm condition)
- 2. Turn Off (Go to non-alarm condition)
- 3. Ignore (Processed as a low signal condition)

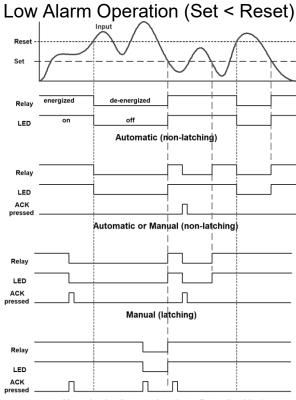
Note: This is not a true loop break condition; if the signal drops below 0.005 mA, it is interpreted as a "loop break" condition.

Relay and Alarm Operation Diagrams

The following graphs illustrate the operation of the relays, status LEDs, and ACK button.



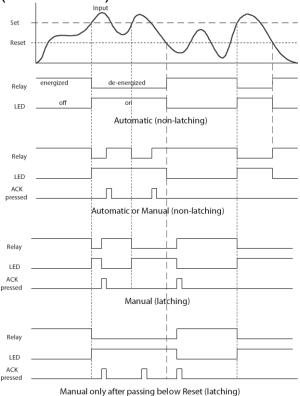
For Manual reset mode, ACK can be pressed anytime to turn "off" relay. To detect a new alarm condition, the signal must go below the set point, and then go above it.



Manual only after passing above Reset (latching)

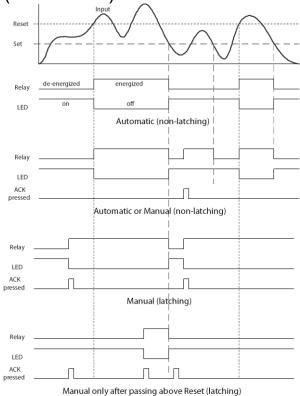
For Manual reset mode, ACK can be pressed anytime to turn "off" relay. For relay to turn back "on", signal must go above set point and then go below it.

High Alarm with Fail-Safe Operation (Set > Reset)



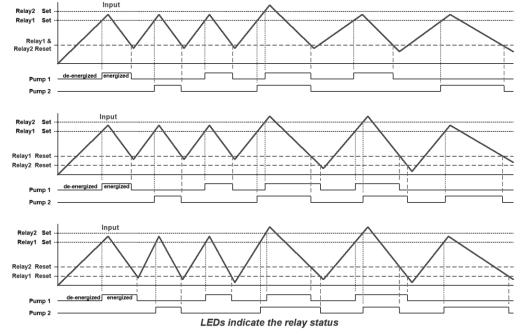
Note: Relay coil is energized in non-alarm condition. In case of power failure, relay will go to alarm state

Low Alarm with Fail-Safe Operation (Set < Reset)

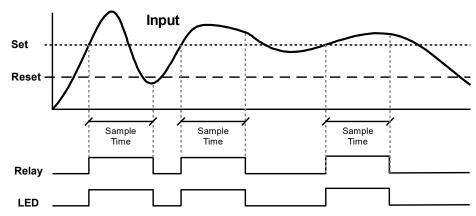


Note: Relay coil is energized in non-alarm condition. In case of power failure, relay will go to alarm state.

Pump Alternation Control Operation



Relay Sampling Operation

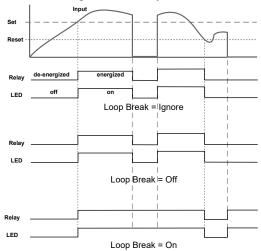


When the signal crosses the set point, the relay trips and the sample time starts. After the sample time has elapsed, the relay resets. The cycle repeats every time the set point is crossed, going up for high alarms and going down for low alarms.

The sample time can be programmed between 0.1 and 5999.9 seconds.

Signal Loss or Loop Break Relay Operation

The following graph shows the loop break relay operation for a high alarm relay.

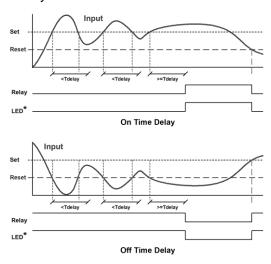


When the meter detects a break in the 4-20 mA loop, the relay will go to one of the following selected actions:

- 1. Turn *On* (Go to alarm condition)
- 2. Turn *Off* (Go to non-alarm condition)
- 3. Ignore (Processed as a low signal condition)

Time Delay Operation

The following graphs show the operation of the time delay function.



When the signal crosses the set point, the *On* time delay timer starts and the relay trips when the time delay has elapsed. If the signal drops below the set point (high alarm) before the time delay has elapsed, the *On* time delay timer resets and the relay does not change state. The same principle applies to the *Off* time delay.

Note: If "Automatic or Manual (A-nn An)" reset mode is selected, the LED follows the reset point and not the relay state when the relay is acknowledged.

37

Relay Operation Details

Overview

The relay capabilities of the meter expand its usefulness beyond simple indication to provide users with alarm and control functions. These capabilities include front panel alarm status LEDs as well as either 2 or 4 internal relays. Typical applications include high or low temperature, level, pressure or flow alarms, control applications such as simple on/off pump control, and pump alternation control for up to 8 pumps. There are four basic ways the relays can be used:

- 1. High or Low Alarms with Latching or Non-Latching Relays
- 2. Simple On/Off Control with 100% Adjustable Deadband
- **3.** Sampling (Based on Time)
- 4. Pump Alternation Control for up to 8 Pumps

Relays Auto Initialization

When power is applied to the meter, the front panel LEDs and alarm relays will reflect the state of the input to the meter. The following table indicates how the alarm LEDs and relays will react on power-up based on the set and reset points:

Alarm #	HI or LO Alarm	Set Point	Reset Point	Power-Up Reading	Relay & LED
1	HI	1000	500	499	Off
2	LO	700	900	499	On
3	LO	250	400	499	Off
4	HI	450	200	499	On

Fail-Safe Operation

The following table indicates how the relays behave based on the failsafe selection for each relay:

Note: NO = Normally Open, NC = Normally Closed. This refers to the condition of the relay contacts when the power to the meter is off.

Fail-Safe	Non-Alarm State		Alarm State		Power Failure
Selection	NO	NC	NO	NC	
Off	Open	Closed	Closed	Open	Relays go to non-alarm state
On	Closed	Open	Open	Closed	Relays go to alarm state

Front Panel LEDs

The LEDs on the front panel provide status indication for the following:

The meter is supplied with four alarm points that include front panel LEDs to indicate alarm conditions. This standard feature is particularly useful for alarm applications that require visual-only indication. The LEDs are controlled by the set and reset points programmed by the user. When the

LED	Status
1	Alarm 1
2	Alarm 2
3	Alarm 3
4	Alarm 4

display reaches a set point for a high or low alarm, the corresponding alarm LED will turn on. When the display returns to the reset point the LED will go off. The front panel LEDs respond differently for latching and non-latching relays.

For non-latching relays, the LED is always off during normal condition and always on during alarm condition, regardless of the state of the relay (e.g. Relay acknowledged after alarm condition).

For latching relays, the alarm LEDs reflect the status of the relays, regardless of the alarm condition. The following tables illustrate how the alarm LEDs function in relation to the relays and the acknowledge button (Default: F3 key assigned to ACK).

Latching and Non-Latching Relay Operation

The relays can be set up for latching (manual reset) or non-latching (automatic reset) operation.

The On and Off terminology does not refer to the status of the relay's coil, which depends on the fail-safe mode selected.

Relay terminology for following tables

Terminology	Relay Condition
On	Alarm (Tripped)
Off	Normal (Reset)
Ack	Acknowledged



In latching relay mode, latched relays will reset (unlatch) when power is cycled.

Non-Latching Relay (Auto)

In this application, the meter is set up for automatic reset (non-latching relay). Acknowledging the alarm while it is still present has no effect on either the LED or the relay. When the alarm finally goes away, the relay automatically resets and the LED also goes off.

Automatic reset only

Condition	LED	Relay
Normal	Off	Off
Alarm	On	On
Ack (No effect)	On	On
Normal	Off	Off

Non-Latching Relay (8-03 80)

In this application, the meter is set up for automatic and manual reset at any time (non-latching relay). The LED and the relay automatically reset when the meter returns to the normal condition.

The next time an alarm occurs, the operator acknowledges the alarm manually while the alarm condition still exists. This causes the relay to reset, but the LED stays on until the meter returns to the normal condition.

Automatic + manual reset at any time

		•
Condition	LED	Relay
Normal	Off	Off
Alarm	On	On
Normal	Off	Off
Next Alarm	On	On
Ack	On	Off
Normal	Off	Off

Latching Relay (LALCH)

In this application, the meter is set up for manual reset at any time. Acknowledging the alarm even if the alarm condition is still present resets the relay and turns off the LED.

Manual reset any time

Condition	LED	Relay
Normal	Off	Off
Alarm	On	On
Ack	Off	Off

Latching Relay (LŁ-[Lr)

In this application, the meter is set up for manual reset only after the signal passes the reset point (alarm condition has cleared). Acknowledging the alarm while it is still present has no effect on either the LED or the relay. When the alarm is acknowledged after it returns to the normal state.

Manual reset only after alarm condition has cleared

Condition	LED	Relay
Normal	Off	Off
Alarm	On	On
Ack (No effect)	On	On
Normal	On	On
Ack	Off	Off

the LED and the relay go off. Notice that the LED remains on, even after the meter returns to the normal condition. This is because, for latching relays, the alarm LED reflects the status of the relay, regardless of the alarm condition.

39

Acknowledging Relays

There are two ways to acknowledge relays programmed for manual reset:

- 1. Via the programmable front panel function keys F1-F3 (Default: F3 assigned to ACK).
- 2. Remotely via a normally open pushbutton wired across one of the digital inputs and the +5 V terminals on the digital I/O terminal, or using the F4 digital input, which is triggered with a contact closure to COM, or with an active low signal (see page 18).

When the ACK button or the assigned digital input is closed, all relays programmed for manual reset are acknowledged.



Figure 23. Acknowledge Relays w/Function Key or Digital Input

Pump Alternation Control Applications (ALEErn)

For pump control applications where two or more similar pumps are used to control the level of a tank or a well, it is desirable to have all the pumps operate alternately. This prevents excessive wear and overheating of one pump over the lack of use of the other pumps.

Up to 8 relays can be set up to alternate every time an on/off pump cycle is completed. The set points and reset points can be programmed, so that the first pump on is the first pump off.

Application #1: Pump Alternation Using Relays 1 & 2

- 1. Relays 1 and 2 are set up for pump alternation.
- 2. Relays 3 and 4 are set up for low and high alarm indication.

Pump Alternation Operation

- Pump #1 turns on when level reaches 30.000, when level drops below 10.000, pump #1 turns off.
- Set and Reset Point Programming

Relay	Set Point	Reset Point	Function
1	30.000	10.000	Controls pump #1
2	35.000	5.000	Controls pump #2
3	4.000	9.000	Controls low alarm
4	40.000	29.000	Controls high alarm

- 2. The next time level reaches 30.000, pump #2 turns on, when level drops below 10.000, pump #2 turns off.
- 3. If the level doesn't reach 35.000, pump #1 and pump #2 will be operating alternately.
- 4. If pump #1 cannot keep the level below 35.000, pump #2 will turn on at 35.000, then as the level drops to10.000, pump #1 turns off, pump #2 is still running and shuts off below 5.000.
- 5. Notice that with the set and reset points of pump #2 outside the range of pump #1, the first pump on is the first pump to go off. This is true for up to 8 alternating pumps, if setup accordingly.
- 6. Relay #3 will go into alarm if the level drops below 4.000 and relay #4 will go into alarm if the level exceeds 40.000.
- 7. Adding the 4 external relays, expansion module allows using the 4 SPDT internal relays for pump alternation and the 4 SPST external relays for high, high-high, low, and low-low alarm indication.

Application #2: Pump Alternation Using Relays 3 & 4

- 1. Relays 1 and 2 are set up for low and high alarm indication.
- 2. Relays 3 and 4 are set up for pump alternation.

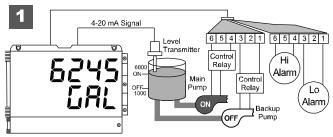
Set and Reset Point Programming				
Relay	Set Point	Reset Point	Function	
1	495	750	Controls low alarm	
2	7500	6900	Controls high alarm	
3	7000	900	Controls backup pump	
4	6000	1000	Controls main pump	

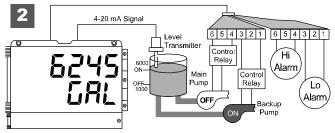
The following graphics provide a visual representation of a typical pump alternation application with high and low alarm monitoring:

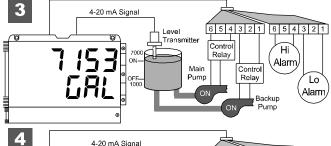
- 1. Relay #4 turns the main pump on at 6000 gallons and turns it off at 1000 gallons.
- 2. With the Pump Alternation feature activated, the next time the level reaches 6000 gallons, relay #3

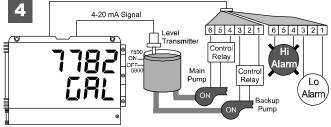
transfers and starts the backup pump.

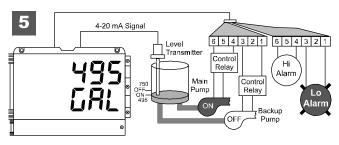
- 3. If the backup pump is not able to keep up, and the level reaches 7000 gallons, relay #4 transfers and starts the main pump as well.
- 4. Relay #2 trips the High Level Alarm at 7500 gallons and resets at 6900 gallons.
- 5. Relay #1 trips the Low Level Alarm at 495 gallons and resets at 750 gallons.









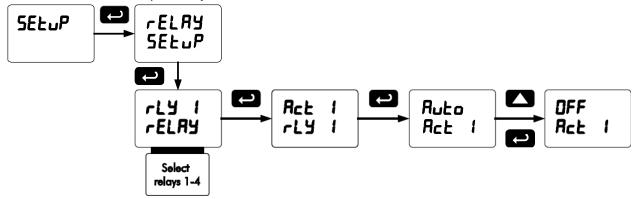


41

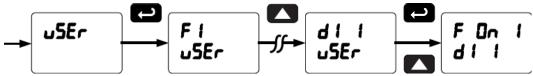
Setting up the Interlock Relay (Force On) Feature

Relays 1-4 can be set up as interlock relays. To set up the relays for the interlock feature:

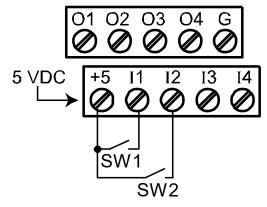
1. Access the Setup - Relay - Action menu and set the action to off.



2. In the Advanced features – *User* menu program any of the digital inputs to *Force On* any of the internal relays (1-4).



3. Connect a switch or dry contact between the +5V terminal and the corresponding digital input (dl-1 to dI-4) terminal.



Interlock Relay Operation Example

Relays 1 & 2 are configured to energize (their front panel LEDs are off) when SW1 & SW2 switches (above) are closed. If the contacts to these digital inputs are opened, the corresponding front panel LEDs flash indicating this condition. The processes being controlled by the interlock relay will stop, and will restart only after the interlock relay is re-activated by the digital inputs (switches).

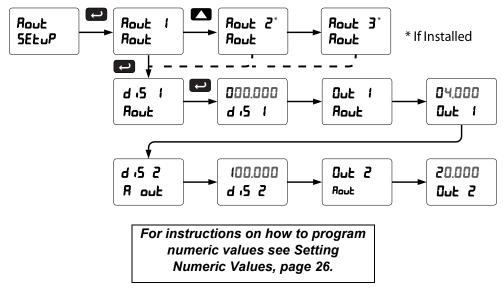
Note: If multiple digital inputs are assigned to the same relay, then the corresponding logic is (AND) – i.e. both switches must be closed to trip the relay.

Scaling the 4-20 mA Analog Output (Aout)

The 4-20 mA analog outputs can be scaled to provide a 4-20 mA signal for any display range selected. To select the channel and source assignments the analog outputs are assigned to, see *Analog Output Source* on page *54*.

No equipment is needed to scale the analog outputs; simply program the display values to the corresponding mA output signal.

The Analog Output menu is used to program the 4-20 mA outputs based on display values.

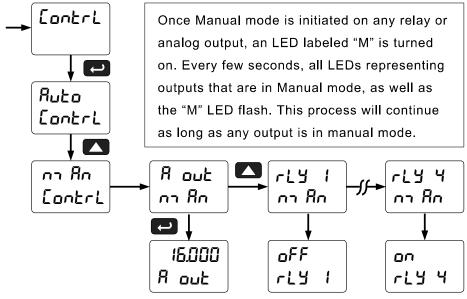


Reset Menu (rESEŁ)

The *Reset* menu is used to reset the maximum or minimum reading (peak or valley) reached by the process; both may be reset at the same time by selecting "reset high & low" (r5t HL). The tare value used to zero the display may be reset by selecting "reset tare" (r5t tr).

Control Menu (Lantri)

The *Control* menu is used to control the 4-20 mA analog output and the relays manually, ignoring the input. Each relay and analog output can be programmed independently for manual control. Selecting automatic control sets all relays and analog output for automatic operation.



43

Setting up the Password (PR55)

The *Password* menu is used for programming three levels of security to prevent unauthorized changes to the programmed parameter settings.

Pass 1: Allows use of function keys and digital inputs

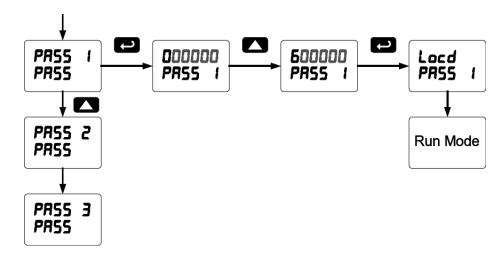
Pass 2: Allows use of function keys, digital inputs and editing set/reset points

Pass 3: Restricts all programming, function keys, and digital inputs.

Protecting or Locking the Meter

Enter the Password menu and program a six-digit password.

For instructions on how to program numeric values see Setting Numeric Values, page 26.



Record the password for future reference. If appropriate, it may be recorded in the space provided.

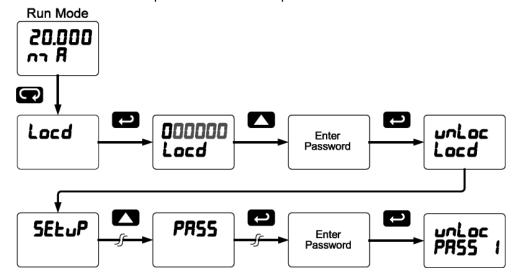
Model:	
Serial Number:	
Password 1:	
Password 2:	
Password 3:	

Making Changes to a Password Protected Meter

If the meter is password protected, the meter will display the message Locd (Locked) when the Menu button is pressed. Press the Enter button while the message is being displayed and enter the correct password to gain access to the menu. After exiting the programming mode, the meter returns to its password protected condition.

Disabling Password Protection

To disable the password protection, access the *Password* menu and enter the correct password twice, as shown below. The meter is now unprotected until a new password is entered.



If the correct six-digit password is entered, the meter displays the message unlocked) and the protection is disabled until a new password is programmed.

If the password entered is incorrect, the meter displays the message Lacd (Locked) for about two seconds, and then it returns to Run Mode. To try again, press Enter while the *Locked* message is displayed.

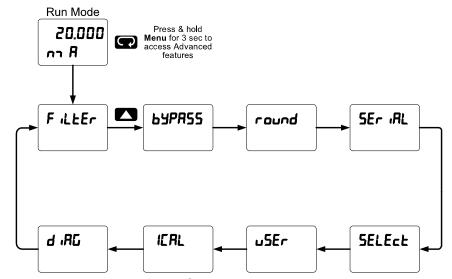
Did you forget the password?

The password may be disabled by entering a master password once. If you are authorized to make changes, enter the master password 508655 to unlock the meter.

Advanced Features Menu

To simplify the setup process, functions not needed for most applications are located in the Advanced Features menu.

Press and hold the Menu button for three seconds to access the advanced features of the meter.



Advanced Features Menu & Display Messages

The following table shows the functions and messages of the Advanced Features menu in the order they appear in the menu.

Display	Parameter	Action/Setting
FiLEEr	Filter	Set noise filter value
[h-A	Channel A	Set filter value for channel A
[h-b	Channel B	Set filter value for channel B
ьчрясс	Bypass	Set filter bypass value
[h-A	Channel A	Set filter bypass value for channel A
[հ-ե	Channel B	Set filter bypass value for channel B
round	Round	Set the rounding value for display variables
SEr AL	Serial	Set serial communication parameters
SLAUE Id	Slave ID	Set slave ID or meter address
Phaq	Baud rate	Select baud rate
Er dLY	Transmit delay	Set transmit delay for serial communication

Display	Parameter	Action/Setting
PRr 1EY	Parity	Select parity: Even, Odd, or None with 1 or 2 stop bits
F-PAF	Time byte	Set byte-to-byte timeout
SELECE	Select	Enter the Select menu (function, cutoff, out)
Functn	Signal input conditionin g	Select linear, square root, programmable exponent, or round horizontal tank function
[h-A	Channel A	Select menu for channel A
Ch-b	Channel B	Select menu for channel B
L inEAr	Linear	Set meter for linear function and select number of linearization points
no Pt5	Number of points	Set the number of linearization points (default: 2)
59uArE	Square root	Set meter for square root extraction

ProG E tht LEnGth	Programm able exponent Round horizontal tank Length Diameter Math	Set meter for programmable exponent and enter exponent value Set meter for round horizontal tank volume calculation Enter the tank's length in inches Enter the tank's diameter in inches
LEnűth	Round horizontal tank Length	exponent and enter exponent value Set meter for round horizontal tank volume calculation Enter the tank's length in inches Enter the tank's
LEnüth	Round horizontal tank Length Diameter	exponent and enter exponent value Set meter for round horizontal tank volume calculation Enter the tank's length in inches Enter the tank's
LEnüth	horizontal tank Length Diameter	Set meter for round horizontal tank volume calculation Enter the tank's length in inches Enter the tank's
LEnüth	horizontal tank Length Diameter	horizontal tank volume calculation Enter the tank's length in inches Enter the tank's
	tank Length Diameter	volume calculation Enter the tank's length in inches Enter the tank's
	Length Diameter	Enter the tank's length in inches Enter the tank's
	Diameter	length in inches Enter the tank's
ם ואחז ר		Enter the tank's
	Math	
naAth		Enter the setup menu for channel C math functions
Suna	Sum	Channel C = (A+B+P)*F
d ıF	Difference	Channel C = (A- B+P)*F
d (FR65	Absolute difference	Channel C = ((Absolute value of (A-B))+P)*F
RUG	Average	Channel C = (((A+B)/2)+P)*F
nauLE	Multiplicati on	Channel C = ((A*B)+P)*F
d ıU ıdE	Divide	Channel C = ((A/B)+P)*F
H :-AP	Max of A or B	C = ((High value of channel A or B)+P)*F
Lo-Ab	Min of A or B	C = ((Low value of channel A or B)+P)*F
drRuj	Draw	Channel C = ((A/B)- 1)*F
םטארה	Weighted avg.	Channel C = ((B-A)*F)+A
rRE 10	Ratio	Channel C = (A/B)*F
-RŁ 102	Ratio 2	C = (((B-A)/A)+P)*F
ConcEn	Concentrati on	Channel C = (A/(A+B))*F
ConSt	Constant	Constant used in channel C math
AddEr	Adder	Addition constant used in channel C math calculations (P)

Display	Parameter	Action/Setting
FActor	Factor	Multiplication constant used in channel C math
CutoFF	Cutoff	calculations (F)
Eh-R Channel A Set low-flow cu		Set low-flow cutoff Set low-flow cutoff for Channel A
[h-b	Channel B	Set low-flow cutoff for Channel B
RoutPr	Analog output programmi ng	Program analog output parameters
80ut 1*	Analog output 1	Program analog output 1 (*1-3) parameters
SourcE	Source	Select source for the 4-20 mA output
brERH	Break	Set input break condition operation
O-rAnG	Overrange	Program mA output for display overrange
ս-ւՑոն	Underrang e	Program mA output for display underrange
רח אא	Maximum	Program maximum mA output allowed
חו רח	Minimum	Program minimum mA output allowed
[RL ₁b	Calibrate	Calibrate 4-20 mA output (internal reference source used for scaling the output)
Y na 8	4 mA output	Enter mA output value read by milliamp meter with at least 0.001 mA resolution
20 na A	20 mA output	Enter mA output value read by milliamp meter with at least 0.001 mA resolution
uSEr	User I/O	Assign function keys and digital I/O
FI	F1 function key	Assign F1 function key
FZ	F2 function key	Assign F2 function key
		17

Display	Parameter	Action/Setting
F3	F3 function key	Assign F3 function key
FY	F4 function	Assign F4 function (digital input)
d1 1	Digital input 1	Assign digital input 1 – 4, if expansion modules are connected
d0 l	Digital output 1	Assign digital output 1 – 4, if expansion modules are connected
TERL .	Internal source calibration	Enter internal source calibration (used for scaling the meter without a signal source)
Ch-A	Channel A	Perform calibration on channel A
Ch-b	Channel B	Perform calibration on channel B
E EAL	Current calibration	Calibrate 4-20 mA current input (internal reference source used for scaling the input)

Display	Parameter	Action/Setting
[Lo	Current low	Calibrate low current input (e.g. 4 mA)
[H;	Current high	Calibrate high current input (e.g. 20 mA)
U CAL	Voltage calibration	Calibrate voltage input
U Lo	Voltage low	Calibrate low voltage input (e.g. 0 V)
и н .	Voltage high	Calibrate high voltage input (e.g. 10 V)
d ₁ RG	Diagnostics	Display parameter settings
LEd F	LED test	Test all LEDs
InFo	Information	Display software and S/N information
ErRSE	Erase	Delete the MeterView Pro installation files from the meter

Noise Filter (F LLEF)

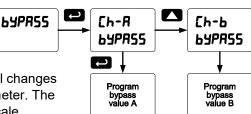
The noise filter is available for unusually noisy signals that cause an unstable process variable display. The noise filter averages the input signal over a certain period. The filter level determines the length of time over which the signal is averaged. The filter level can be set between 2 and 199. The higher the filter level, the longer the averaging time and so the longer it takes the display to settle to its final value. Setting the filter level to zero disables the filter function.

The nger it to zero Ch-A Filter Ch-B Filter Program filter value A Program filter value B

Noise Filter Bypass (64PR55)

The noise filter bypass changes the behavior of the meter so that small variations in the signal are filtered out but large abrupt changes in the input signal are displayed immediately. The bypass value determines the minimum amount of signal change to be displayed immediately. All s

amount of signal change to be displayed immediately. All signal changes smaller than the bypass value are filtered or averaged by the meter. The noise filter bypass may be set between 0.1 and 99.9% of full scale.



Rounding Feature (round)

The rounding feature is used to give the user a steadier display with fluctuating signals. Rounding is used in addition to the filter function.

Rounding causes the display to round to the nearest value according the rounding selected. See examples below:

Rounding Selection	Actual Value	Display Value	Actual Value	Display Value
1	12.022	12.022	12.023	12.023
5	12.022	12.020	12.023	12.025
10	12.024	12.020	12.025	12.030

Modbus RTU Serial Communications (5Er AL)

The meter is equipped with serial communications capability as a standard feature using Modbus RTU Serial Communication Protocol.

The meter may be connected to a PC for initial configuration via the onboard micro USB connection. For ongoing digital communications with a computer or other data terminal equipment, an RS-232, or RS-485 option is required; see Ordering Information on page 5 for details.

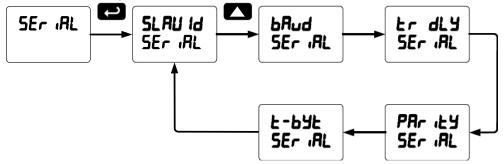


Do not connect any equipment other than Precision Digital's expansion modules, cables, or meters to the RJ45 M-LINK connector. Otherwise damage will occur to the equipment and the meter.

Do not disconnect the RJ45 connector located to the left of the power terminal block. Doing so will disable the onboard digital I/O, RS-485 serial communications, and M-Link functionality.

Note: More detailed instructions are provided with each optional serial communications adapter.

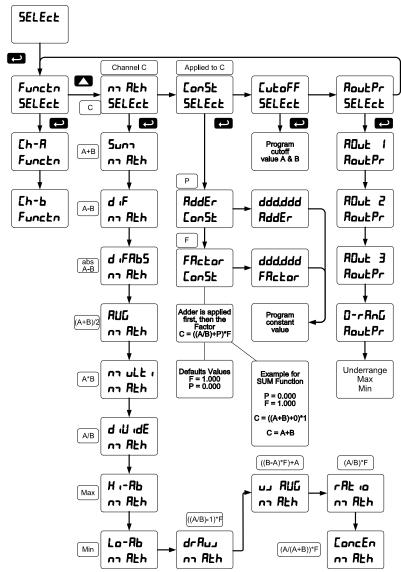
Note: Refer to the Modbus Register Tables for details.



When using more than one meter in a multi-drop mode, each meter must be provided with its own unique address. The meter address (Slave ID) may be programmed between 1 and 247. The transmit delay may be set between 0 and 199 ms. The parity can be set to even, odd, or none with 1 or 2 stop bits.

Select Menu (5ELEct)

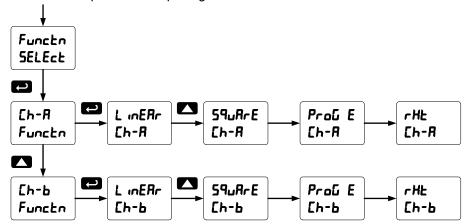
The *Select* menu is used to select the signal input conditioning function applied to the inputs (linear, square root, programmable exponent, or round horizontal tank), math function for A & B, constants, low-flow cutoff, and analog output programming. Multi-point linearization is part of the linear function selection.



Signal Input Conditioning (Functo)

The *Function* menu is used to select the input-to-output transfer function applied to the input signal: linear, square root, programmable exponent, or round horizontal tank volume calculation. Multi-point linearization is part of the linear function selection.

Meters are set up at the factory for linear function with 2-point linearization. The linear function provides a display that is linear with respect to the input signal.



Square Root Linearization (5928-E)

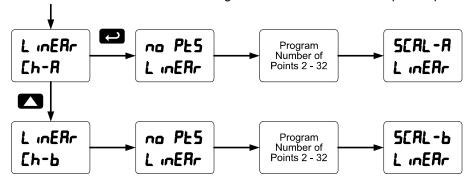
The square root function is used to calculate flow measured with a differential pressure transmitter. The flow rate is proportional to the square root of the differential pressure. Scale the meter so that the low input signal (e.g. 4 mA) is equal to zero flow and the high input signal (e.g. 20 mA) is equal to the maximum flow.

Programmable Exponent Linearization (Proli E)

The programmable exponent function is used to calculate open-channel flow measured with a level transmitter in weirs and flumes. The flow rate is proportional to the head height. Scale the meter so that the low input signal (e.g. 4 mA) is equal to zero flow and the high input signal (e.g. 20 mA) is equal to the maximum flow. This method works well for all weirs and flumes that have a simple exponent in the flow calculation formula. For weirs and flumes with complex exponents it is necessary to use a strapping table and the 32-point linearization of the meter.

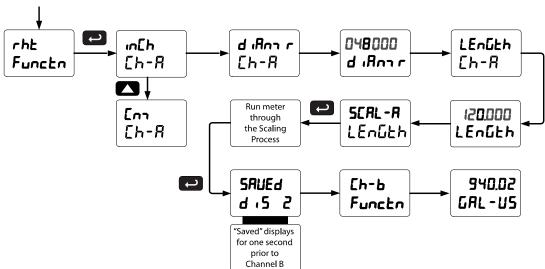
Multi-Point Linearization (L mEAr)

Meters are set up at the factory for linear function with 2-point linearization. Up to 32 linearization points can be selected for each channel under the linear function. The multi-point linearization can be used to linearize the display for non-linear signals such as those from level transmitters used to measure volume in odd-shaped tanks or to convert level to flow using weirs and flumes with complex exponent.



Round Horizontal Tank Linearization (¬HE)

This function is used to calculate volume in a round horizontal tank with flat ends. The volume is calculated based on the diameter and length of the tank. The tank's dimensions can be entered in inches or centimeters; the meter automatically calculates the volume in gallons or liters. After entering the dimensions, complete the scaling process with the display values calculated by the meter. The meter can be re-scaled to display the volume in any engineering unit without the need to re-enter the dimensions again.



Note: After Scale is displayed continue pressing the Enter button until the meter completes the scaling of the input and display values.

Changing the Volume from Gallons to Liters

In the above graphic, entering the 48" for the diameter and 120" for the length of the round horizontal tank, the meter automatically calculates that the volume of the tank is 940.02 gallons.

- 1. Convert gallons to liters
- 2. 1 US gallon = 3.7854 L
- 3. 940.02 gal = 3558.4 L
- 4. Go to the Setup menu and change the decimal point to 1 decimal.
- 5. Go to the *Program Scale* menu and press Enter until d ⋅5 2 is shown on the main display.
- 6. Press Enter and change the display 2 value to 3558.4.
- 7. The meter is now displaying the volume in liters.

Note: The display can be scaled to display the volume in any engineering units.

Math Function (^っ おとり)

The *Math* menu is used to select the math function that will determine the channel C value. These math functions are a combination of input channels A and B, and will display when channel C is selected in the Display menu. The following math functions are available.

בחט	Sum	Channel C = (A+B+P)*F
d ıF	Difference	Channel C = (A-B+P)*F
d iFR65	Absolute difference	Channel C = ((Absolute value of (A-B))+P)*F
AUC	Average	Channel C = (((A+B)/2)+P)*F
י בוניים	Multiplication	Channel C = ((A*B)+P)*F
عه، ۱۱، ۵	Divide	Channel C = ((A/B)+P)*F
H 1-8P	Max of A or B	C = ((High value of channel A or B)+P)*F
Lo-Ab	Min of A or B	C = ((Low value of channel A or B)+P)*F
drRuj	Draw	Channel C = ((A/B)-1)*F
018cc	Weighted avg.	Channel C = ((B-A)*F)+A
rRt 10	Ratio	Channel C = (A/B)*F
rRt 102	Ratio 2	C = (((B-A)/A)+P)*F
ConcEn	Concentration	Channel C = (A/(A+B))*F

Math Constants (Eon5t)

The Math Constants menu is used to set the constants used in channel C math. The math functions include input channel A and B, as well as the adder constant P, and factor constant F.

The Adder constant (P) may be set from -99.999 to 999.999.

The Factor constant (F) may be set from 0.001 to 999.999.

The chart on page 53 details the math functions that may be selected in the *Math Function* menu.

Low-Flow Cutoff ([ukoFF)

The low-flow cutoff feature allows the meter to be programmed so that the often-unsteady output from a differential pressure transmitter, at low flow rates, always displays zero on the meter.

The cutoff value may be programmed from 0 to 999999. The meter will display zero below the cutoff value. Programming the cutoff value to zero disables the cutoff feature.

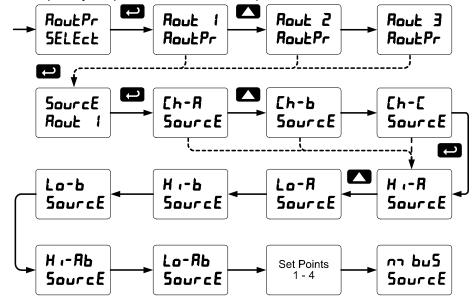
Analog Output Programming (RoutPr)

The Analog Output Programming menu is used to program the behavior of the 4-20 mA output. The following parameters and functions are programmed in this menu:

- 1. Source: Source for generating the 4-20 mA output (e.g. PV)
- 2. Overrange: Analog output value with display in overrange condition
- 3. Underrange: Analog output value with display in underrange condition
- 4. Break: Analog output value when loop break is detected
- 5. Max: Maximum analog output value allowed regardless of input
- 6. Min: Minimum analog output value allowed regardless of input
- 7. Calibrate: Calibrate the internal 4-20 mA source reference used to scale the 4-20 mA output

Analog Output Source

The analog output source can be based on either of the input channels (Ch-A, Ch-B), the math channel (Ch-C), maximum stored value of either input channel (Hi-A, Hi-B), minimum stored value of either input channel (Lo-A, Lo-B), relay set points, or the Modbus input.



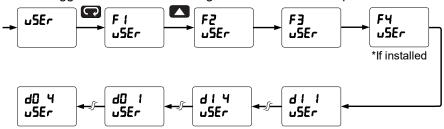
Analog Output Calibration

To perform the analog output calibration, it is recommended to use a milliamp meter with a resolution of at least 0.1 µA to measure the output current. The values saved internally during this procedure are used for scaling the 4-20 mA output in the Setup menu.

Programmable Function Keys User Menu (25Er)

The *User* menu allows the user to assign the front panel function keys F1, F2, and F3, the digital input F4 (a digital input located on the signal input connector), and up to eight additional digital inputs to access most of the menus or to activate certain functions immediately (e.g. reset max & min, hold relay states, etc.). This allows the meter to be greatly customized for use in specialized applications.

Up to eight digital outputs can be assigned to a number of actions and functions executed by the meter (i.e. alarms, relay acknowledgement, reset max, min, or max & min, tare, and reset tare). The digital outputs can be used to trigger external alarms or lights to indicate these specific events.



Function Keys & Digital I/O Available Settings

Refer to the following table for descriptions of each available function key or digital I/O setting.

Display	Description
r5£ X ;	Reset the stored maximum display values for all channels
r5t Lo	Reset the stored minimum display values for all channels
rSŁ HL	Reset the stored maximum & minimum display values for all channels
ERCE R	Capture tare and zero the display for channel A (A LED flashes – same rate as M)*
tRrE b	Capture tare and zero the display for channel B (B LED flashes – same rate as M)*
rSŁ Łr	Reset captured tare and resume normal operation for both channels A & B
rELRY	Directly access the relay menu
SEŁ 1*	Directly access the set point menu for relay 1 (*through 8)
LFA q	Disable all relays until a button assigned to enable relays (rLY E) is pressed
LTA E	Enable all relays to function as they have been programmed
O HoLd	Hold current relay states and analog output as they are until a button assigned to <i>enable relays</i> (rLY E) is pressed

Display	Description
d HoLd	Hold the current display value, relay states, and analog output momentarily while the function key or digital input is active. The process value will continue to be calculated in the background.
d RPC	Scrolls values for A, B & C when activated. Keeps the last value for 10 seconds and then it returns to its assignment. Values are displayed on display line 1 and the corresponding channel and units on display line 2.
Lnl X	Display maximum channel A display value on line 1
LnlLo	Display minimum channel A display value on line 1
Lo I HL	Display maximum & minimum channel A display values on line 1
FUS XI	Display maximum channel B display value on line 2
rus ro	Display minimum Channel B display value on line 2
TUS XF	Display maximum & minimum channel B display values on line 2
T 'FHT[Display maximum channel C display value on line 2
TUS HE	Display minimum channel C display value on line 2
FuS HE	Display maximum & minimum channel C display values on line 2

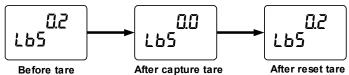
Display Description	
F On 1*	Force relay 1 (*through 4) into the on state. This function is used in conjunction with a digital input expansion module to achieve interlock functionality. See page 42 for details about interlock relays.
[ontrl	Directly access the control menu
4 '28PF	Disable the selected function key or digital I/O
RcH	Acknowledge all active relays that are in a manual operation mode such as auto-manual or latching

Display	Description
rESEŁ	Directly access the reset menu
กาะกบ	Mimic the menu button functionality (digital inputs only)
∟ 'QHF	Mimic the right arrow/F1 button functionality (digital inputs only)
υP	Mimic the up arrow/F2 button functionality (digital inputs only)
Enter	Mimic the enter/F3 button functionality (digital inputs only)
RLan 1*	Provide indication when alarm 1 (*through 8) has been triggered (digital outputs only)

^{*} If math functions are displayed, the math function indicator LED "C" will flash when either A or B channel is using a tare value (net value).

Tare (ŁŔr E)

The tare function zero's out the display. In the case of scale weight, tare is used to eliminate container weight and provide net weight readings. There are two tare functions; Capture Tare for channel A and B, and Reset Tare. Display channel indicator letter flashes when a tare is used. It will flash until the tare is reset.



Gross (without tare) and net (with tare) values can be viewed simultaneously. See page 32.

Internal Source Calibration (IERL)

The meter is factory calibrated prior to shipment to read in milliamps and volts depending on the input selection. The calibration equipment is certified to NIST standards.

The use of calibrated signal sources is necessary to calibrate the internal source of the meter. The meter's internal source is what allows the user to scale the meter without applying a signal. Check calibration of the meter at least every 12 months. Each input must be recalibrated separately. Notes:

- 1. If meter is in operation and it is intended to accept only one input type (e.g. 4-20 mA). recalibration of other input is not necessary.
- 2. Allow the meter to warm up for at least 15 minutes before performing the internal source calibration procedure.

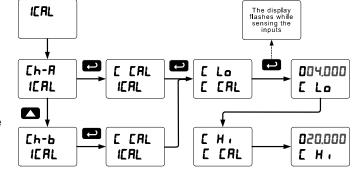
The Internal calibration menu is part of the Advanced Features menu.

- 1. Press and hold the Menu button for three seconds to access the advanced features of the meter.
- 2. Press the Up arrow button to scroll to the *Internal calibration* menu (!ERL) and press Enter.
- 3. Select channel A ([h-B]) or channel B ([h-b]) and press enter.
- 4. The meter displays either current calibration (£ £8£) or voltage calibration (£ £8£), according to the input setup. Press Enter to start the calibration process.

Example of Internal Calibration for current input:

- 5. The meter displays *low* input current message (£ La). Apply the low input signal and press Enter. The display flashes for a moment while the meter is accepting the low input signal.
- 6. After the display stops flashing, a number is displayed with the leftmost digit brighter than the rest. The bright digit is the active digit that can be changed by pressing the Up arrow button. Press the Right arrow button to move to the next digit.
- 7. Set the display value to correspond to the input signal being calibrated, typically 4.000 mA.
- 8. The display moves to the *high* input calibration ([H]). Apply the high input signal and press Enter.
- 9. Set the display for the high input calibration, in the same way as it was set for the low input calibration, typically 20.000 mA.

The graphic above shows the calibration of the current input. The voltage input is calibrated in a similar way.



Tips:

- Low and high input signals can be any valid values within the range of the meter.
- Observe minimum input span requirements between input 1 and input 2.
- Low input should be less than high input signal.

Error Message (Error)

An error message indicates that the calibration or scaling process was not successful.

The error message might be caused by any of the following conditions:

- 1. Input signal is not connected to the proper terminals, or it is connected backwards.
- 2. Wrong signal selection in *Setup* menu.
- 3. Minimum input span requirements not maintained.

Minimum Input Span

Input Range	Input 1 & Input 2 Span
4-20 mA	0.15 mA
±10 VDC	0.01 VDC

The minimum input span is the minimum difference between input 1 and input 2 signals required to complete the calibration or scaling of the meter.

Meter Operation

The meter is capable of accepting two input channels (A and B) of either current (0-20 mA, 4-20 mA) or voltage signals (0-5 V, 1-5 V, 0-10 V, \pm 10 V) and displaying these signals in engineering units from -99999 to 999999 (e.g. a 4-20 mA signal could be displayed as -50.000 to 50.000).

A math function channel (C) is available to perform operations on channel A and B, with adder and factor constants, and display the results. Engineering units or tags may be displayed with these three channels. The dual-line display can be customized by the user. Typically, the upper display is used to display the math channel C, while the lower display is used to alternate between displaying input channels A and B. Additionally, the meter can be set up to display any input or math channel on the upper display and a unit or tag on the lower display. The relays and analog output can be programmed to operate based on any input or math channel.

Button Operation

Button Symbol	Description
MENU	Press to enter or exit Programming Mode, view settings, or exit max/min readings
RIGHT F1 RESET	Press to reset max/min readings or other parameter/function assigned through the <i>User</i> menu
T F2 MAX	Press to display max/min readings or other parameter/function assigned through the <i>User</i> menu
ACK F3 ENTER	Press to acknowledge relays or other parameters/function assigned through the <i>User</i> menu

Function Key Operation

During operation, the programmable function keys operate according to the way they have been programmed in the Advanced Features – User menu.

The table above shows the factory default settings for F1, F2, and F3.

Digital Input Operation

Five (5) digital inputs, F4-F8, come standard on the meter. These digital inputs are programmed identically to function keys F1, F2, and F3. The inputs are triggered with a contact closure to +5 (COM in the case of F4, see Digital I/O Connections on page 18 for details), or with an active low signal. During operation, digital inputs operate according to the way they are programmed in the Advanced Features -User menu.

Maximum/Minimum Readings

The max & min readings (peak & valley) reached by the process can be displayed either continuously or momentary:

- 1. Display briefly by assigning to the F1-F3 function keys or to the digital inputs in the *User* menu.
- 2. Display continuously by assigning either display to max/min through the *Display* menu.

Any of the F1-F3 function keys (buttons) and the digital inputs can be programmed to reset the max & min readings. The meters are set at the factory to display the max reading by pressing the Up arrow/F2 button and to use the Right arrow/F1 button to access the Reset menu.

To display max and min channel A reading using function key with factory defaults:

- 1. Press Up arrow/F2 button to display minimum reading of channel A since the last reset/power-up. The display will then display the maximum reading of channel A since the last reset/power-up.
- 2. Press the Up arrow/F2 button again to display the minimum reading of channel A since the last reset/power up.
- 3. To reset max/min press Right arrow/F1 button to access the Reset menu. The max & min displays are reset to actual values.
- 4. Press Menu to exit max/min display reading.

Troubleshooting

Due to the many features and functions of the meter, it's possible that the setup of the meter does not agree with what an operator expects to see. If the meter is not working as expected, refer to the Diagnostics menu and recommendations below.

Diagnostics Menu (ฮ เห็น)

The Diagnostics menu is located in the Advanced Features menu, to access Diagnostics menu see Advanced Features Menu, page 46.

This menu allows the user to test the functionality of all the meter LEDs, check the meter's software and version information, and erase the MeterView Pro software installation files from the meter. Press the Enter button to view the settings and the Menu button to exit at any time.

For a description of the diagnostic messages, see Advanced Features Menu & Display Messages, page 46.

Determining Software Version

To determine the software version of a meter:

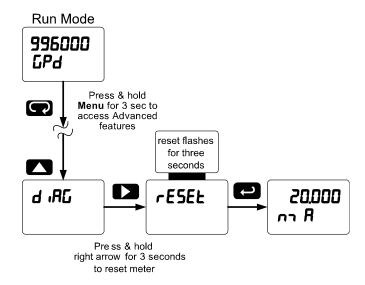
- 1. Go to the *Diagnostics* menu (d AL) and press Enter button.
- 2. Press Up arrow button and scroll to Information menu (InFa).
- 3. Press Enter to access the software number (5FL) and version (UEr) information. Write down the information as it is displayed. Continue pressing Enter until all the information is displayed.
- 4. The meter returns to Run Mode after displaying all the settings.

Reset Meter to Factory Defaults

When the parameters have been changed in a way that is difficult to determine what's happening, it might be better to start the setup process from the factory defaults.

Instructions to load factory defaults:

- 3. Enter the Advanced Features menu. See Advanced Features Menu, page 46.
- 4. Press Up arrow to go to Diagnostics menu
- 5. Press and hold Right arrow for three seconds, press Enter when display flashes rESEL.
 - Note: If Enter is not pressed within three seconds, the display returns to the *Diagnostics* menu.
- 6. The meter goes through an initialization sequence (similar as on power-up), and loads the factory default settings.



Note: The dual-scale selection for some level applications (d-SCAL) is not reset to the single scale factory default. This can be changed using the Setup – Input menu.

Factory Defaults & User Settings

The following table shows the factory setting for most of the programmable parameters on the meter.

Parameter	Display	Default Setting
Input type	InPut	
Input type, channel A	Eh-R	4-20 mA
Input type, channel B	[h-b	4-20 mA
Unit	un iE	
Unit, channel A	Ch-A	mA-A
Unit, channel B	[Ի-Ь	mA-b
Unit, channel C	Eh-E	mA-C
Number of points	no PES	
Number of points, ch A	Eh-R	2
Number of points, ch B	[h-b	2
Scaling, (channel A)	ScAL A	
Input 1, channel A	InP I	4.000 mA
Display 1, channel A	d 15 1	4.000
Input 2, channel A	InP 2	20.000 mA
Display 2, channel A	d .5 2	20.000
Scaling (channel B)	ScAL b	
Input 1, channel B	InP I	4.000 mA
Display 1, channel B	d 15 1	4.000
Input 2, channel B	InP 2	20.000 mA
Display 2, channel B	d .5 2	20.000
Math, channel C	Sunn	Sum
Adder (constant P)	RddEr	0.000
Factor (constant F)	FActor	1
Filter	FiLEEr	
Filter, channel A	Eh-R	70
Filter, channel B	Eh-b	70
Bypass, channel A	64PRSS	0.2
Bypass, channel B	64PRSS	0.2
Round	round	1
Cutoff	CutoFF	
Cutoff value, channel A	Eh-R	0.000 (disabled)

Parameter	Display	Default Setting
Cutoff value, channel B	[հ-6	0.000 (disabled)
Display assignment	dSPLRY	
Display Line 1	d [h−R	Channel A
Display Line 2	d [h-b	Channel B
Display intensity	d- Inty	8
Relay 1 assignment	[h-A	Channel A
Relay 1 action	Act 1	Automatic
Relay 1 set point	SEŁ I	1.000
Relay 1 reset point	rSt 1	0.500
Relay 2 assignment	Ch-A	Channel A
Relay 2 action	Act 2	Automatic
Relay 2 set point	SEŁ 2	2.000
Relay 2 reset point	r5t 2	1.500
Relay 3 assignment	Ch-A	Channel A
Relay 3 action	Act 3	Automatic
Relay 3 set point	SEŁ 3	3.000
Relay 3 reset point	r5t 3	2.500
Relay 4 assignment	[h-A	Channel A
Relay 4 action	Rct 4	Automatic
Relay 4 set point	SEŁ Y	4.000
Relay 4 reset point	r5E 4	3.500
Fail-safe relay 1	FLS 1	Off
Fail-safe relay 2	FLS 2	Off
Fail-safe relay 3	FLS 3	Off
Fail-safe relay 4	FLS 4	Off
On delay relay 1	On 1	0.0 sec
Off delay relay 1	OFF I	0.0 sec
On delay relay 2	On 2	0.0 sec
Off delay relay 2	OFF 2	0.0 sec
On delay relay 3	On 3	0.0 sec
Off delay relay 3	OFF 3	0.0 sec
On delay relay 4	0n 4	0.0 sec
Off delay relay 4	OFF 4	0.0 sec
Loop break relay 1	:GnorE	Ignore
Loop break relay 2	√GnorE	Ignore
Loop break relay 3	ιδnorΕ	Ignore
Loop break relay 4	ιδnorΕ	Ignore
		61

	I = · ·	B 6 11 0 111
Parameter	Display	Default Setting
Display 1 analog out	d 15 1	4.000
Output 1 value	Out 1	4.000 mA
Display 2 analog out	d :5 Z	20.000
Output 2 value	Օսէ 2	20.000 mA
Source analog output	SourcE	Channel A
Overrange output	0-r8nG	21.000 mA
Underrange output	ո-ւ႘սը	3.000 mA
Loop break output	brEAX	3.000 mA
Maximum output	הה אא	23.000 mA
Minimum output	חו רח	3.000 mA
Slave ID (Address)	SLAN 19	247
Baud rate	bRud	9600
Transmit delay	tr dLY	50 ms
Parity	PRr 124	Even
Byte-to-byte timeout	F-PAF	010 (0.1 sec)

Parameter	Display	Default Setting
F1 function key	FI	Reset max & min
F2 function key	F2	Upper Max & Min
F3 function key	F3	Acknowledge relays
F4 function (digital input)	FY	Acknowledge relays
Digital input 1	911	Menu
Digital input 2	915	Right arrow
Digital input 3	913	Up arrow
Digital input 4	914	Enter
Digital output 1	d0	Alarm 1
Digital output 2	40 Z	Alarm 2
Digital output 3	d0 3	Alarm 3
Digital output 4	d0 Y	Alarm 4
Password 1	PRSS 1	000000 (unlocked)
Password 2	PRSS 2	000000 (unlocked)
Password 3	PRSS 3	000000 (unlocked)

Troubleshooting Tips

Symptom	Check/Action	
No display at all	Check power at power connector	
Not able to change setup or programming, Locd is displayed	Meter is password-protected, enter correct six-digit password to unlock	
	Check:	
Meter displays error message	Signal connections	
during calibration (Error)	Input selected in Setup menu	
	Minimum input span requirements	
Meter displays	Check:	
999999 -99999	Input selected in Setup menu	
	Corresponding signal at Signal connector	
	Check:	
	Input signal stability and value	
Display is unstable	Display scaling vs. input signal	
	Filter and bypass values (increase)	
Display response is too slow	Check filter and bypass values	
	Check:	
Display reading is not accurate	Signal input conditioner selected: Linear, square root, etc.	
	Scaling or calibration	
Display does not respond to input	Check:	
changes, reading a fixed number	Display assignment, it might be displaying max, min, or set point.	
Display alternates between	Display designment, it might be displaying mazi, min, or set point.	
H and a number	Press Menu to exit max/min display readings.	
Lo and a number	1 1000 Wicha to Oxic maximin display readings.	
Eb and a number	Check:	
Polay operation is reversed	1	
Relay operation is reversed	Fail-safe in Setup menu	
	Wiring of relay contacts Check:	
Relay and status LED do not		
respond to signal	Relay action in Setup menu	
<u> </u>	Set and reset points	
Flashing relay status LEDs	Relays in manual control mode or relay interlock switches opened.	
	Check:	
Meter not communicating with application programs	Serial adapter and cable	
	Serial settings	
	Meter address and baud rate	
If the display locks up or the meter	Cycle the power to reboot the	
does not respond at all	microprocessor.	
Other symptoms not described	Call Technical Support for	
above	assistance.	

Note: Certain sequences of events can cause unexpected results. To solve these issues, it is best to start fresh from factory defaults and map changes ahead of time, rather than at random.