POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE DUCT ACCREDITATION (PANDA) SYSTEM MODEL PAN231 SERIES (PANDA LIGHT)

OPERATION AND SERVICE MANUAL

P/N 6006886, REVISION C JULY 2017





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Chapter 1

Unpacking and Parts Identification

Carefully unpack the PANDA system and instrument cases from the shipping container. Check the individual parts against the list of components below. If anything is missing or damaged, notify TSI immediately.

The PANDA system consists of the following:

Qty	Description	Part Number	Reference Picture
1	Low flow nozzle	6002598	
1	Primary duct adapter spigot plus rubber bung (to fit to test duct)	6002638	
1	Cam lock primary spigot (to connect flexi-duct to PANDA)	6002607	
2	Ø4-in. (100-mm) adjustable over lock straps	6002683	
1	13-ft (4-m) long Ø4-in. (100-mm) plastic flexible duct	6002667	
2	20-in. (500-mm) silicone tubes (red)	AFL9020004	

Qty	Description	Part Number	Reference Picture
2	20-in. (500-mm) silicone tubes (blue)	AFL9020005	
1	16-ft (5-m) silicone tube (blue)	AFL9020005	
1	K-type thermocouple probe	AFL82859201	
3	Instrument adapter	AFL82859401	
1	Instrument box	6006490	
1	Flex Duct Carry Tube	6006491	
1	Operation and Service manual	6006886	ACCECUTATION PARADAST STEEL MODEL PARADAST STEEL MODEL PARADAST STEEL MODEL PARADAST STEEL MODEL PARADAST STEEL
			18.

Chapter 1 2

The following two instruments should be used in conjunction with the PANDA unit:

9565-P Multi-function Instrument	Window Williams	Refer to 9565 Operation and Service Manual supplied with the instrument for additional parts supplied as standard.
5815 Micromanometer	0.663 2	Refer to 5815 Operation and Service Manual supplied with the instrument for additional parts supplied as standard.

(continued on next page)

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IMPORTANT— **Read Before Using the PANDA for the First Time**

It is IMPORTANT that the 110V PANDA (yellow power socket) be connected only to 110V to 120V supplies. Connecting it to a higher voltage supply will permanently damage the inverter.

The 220V/240V PANDA (blue power socket) should only be connected to 200V to 240V power supplies.

When storing the PANDA in a vertical position, please ensure that the straps holding the instrument box are in place and tightened first.

The PANDA is designed so that the Instrument box and duct carry tube are removable to lighten the load when lifting.



Chapter 1

Chapter 2

Preparing PAN231 System for Air Duct Leak Testing

Carefully follow the procedures below to achieve safe and accurate leakage testing:

Successfully completing a duct leakage test requires compiling certain information prior to starting the test. Refer to Appendix B for a discussion of standards relating to duct leakage testing. The list below indicates the information required:

- Type of leakage test to be performed (positive or negative).
- Leakage standard to be followed.
- Air tightness/leakage class to be achieved.
- Amount of ductwork to be tested, such as the complete system or a statistical sample.
- Select the section of the ductwork to be tested.
- 2. Calculate the surface area of the ductwork of the section to be tested.
- 3. Temporarily seal all the openings of the ductwork except one, which will be connected to the PAN231 duct leakage tester.
- 4. Position the PAN231 unit as close to the remaining opening in the ductwork as possible to minimize the flexible tubing needed. Minimize bends in the flexible tubing to reduce the pressure loss, giving the best performance.
- 5. Make sure the Fan Run/Stop Switch on the Fan Speed Controller is in the Stop position and the multi-turn Fan Speed Control potentiometer is fully turned counter-clockwise using the picture of the VFD in Figure 1 as a reference. Plug the cord into the PANDA unit as shown in Figure 2 and Figure 3. Then connect the other end of the cord to a suitable electrical supply.

CAUTION

Remove the power cord from the PANDA duct leakage tester before tilting it to the vertical position to avoid damaging the cord.

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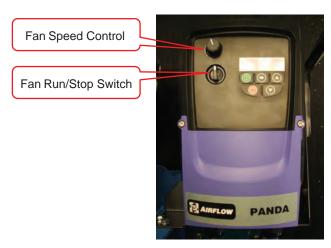


Figure 1. Fan Speed Controller

Note: The settings for the inverter have been locked and cannot be changed using the key pad.



Figure 2. Receptacle for Power Cord



Figure 3. Connected Power Cord

Note:

The 110V unit has a yellow receptacle and the 230V unit has a blue receptacle.

6 Chapter 2

- 6. Fit the primary duct adapter spigot (black sheet metal with rubber bung) to one end of the 4-in. (100-mm) diameter flexitube. Make an air-tight seal using one of the over lock straps and lever-locking cam provided as shown in Figure 4. Adjust the fit of the over lock strap with a screwdriver.
- 7. Securely attach the black primary duct adapter spigot/flexi-tube assembly to the opening on the ductwork to be pressure tested.
- 8. If the static pressure tap on the black Primary Duct Adapter is open to the duct, connect the 16-ft (5-m) long blue silicone tube to it as shown in Figure 5.
 - If the static pressure tap on the black Primary Duct Adapter is not open to the duct, drill a 4-mm hole in the duct and insert about 6 inches (10 mm) of the silicone tube into the duct. Seal around the hole with putty.
- 9. Connect the other end of the 4-in. (100-mm) flexi-tube to the cam lock connector (gray cast



Figure 4. Flex Ductwork Connected to Primary Adapter Spigot. Bung not shown.



Figure 5. Connecting Pressure Tubing to Tap on Primary Duct Adapter. Bung not shown.

aluminum without nozzle). Make an airtight seal using the other over lock strap (not shown) and lever-locking cam provided. Adjust the fit of the over lock strap with a screwdriver.

- 10. Determine if you are going to perform a high- or low-flow testing and positive or negative testing. Set-up the duct leakage tester by:
 - a. For positive pressure, highflow testing, remove the low flow nozzle if it is installed. Then, connect the gray cast-aluminum cam lock connector to the outlet side of the blower per Figure 6. Close both cam lock arms at the same time to ensure proper fit.

Connect the free end of the static pressure 16-ft (5-m) silicone tube to the positive pressure connector on the 5815.



Figure 6. Positive Pressure, High-Flow Setup

Finally, connect the **FLOW GRID** pressure taps marked **P1(+)** and **P2(-)** to the appropriate connectors on the 9565-P using the red and blue tubing.

b. For positive pressure, lowflow testing, add the lowflow nozzle to the blower inlet if it is not installed per Figure 7. Then, connect the gray cast-aluminum cam lock connector to the outlet side of the blower per Figure 6. Close both cam lock arms at the same time to ensure proper fit.

Connect the free end of the static pressure 16-ft (5-m) silicone tube to the positive pressure connector on the 5815.



Figure 7. Positive Pressure, Low-Flow Setup

Finally connect the pressure taps marked **P1(+)** and **P2(-)** on the nozzle to the appropriate connectors on the 9565-P using the red and blue tubing.

8 Chapter 2

c. For negative pressure, high-flow testing, remove the low flow nozzle if it is installed. Then, connect the gray cast aluminum cam lock connector to the inlet side of the blower per Figure 8. Close both cam lock arms at the same time to ensure proper fit.

Connect the free end of the static pressure 16-ft (5-m) silicone tube to pressure connector on the 5815.

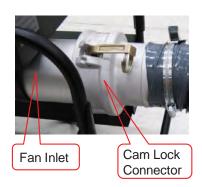


Figure 8. Negative Pressure, High-Flow Setup

Finally connect the pressure taps marked P1(+) and P2(-) to the appropriate connector on the 9565-P using the red and blue tubing.

d. For negative pressure, lowflow testing, add the lowflow nozzle to the blower inlet if it is not installed. Then, connect the gray cast aluminum cam lock connector to the low-flow nozzle per Figure 9. Close both cam lock arms at the same time to ensure proper fit.

Connect the free end of the static pressure 16-ft (5-m) silicone tube to the positive pressure connector to the 5815.

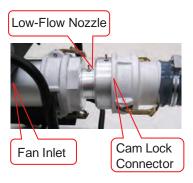


Figure 9. Negative Pressure, Low-Flow Set-Up

Finally connect the pressure taps marked P1(+) and P2(-) on the nozzle to the appropriate connectors on the 9565-P using the red and blue tubing.

Chapter 3

Performing a Duct Leakage Test

The PAN231 duct leakage test system includes a Model 5815 Micromanometer and a Model 9565-P Ventilation Meter. During duct leakage testing, the Model 5815 Micromanometer measures the duct static pressure while the Model 9565-P Ventilation Meter measures the airflow rate.

Refer to the Operation and Service Manuals for the Model 5815 Micromanometer and the Model 9565-P Ventilation Meter to use these instruments in other applications.

Measuring Duct Static Pressure

- 1. Turn ON the Model 5815.
- 2. Zero the Model 5815 pressure sensor with both ports open to the atmosphere.
- 3. Connect the (+) port on the Model 5815 to measure the duct static pressure (see Figure 5).
- 4. Leave the (-) port on the Model 5815 open to the atmosphere.

Note:

Refer to the Model 5815 Operation and Service Manual for instruction on use.

Measuring Duct Leakage Flow

- 1. Turn ON Model 9565-P.
- 2. Zero the Model 9565-P pressure sensor with both ports open to the atmosphere.
- Connect the Model 9565-P to the PAN231 by connecting the (+) and (-) ports on the Model 9565-P to the P1 (+) and P2 (+) ports located on the inside edge of the box shelf facing the fan. See Figure 10.
- 4. Connect the thermocouple to the Model 9565-P.
- 5. Insert the thermocouple probe into the blower inlet through the hole marked **TC1**.

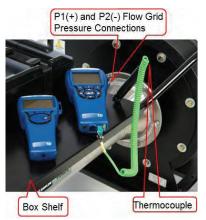


Figure 10. Connecting
Instruments to PANDA Tester in
High Flow Mode

Turning on the PAN231 Duct Leakage Tester

- 1. Power the PANDA unit on by plugging in the power cord.
- Position the Fan Control switch to the RUN position to energize the fan.
- Increase the fan to the desired speed by turning the Fan Speed Controller clockwise. To decrease the fan speed, turn the Fan Speed controller counter-clockwise.

Using Leakage Test Application in the Model 9565-P

CAUTION

The Model 5815 and Model 9565-P meters must be zeroed before entering the Leakage Test Application.

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- 1. Press the **MENU** key to access the menu system on the Model 9565-P.
- 2. Use the ▲▼ keys to highlight the Applications item.
- 3. Press the ← (ENTER) key to access the Applications menu.

MENU

Zero Press Display Setup Settings

Flow Setup

Actual/Std Setup

Data Logging

Zero CO

Applications

Calibration

Discover Printer

4. Select Leakage Test and press ← key.

APPLICATIONS

Draft Rate Heatflow Turbulence % Outside Air **Leakage Test**

5. Select either the EN Standard or SMACNA leakage test.

LEAKAGE TEST

EN Standard SMACNA

Instrument Operation if EN Standard Test Protocol is Selected

- 1. Enter key parameters:
 - a. Surface Area of ductwork section to be tested.
 - b. Static Pressure of test, as measured by Model 5815 micromanometer.
 - c. Flow Device as Nozzle or Flow Grid.

LEAKAGE TEST

Surface Area Static Pressure Flow Device **Tightness Class** Test Length Run Test

Performing a Duct Leakage Test

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- d. Leakage class as A, B, C, or D. Note that tests with negative pressures must be selected as negative tests, as indicated by -.
- e. Test Length, or duration of leakage test, usually 5 minutes.
- 2. Increase the blower speed until the desired static pressure is achieved.
- 3. When the static pressure has stabilized, select Run Test and press ← .
- 4. The display will show the readings on the right. Leakage Factor and Leak Rate will update in real time, while other parameters will remain constant.

If the Leakage Factor and Leak Rate are sufficiently stable, press the START soft key or the ← key to begin the leak test. Pressing the **ESC** key will exit back to the previous screen.

LEAKAGE T	EST
Leakage Factor	X.XX
Leak Limit	X.XX
Leak Rate	X.XX
Status	OK
Flow Device	Flow Grid
Baro Pressure	20.20
Temperature	20°C
Time	9:55
Standard	TestXXX
	Sample
	0
(Sample Saved	1)

5. After the leak test is complete, the Model 9565-P will prompt you to press the SAVE or PRINT soft key. You can also press the ESC key here to back out to the previous screen without saving the data.

After completing leakage testing for a section of duct, you can move onto the next section.

Instrument Operation if SMACNA Test Protocol is Selected

- 1. Enter key parameters:
 - a. Surface Area of ductwork section to be tested.
 - b. Static Pressure of test, as measured by Model 5815 micromanometer.
 - c. Flow Device as Nozzle or Flow Grid.

LEAKAGE TEST

Surface Area Static Pressure Flow Device Leakage Class Test Length Run Test

14 Chapter 4

1.888.610.7664

- d. Leakage class as a number from 1 to 48. Typical values are 2, 4, 8, or 16.
- e. Test Length, or duration of leakage test.
- 2. Increase the blower speed until the desired static pressure is achieved.
- 3. When the static pressure has stabilized, select **Run Test** and press ←.
- The display will show the readings on the right. Leakage Factor and Leak Rate will update in real time, while other parameters will remain constant.

LEAKAGE T	EST
Leakage Factor	X.XX
Leak Limit	X.XX
Leak Rate	X.XX
Status	OK
Flow Device	Flow Grid
Baro Pressure	20.20
Temperature	20°C
Time	9:55
Standard	TestXXX
	Sample
	0
(Sample Saved	1)
Stop(Save) Prin	t

If the Leak Factor and Leak Rate are sufficiently stable, press the START soft key or the ← key to begin the leak test. Pressing the ESC key will exit back to the previous screen.

 After the leak test is complete, the Model 9565-P will prompt you to press the SAVE or PRINT soft key. You can also press the ESC key here to back out to the previous screen without saving the data.

After completing leakage testing for a section of duct, you can move onto the next section.

Troubleshooting Guide

Symptom	Recommended Action
Fan motor will not run.	Check the power connection.Circuit Breaker may have tripped.
Static pressure reading (on 5815) is zero.	Check the connections.
Static pressure reading (on 5815) is too low. Required static pressure cannot be achieved with motor speed control settings at the maximum.	Leakage rate is too high. Check for leaks using soap bubbles or smoke pallets. Alternatively, test a smaller section of the ductwork.
Leak Flow (on 9565-P) shows flashing XXX.XX.	 Check the pressure tube connections to the 9565-P meter. Leak flow is too low. Use low flow nozzle adapter.

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Appendix A

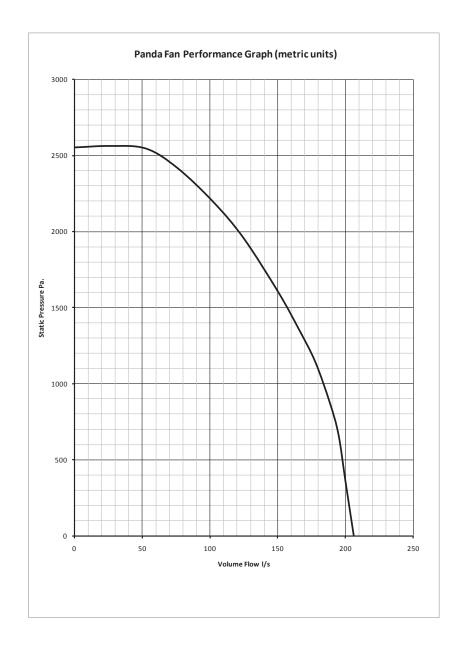
Specifications

Pressure Measurement (5815) Range ± 3,735 Pa ±15 inwg Resolution 0.1 Pa 0.001 inwg Accuracy ±1% of reading ±1% of reading ±0.005 inwg Actual duct static range 2500 Pa at 0 Flow 10 inwg at 0 Flow Volume Flow Measurement (9565-P) High Leakage Range (Flow Grid): 10 to 200 l/s 36 to 720 m³/hr 21 to 424 cfm Low Leakage Range (15 mm Low Flow Nozzle Adapter) 1 to 13 l/s 3.6 to 46.9 m³/hr 2 to 27.5 cfm Accuracy ±2.5% of reading or ±0.01 l/s, whichever is greater ±2.5% of reading or ±0.02 cfm, whichever is greater Resolution 0.01 l/s 0.01 m³/hr, whichever is greater 0.01 l/s 0.01 m³/hr 0.01 cfm Temperature Measurement (9565-P) K Type Thermo Couple Probe To EN60584 (IEC 584) Barometric Pressure Measurement (9565-P) Range 690 to 1,241 hPa 517.5 to 930.87 mm Hg 20.36 to 36.648 in Hg Accuracy ±2% of reading ±2% of reading Weight 45 Kg 99 lbs 121 lbs			
Resolution	Pressure Measurement (58	315)	
Accuracy	Range	± 3,735 Pa	±15 inwg
#1 Pa #0.005 inwg Actual duct static range	Resolution	0.1 Pa	0.001 inwg
Volume Flow Measurement (9565-P) High Leakage Range (Flow Grid): 10 to 200 l/s 21 to 424 cfm Low Leakage Range (15 mm Low Flow Nozzle Adapter) 1 to 13 l/s 2 to 27.5 cfm Accuracy ±2.5% of reading or ±0.01 l/s, whichever is greater ±2.5% of reading or ±0.02 cfm, whichever is greater *2.5% of reading or ±0.04 m³/hr, whichever is greater 0.01 l/s 0.01 l/s 0.01 m³/hr 0.01 cfm **Temperature Measurement (9565-P) **K Type Thermo Couple Probe To EN60584 (IEC 584) **Barometric Pressure Measurement (9565-P) **Range 690 to 1,241 hPa 517.5 to 36.648 in Hg 20.36 to 36.648 in Hg **Accuracy ±2% of reading ±2% of reading **Weight 45 Kg 99 lbs	Accuracy	· ·	
High Leakage Range (Flow Grid): 36 to 720 m³/hr 21 to 424 cfm (Flow Grid): 36 to 720 m³/hr 2 to 27.5 cfm 3.6 to 46.9 m³/hr Adapter) 42.5% of reading or ±0.01 l/s, whichever is greater	Actual duct static range	2500 Pa at 0 Flow	10 inwg at 0 Flow
(Flow Grid): 36 to 720 m³/hr Low Leakage Range (15 mm Low Flow Nozzle Adapter) 1 to 13 l/s 2 to 27.5 cfm Accuracy ±2.5% of reading or ±0.01 l/s, whichever is greater ±2.5% of reading or ±0.02 cfm, whichever is greater Low Leakage Range (15 mm Low Flow Nozzle Adapter) ±2.5% of reading or ±0.01 l/s, whichever is greater ±2.5% of reading or ±0.02 cfm, whichever is greater Low Leakage Range (15 mm Low Flow Nozzle Adapter) ±2.5% of reading or ±0.02 cfm, whichever is greater Low Leakage Range (15 mm Low Flow Flow Flow Flow Flow Flow Flow Fl	Volume Flow Measuremen	it (9565-P)	
(15 mm Low Flow Nozzle Adapter) Accuracy \$\frac{\pmath{\pmath{\pmath{2}}} \text{ Adapter}}{\pmath{\pmath{2}} \text{ Adapter}} \text{ 2.5% of reading or \$\pmath{\pmath{2}} \text{ 0.01 l/s, whichever is greater} \text{ whichever is greater} \text{ conditions of \$\pmath{\pmath{2}} \text{ 0.04 m}^3/hr, whichever is greater} \text{ 2.5% of reading or \$\pmath{\pmath{2}} \text{ 0.04 m}^3/hr, whichever is greater} \text{ Resolution} \text{ 0.01 l/s \text{ 0.01 m}^3/hr} \text{ 0.01 cfm} \text{ 0.01 m}^3/hr \text{ Temperature Measurement (9565-P)} \text{ K Type Thermo Couple Probe To EN60584 (IEC 584)} \text{ Barometric Pressure Measurement (9565-P)} \text{ Range} \text{ 690 to 1,241 hPa \text{ 36.648 in Hg} \text{ 36.648 in Hg} \text{ 930.87 mm Hg} \text{ Accuracy} \text{ \$\pmath{\pmath{2}} \text{ \$\pmath{2}\$ \text{ of reading}} \text{ \$\pmath{\pmath{2}\$ \text{ \$\pmath{2}\$ \text{ of reading}}} \text{ \$\pmath{\pmath{2}\$ \text{ \$\pmath{2}\$ \text{ of reading}}} \text{ \$\pmath{\pmath{2}\$ \text{ \$\pmath{2}\$ \text{ of reading}}} \text{ \$\pmath{\pmath{2}\$ \text{ \$\pmath{2}\$			21 to 424 cfm
or ±0.01 l/s, whichever is greater ±2.5% of reading or ±0.04 m³/hr, whichever is greater Resolution 0.01 l/s 0.01 m³/hr Temperature Measurement (9565-P) K Type Thermo Couple Probe To EN60584 (IEC 584) Barometric Pressure Measurement (9565-P) Range 690 to 1,241 hPa 517.5 to 930.87 mm Hg Accuracy ±2% of reading ±2% of reading Weight Carry Weight 45 Kg 99 lbs	(15 mm Low Flow Nozzle		2 to 27.5 cfm
or ±0.04 m³/hr, whichever is greater Resolution 0.01 l/s 0.01 m³/hr Temperature Measurement (9565-P) K Type Thermo Couple Probe To EN60584 (IEC 584) Barometric Pressure Measurement (9565-P) Range 690 to 1,241 hPa 517.5 to 930.87 mm Hg Accuracy ±2% of reading ±2% of reading Weight Carry Weight 45 Kg 99 lbs	Accuracy	or ±0.01 l/s, whichever is	or ±0.02 cfm, whichever is
O.01 m³/hr Temperature Measurement (9565-P) K Type Thermo Couple Probe To EN60584 (IEC 584) Barometric Pressure Measurement (9565-P) Range		or ±0.04 m³/hr, whichever is	
K Type Thermo Couple Probe To EN60584 (IEC 584) Barometric Pressure Measurement (9565-P) Range 690 to 1,241 hPa 517.5 to 930.87 mm Hg 20.36 to 36.648 in Hg Accuracy ±2% of reading ±2% of reading Weight 45 Kg 99 lbs	Resolution	0.0	0.01 cfm
Barometric Pressure Measurement (9565-P) Range 690 to 1,241 hPa 517.5 to 930.87 mm Hg 20.36 to 36.648 in Hg Accuracy ±2% of reading ±2% of reading Weight 45 Kg 99 lbs	Temperature Measuremen	t (9565-P)	
Range 690 to 1,241 hPa 517.5 to 930.87 mm Hg 20.36 to 36.648 in Hg Accuracy ±2% of reading ±2% of reading Weight 45 Kg 99 lbs	K Type Thermo Couple Prob	pe To EN60584 (IEC	584)
517.5 to 930.87 mm Hg Accuracy ±2% of reading ±2% of reading Weight Carry Weight 45 Kg 99 lbs	Barometric Pressure Meas	surement (9565-P)	
Weight Carry Weight 45 Kg 99 lbs	Range	517.5 to	
Carry Weight 45 Kg 99 lbs	Accuracy	±2% of reading	±2% of reading
	Weight		

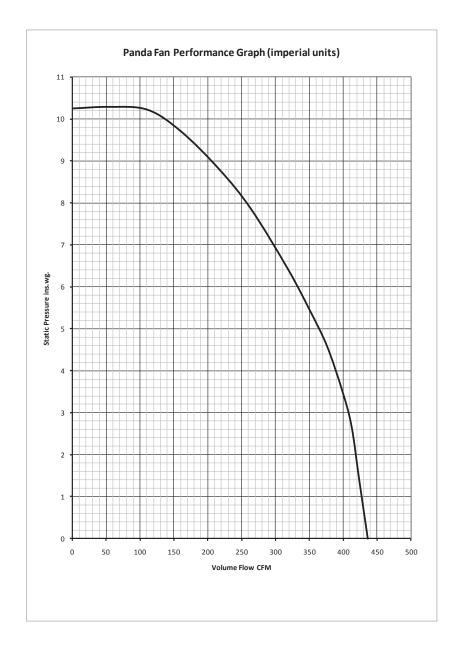
Dimensions (LxWxH)				
	1,130 mm x 660 mm x 600 mm	44.5 in. x 26 in. x 23.5 in.		
Power Requirements				
230V Version	220 to 240 V, 1 Phase, 50/60 Hz 10A			
110V Version	110 to 120 V, 1 Phase, 50/60 Hz 16A			
9565-P and 5815				
See specification sheets for details on individual instruments				

(Specifications are subject to change without notice.)

18 Appendix A



Specifications 19



20 Appendix A

Appendix B

Leakage Testing Standards Highlights

Different standards are used throughout the world to specify duct air tightness and leakage requirements. The PAN231 duct leakage test system has a duct leakage application to automatically compare the actual leakage flow with the maximum allowed leakage flow for EN and SMACNA standards. Field technicians can also use the duct leakage application to determine actual leakage flow and manually compare it to maximum leakage from another standard. The PAN231 duct leakage test system cannot determine the appropriate leakage classification for a given duct.

Standards Supported

Standard	US- or EU- Based	Description
BS EN 12237:2003	EU	Ventilation for buildings— Ductwork—Strength and leakage of circular sheet metal ducts.
BS EN 1507:2006	EU	Ventilation for buildings—Sheet metal air ducts with rectangular section—Requirements for strength and leakage.
DW/143	EU	HVAC—A practical guide to Ductwork leakage testing.
Eurovent 2/2	EU	Air leakage rate in sheet metal air distribution systems.
SMACNA HVAC Air Duct Leakage Test manual, Second edition, 2012	US	Duct construction leakage classification, expected leakage rates for sealed and unsealed ductwork, duct leakage test procedures, recommendations on use of leakage testing, types of test apparatus and test setup and sample leakage analysis.

TSI has made every effort to accurately reflect the standards referenced. Please refer to the actual standards for more detailed information and to make the best interpretation of each statement.

The scope of the standards listed above includes many items other than duct leakage. This summary; however, is limited to duct leakage testing.

EU Standards

Ductwork classification and maximum air leakage. Note that EN1507, EN12237 Eurovent 2/2 and DW/143 all have the same formula to determine f_{max}, the Air Leakage Limit, although DW/143 uses units of I/s/m² whereas others use m³/s/m².

EN 1507 (rectangular ductwork)

		Static Pressure Limit (ps) Pa			
Air Tightness	Air Leakage Limit (f _{max})			ositive a ssure cla	
Class	m³/s/m² ′	Negative	1	2	3
Α	$0.027 * p_t^{0.65}$	200	400		
	1000				
В	$0.009 * p_t^{0.65}$	500	400	1000	2000
	1000				
С	$0.003 * p_t^{0.65}$	750	400	1000	2000
	1000				
D*	$0.001 * p_t^{0.65}$	750	400	1000	2000
	1000				

^{*} Class D ductwork is only for special apparatus

EN12237 (circular ductwork)

Air Tightness	Air leakage limit (f _{max})	Static Pressure Limit (ps)	
Class	m ^{3*} /s/m ²	Negative	Positive
Α	$\frac{0.027 * p_t^{0.65}}{1000}$	500	500
В	$\frac{0.009 * p_t^{0.65}}{1000}$	750	1000
С	$\frac{0.003 * p_t^{0.65}}{1000}$	750	2000
D*	$\frac{0.001 * p_t^{0.65}}{1000}$	750	2000

^{*} Class D ductwork is only for special apparatus

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Air Tightness Class	Air leakage limit (f _{max}) m³/s/m²		
Α	$0.027 * p_t^{0.65}$		
	1000		
В	$0.009 * p_t^{0.65}$		
	1000		
С	$0.003 * p_t^{0.65}$		
	1000		

DW/143: A Practical Guide to Ductwork Leakage Testing

Duct	Static Pressure Limit		Maximum Air	Air leakage
Pressure Class	Positive Pa	Negative Pa	Velocity m/s	limits l/s/m²
Low-pressure - Class A	500	500	10	0.027*pt ^{0.65}
Medium- pressure – Class B	1000	750	20	0.009*pt ^{0.65}
High pressure – Class C	2000	750	40	0.003*pt ^{0.65}

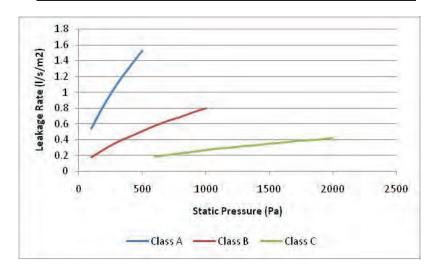


Figure 11. Allowable Air Leakage Rates from DW/143

Leakage Testing Standards Highlights

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 The measured leakage flow rates shall be corrected if the temperature and/or barometric pressure are different from standard conditions (+20°C and 101 325 Pa) as follows:

$$q_v = q_{measured} \cdot \frac{293}{273 + t} \cdot \frac{p}{101325}$$

where:

q_v=corrected flow leakage rate q_{measured} = measured flow leakage rate t = measured temperature (°C) p = measured barometric pressure (Pa)

- The test report shall give the following general information of the test performed:
 - Date and place
 - Test personnel and witness
 - Test equipment, including pressuring means and measuring instruments
 - Air temperature and barometric pressure during the test
 - o Building and project reference
 - Design of installed ductwork including dimensions, thickness of materials, types of stiffening, length, type of duct/tubes and fittings, assembly method and distance of hangers/supports
 - Required air tightness class and design operating pressure of the installed ductwork
 - Installer of ductwork
 - Manufacturer of the ductwork
 - Measured values of:
 - 1. Ductwork surface area (A)
 - 2. Total joint length (L)
 - 3. Test pressure (p_{test})
 - 4. Leakage flow rate (q_v) corrected for temperature and barometric pressure
 - 5. Pressurizing time
 - Calculated values of
 - 1. Leakage factor (f)
 - 2. Air leakage limit (f_{max}) according to the formulas given in table above at the measured test pressure (p_{test})
 - Air tightness class achieved

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For tests including several test pressures it is recommended to plot the leakage factors as a function of test pressure in a diagram together with the air leakage limit curve.

US Standards

Ductwork classification and maximum air leakage

Duct Class	½-, 1-, 2-inwg	3-inwg	4-, 6-, 10-inwg			
Seal Class	С	В	Α			
Sealing Applicable	Transverse Joints Only	Transverse Joints and Seams	Joints, Seams and All Applicable Wall Penetrations			
Leakage Class						
Rectangular Metal	16	8	4			
Round Metal	8	4	2			

Maximum air leakage is then defined as $F=C_LP^{0.65}$

where: $F = Maximum air leakage (cfm/100 ft^2)$

C_L = Leakage class P = Pressure (inwg)

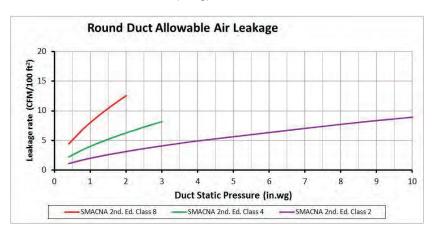


Figure 12. Allowable Air Duct Leakage from Round Ducts, per SMACNA Standard

Leakage Testing Standards Highlights

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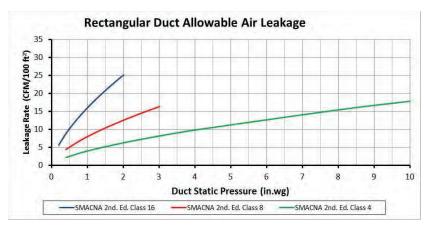


Figure 13. Allowable Air Duct Leakage from Rectangular Ducts, per SMACNA Standard

- The SMACNA standard does not generally require correcting leakage flow rates to standard conditions, unless:
 - 1. Air temperature <40°F or >100°F
 - 2. Elevation <1500 ft above sea level
 - 3. Duct static pressure <-20 inwg or >+20 inwg

Should one of these conditions not be satisfied then correcting the leakage to standard conditions may be done using one of these formulas:

- ACFM=SCFM * (460+T)/530
 where T = actual dry bulb air temperature (°F)
 moisture is negligible
 pressure between -20 and +20 inwg
- 2. ACFM = SCFM * 0.075/d where d = air density from psychrometric chart
- 3. ACFM=lb dry air/minute * humid volume (ft³/lb dry air)

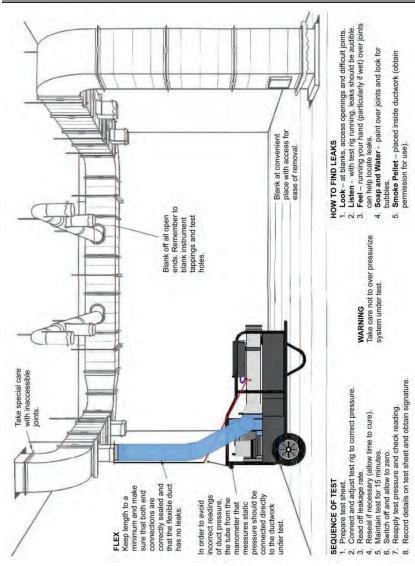
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- The SMACNA standard does not specify the information to be reported, but instead defers to project documents. However, the SMACNA standard does include a sample test report that includes:
 - o Test date and place
 - Test personnel and witness
 - Building and project reference
 - o Duct section tested
 - Specified leakage class, test pressure and duct construction pressure class
 - Measurements of:
 - Ductwork surface area
 - Leakage flow and calculations required to determine leakage flow

Leakage Testing Standards Highlights

Appendix C

Typical Setup



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