

MEMORY HICORDER MR8875

High-Speed Data Logger



As a Multichannel Logger

The MR8875 delivers multichannel measurement capability in a compact, A4-size footprint that ensures easy portability. Depending on which input modules are installed, measurement capabilities range from 16 analog channels to 60 thermocouple temperature measurement channels.

As a Super-High-Speed Logger

The MR8875 can simultaneously sample all channels in as little as 2 µsec. Sample up to 2 channels in 2 μ sec or up to 60 channels in 50 μ sec while writing data continuously to an SD memory card in real time. * Operation is guaranteed only with a genuine Hioki SD memory card.

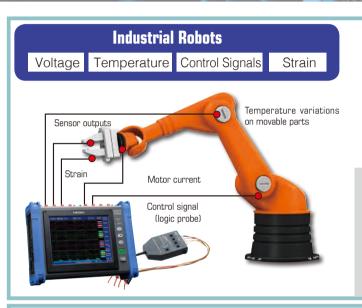
As a Long-Term Continuous Recording Logger

Real-time saving to SD card

At an interval of 100 msec, the MR8875 can record 8 channels of data for 155 days or 60 channels of data for 20 days. * Operation is guaranteed only with a genuine Hioki SD memory card.

Introducing a new input module that accepts up to 1000 V input and measures in RMS Select and install four input modules from a large selection. The MR8875 lets you mix and match modules to measure voltage, temperature, strain, and CAN signals or measure sensor output signals at a high, 16-bit resolution.

User-selectable input modules for more applications! A compact solution for multichannel measurement



The plug-in module-based architecture means you can mix and record a variety of signals across multiple channels - ideal for verifying the operation of multi-axis robots.

Example of module combinations

Analog Unit MR8901 $\times 2$ Voltage/Temp Unit MR8902 $\times 1$ Strain Unit MR8903 \times 1

R&D or Science Experiments

Voltage

Temperature





With its multichannel, long-term recording capabilities, the MR8875 is ideally suited for use in development applications such as performance and durability testing.

- Record sensor output.
- Evaluate sensors and other devices. Use as an X-Y recorder (flatbed).

Example of module combinations

Analog Unit MR8901 $\times 2$ Voltage/Temp Unit MR8902 $\times 2$

Development of Construction Machinery. Agricultural Machinery, and Automobiles Temperature Voltage Strain

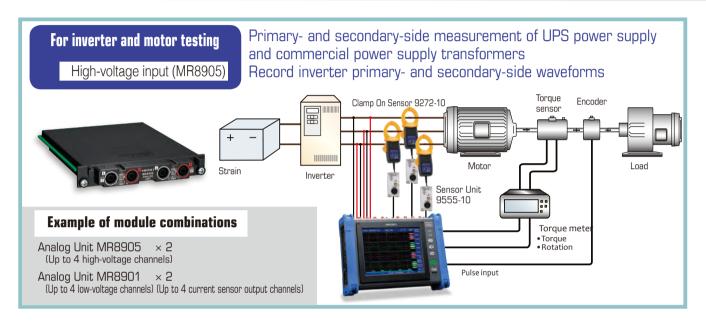
Enhanced environmental temperature and vibration resistance enable the MR8875 to withstand harsh measurement environments.

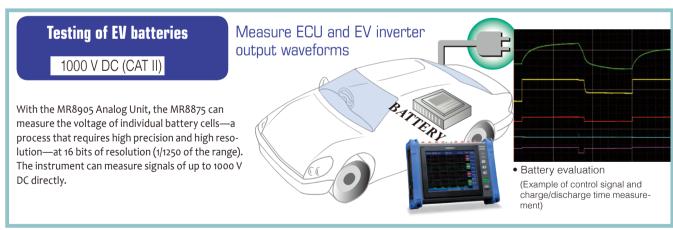
Example of module combinations

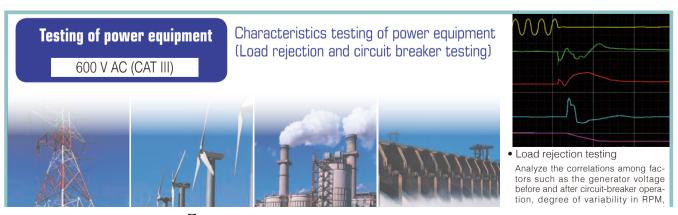
Analog Unit MR8901 $\times 1$ × 1 Voltage/Temp Unit MR8902 Strain Unit MR8903 × 1 CAN Unit MR8904

Applications

High-speed Data Recorder MR8875







Real-Time Saving to SD Card in High Resolution

8MW/unit

Memory card

Collect physical signals at a 500 kS/s sampling rate with a high resolution of 25,000 points f.s.

The same working principle as that of a digital oscilloscope is used to record data to the large-capacity internal memory at high speed. The sampling rate is 500 kS/s (2 µs period) on all channels simultaneously. Sensor signal waveforms are recorded and represented faithfully. Furthermore, a 16-bit A/D resolution ensures even subtle changes in the sensor signals are not missed. Internal memory

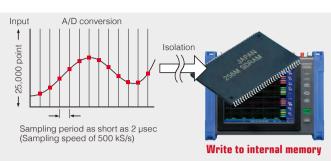
Ultra-high speed SD data recorder is a vast improvement over legacy products

The MR8875 takes advantage of revolutionary SD card technologies to offer faster real-time saving to a memory card from as fast as 2 µs intervals (operation is guaranteed only with a genuine HIOKI SD memory card). When the recording period (sampling rate) is 50 μs or less, data for all 60 channels can be recorded continuously over a long period.

■ Maximum recordable time to an 2GB SD memory card

- * Since the header information is included, actually recordable measurement data is approximately 90% of the times shown in the table below. The upper limit is 1,000 days but operation is guaranteed for 1 year.

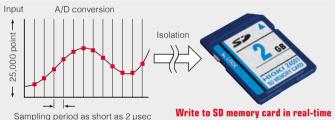
 * The recording interval is limited depending on the number of measurement ON channels.
- * Built-in logic, pulses P1 and P2 each use the capacity equivalent to one analog channel.



■ Maximum time to record to the internal storage memory (Abridged)

- * The maximum number of channels to be used is 16 because memory for recording to the internal memory is allocated to each input module.
- * Built-in logic, and pulses P1 and P2 each use the capacity equivalent to one analog channel.

No. of channels to be used * No. of channels for input module with most enabled- measurement channels		1 ch	3 to 4 ch	9 to 16 ch
Time axis (Abridged)	Sampling	80,000div	20,000div	5000div
200 μs/div	2 μs	16 s	4s	1s
1 ms/div	10 μs	1 min 20 s	20s	5s
10 ms/div	100 μs	13 min 20 s	3min 20s	50s
100 ms/div	1 ms	2 h 13 min 20 s	33min 20s	8min 20s
1 s/div	10 ms	22 h 13 min 20 s	5h 33min 20s	1h 23min 20s
10 s/div	100 ms	9 d 06 h 13 min 20 s	2d 07h 33min 20s	13h 53min 20s
100 s/div	1.0 s	92 d 14 h 13 min 20 s	23d 03h 33min 20s	5d 18h 53min 20s
5 min/div	3.0 s	277d 18h 40min	69d 10h 40min	17d 08h 40min



Sampling	period a	s shor	as 2	μse
(Sampling	rate 500) kS/se	c)	

Time axis	Recording intervals	1 ch	2 ch	4 ch	8 ch	16 ch	30 ch	60 ch
200 μs/div	2 μs	35 min 47 s	17 min 53 s	Not applicable				
500 μs/div	5 μs	1 h 29 min 28 s	44 min 44 s	22 min 22 s	11 min 11 s	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
1 ms/div	10 μs	2 h 58 min 57 s	1 h 29 min 28 s	44 min 44 s	22 min 22 s	11 min 11 s	Not applicable	Not applicable
2 ms/div	20 μs	5 h 57 min 54 s	2 h 58 min 57 s	1 h 29 min 28 s	44 min 44 s	22 min 22 s	11 min 55 s	Not applicable
5 ms/div	50 μs	14 h 54 min 47 s	7 h 27 min 23 s	3 h 43 min 41 s	1 h 51 min 50 s	55 min 55 s	29 min 49 s	14 min 54 s
10 ms/div	100 μs	1 d 05 h 49 min 34 s	14 h 54 min 47 s	7 h 27 min 23 s	3 h 43 min 41 s	1 h 51 min 50 s	59 min 39 s	29 min 49 s
20 ms/div	200 μs	2 d 11 h 39 min 08 s	1 d 05 h 49 min 34 s	14 h 54 min 47 s	7 h 27 min 23 s	3 h 43 min 41 s	1 h 59 min 18 s	59 min 39 s
50 ms/div	500 μs	6 d 05 h 07 min 50 s	3 d 02 h 33 min 55 s	1 d 13 h 16 min 57 s	18 h 38 min 28 s	9 h 19 min 14 s	4 h 58 min 15 s	2 h 29 min 07 s
100 ms/div	1 ms	12 d 10 h 15 min 41 s	6 d 05 h 07 min 50 s	3 d 02 h 33 min 55 s	1 d 13 h 16min 57 s	18 h 38 min 28 s	9 h 56 min 31 s	4 h 58 min 15 s
200 ms/div	2 ms	24 d 20 h 31 min 23 s	12 d 10 h 15 min 41 s	6 d 05 h 07 min 50 s	3 d 02 h 33 min 55 s	1 d 13 h 16 min 57 s	19 h 53 min 2 s	9 h 56 min 31 s
500 ms/div	5 ms	62 d 03 h 18 min 29 s	31 d 01 h 39min 14 s	15 d 12 h 39 min 14 s	7 d 18 h 24 min 48 s	3 d 21 h 12 min 24 s	2 d 01 h 42 min 36 s	1 d 00 h 51min 18 s
1 s/div	10 ms	124 d 06 h 36 min 58 s	62 d 03 h 18 min 29 s	31 d 01 h 39 min 14 s	15 d 12 h 49 min 37 s	7 d 18 h 24 min 48 s	4 d 03 h 25 min 13 s	2 d 01 h 42 min 36 s
2 s/div	20 ms	248 d 13 h 13 min 56 s	124 d 06 h 36 min 58 s	62 d 03 h 18 min 29 s	31 d 01 h 39 min 14 s	15 d 12 h 49 min 37 s	8 d 06 h 50 min 27 s	4 d 03 h 42 min 36 s
5 s/div	50 ms	621 d 09 h 04 min 51 s	310 d 16 h 32 min 25 s	155 d 08 h 16 min 12 s	77 d 16 h 08 min 06 s	38 d 20 h 04 min 03 s	20 d 17 h 06 min 09 s	10 d 08 h 33 min 04 s
10 s/div	100 ms	Upper limit 1000 days	621 d 09 h 04 min 51 s	310 d 16 h 32 min 25 s	155 d 08 h 16 min 12 s	77 d 16 h 08 min 06 s	41 d 10 h 12 min 19 s	20 d 17 h 06 min 09 s
30 s/div	300 ms	Upper limit 1000 days	Upper limit 1000 days	932 d 01 h 37 min 16 s	466 d 00 h 48 min 38 s	233 d 00 h 24 min 19 s	124 d 06 h 36 min 58 s	62 d 03 h 18 min 29 s
50 s/div	500 ms	Upper limit 1000 days	Upper limit 1000 days	Upper limit 1000 days	776 d 17 h 21 min 04 s	388 d 08 h 40 min 32 s	207 d 03 h 01 min 37 s	103 d 13 h 30 min 48 s
60 s/div	600 ms	Upper limit 1000 days	Upper limit 1000 days	Upper limit 1000 days	932 d 01 h 37 min 17 s	466 d 00 h 48 min 38 s	248 d 13 h 13 min 56 s	124 d 06 h 36 min 48 s
100 s/div	1.0 s	Upper limit 1000 days	776 d 17 h 21 min 04 s	414 d 06 h 03 min 14 s	207 d 03 h 01 min 37 s			

2 Multichannel

Mixed Measurement of Various Signals

Install input modules according to your specific needs

- The MR8875 uses a plugin unit-type input amp setup that allows users to select the input unit that's appropriate for their measurement objective. In addition, it's easy to change input units after purchase.
- The Analog Unit MR8905, which can accommodate high voltages and which allows direct input of up to 1,000 V (CAT II) or 600 V (CAT III), is available for high-voltage applications. In addition to instantaneous waveforms, measurement of RMS level waveforms is also supported (starting with Ver. 2.14/3.14 of the MR8875).
- Even the standard input unit supports 1,000 V (CAT III) measurement if used with the newly developed Differential Probe P9000 series of small probes.
- For high-sensitivity measurement, use the Strain Unit MR8903, which features 1 mV f.s. operation (for a maximum resolution of 0.04 μV).
 Measurement of minuscule sensor output is also supported.











Recorder accepts direct pulse input or standard logic probe terminals

The MR8875 offers two standard pulse input channels that allow for inputting no-voltage a- and b-contacts, open collector, or voltage.

Signals transmitted as pulses, such as those of rotation number and flow rate, can be measured or counted. Use a logic probe for the ON/

OFF (logic) signal waveforms of a relay and PLC. Two types of logic probes are available depending on the signal format.

■ Support for a wide variety of measurement items

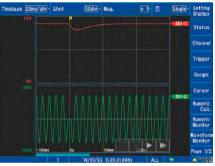
 $(Model\ MR8875\ ships\ standard\ with\ pulse\ input\ capability.\ Logic\ input\ requires\ optional\ logic\ probe.)$

Measurement target	Input unit	Measurement range	Resolution	Sampling	Frequency characteristics
Rotation	Standardly equipped with pulse input	5000 (r/s) f.s.	1 (r/s)	10 msec (100 S/s)	N/A
Pulse totalization	Standardly equipped with pulse input	65,535 to 3,276,750,000 counts f.s.	1 count	N/A	N/A
Relay contacts, voltage on/off	Logic Probe 9320-01	Depends on logic probe in use * Max. input 50 V, threshold +1.4/ +2.5/+4.0 V * Non-voltage contact, short/open	N/A	2 μsec (500 kS/s)	500 nsec or lower response
AC/DC voltage	Logio Drobo MD0001 01	Depends on logic probe in use	NT/A	2 μsec	3 msec or





The Differential Probe P9000 can be used with the standard Analog Unit MR8901 to enable high-voltage, 1,000 V (CAT III) measurement. The P9000-02 further enables RMS level measurement of AC power lines.



 Example of instrument recording the instantaneous waveform and RMS level waveform during a momentary outage of an AC power supply (using the MR8905)



• Multi-channel timing measurement using logic waveform measurement

■ Pulse input terminal

Take advantage of the frequency dividing function, settable from 1 to 50,000 counts, to take direct readings from an encoder that outputs multi-point pulses according to the rotation number.



3 Touch Screen for Intuitive Operation

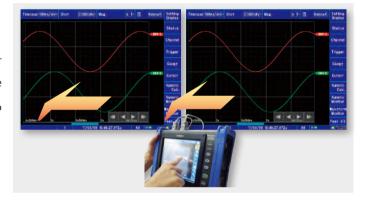
Touch screen interface improves operating efficiency

Buttons on the MR8875 are kept to a minimum by utilizing touch screen technology. The high-definition 8.4-inch high-brightness TFT color LCD is the interface of choice for improving productivity by offering a more intuitive experience than traditional input methods. While the connection terminals are located at the top panel of the MR8875, when cables need to be connected from the bottom, simply swipe the screen from top to bottom at either edge and the screen will rotate correspondingly. The MR8875 can be set in a position that is easier to use according to the installation location.



Touch to scroll back or scale the waveform

Display earlier waveforms during recording without stopping measurement by simply touching the scroll icons on the screen. You can also scale the waveform amplitude by just swiping through the waveform up (to zoom in) or down (to zoom out).

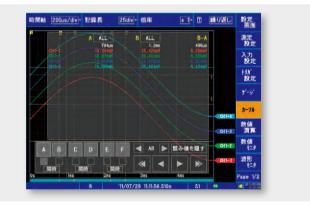


Advanced cursor read function for multichannel analysis

Six cursors A, B, C, D, E, and F are available, compared with the conventional A- and B-cursors.

Use the cursors to measure and display the following:

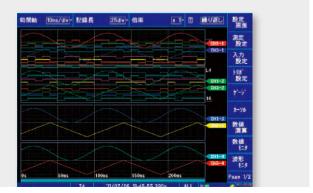
- A, B, C, and D: Potential and time from the trigger
- E and F: Potential
- A-B and C-D cursors: Time difference and potential difference
- E-F cursors: Potential



Split screen, sheet display, event mark input, and jump functions indispensable for efficient analysis

Split screen and sheet display functions are provided to support multiple channels. Individual display formats can be selected and an application can be assigned to each sheet for analysis, increasing productivity.

★ For long-term recordings, tag important points with event markers. Up to 1000 markers can be placed so that you can quickly jump



1.888.610.7664



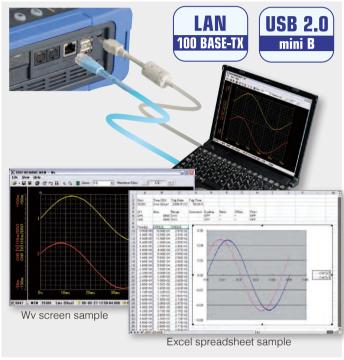
Computer Analysis via LAN, SD, and USB memory interfaces

LAN-compatible Web/FTP server function and waveform/ CSV conversion using supplied standard software Wv

Take advantage of the built-in 100BASE-TX LAN interface to network with the PC:

<WEB server> Use the Web Server function to view waveforms and remotely control the **MR8875** with your PC's web browser

<FTP server> Use the FTP server function to copy the data stored in memory (SD card, USB memory, or internal storage memory) to the PC. View waveforms for binary data acquired with the **MR8875** on a PC, or convert data to CSV using the free WaveViewer (Wv) application for further analysis in Excel. Download the latest version of the WaveViewer



■ Remotely control the MR8875 using the Web server function

Use a typical web browser to see the screen of the **MR8875** on your

WEB

server

FTP

client

FTP

server

E-mail

send

SMTP Mail Server

PC with no other special software

required. Make settings, acquire data, and monitor the screen with

ease.

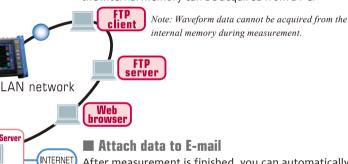
Note: Waveform data cannot be acquired from the internal memory during measurement.

■ Transfer data using FTP

After measurement is finished, data is transferred automatically to the FTP server that is running on the PC. Data can also be transferred manually.

■ Download data using FTP

Measurement data in files on recording media and in the internal memory can be acquired from a PC.



After measurement is finished, you can automatically send the captured data as an e-mail attachment. Data can also be transferred manually.

Save data to the USB memory or SD card

Convenient USB memory*1 or SD memory cards*1 can be used to copy data stored in the internal storage memory to the PC. Data stored in the **MR8875**'s SD card can also be downloaded to the PC using a USB cable.*2

^{*1} Use only HIOKI SD memory cards/USB memory stick, which are manufactured to strict industrial standards, for long-term storage of important data. Cannot save in real-time to a USB memory.







Powerful Data Analysis Capabilities

FFT Analysis Function

MR8875 Ver. 2.01 or later

Simultaneously measure four phenomena

The MR8875's FFT analysis function can simultaneously analyze four phenomena with a single measurement.

By performing FFT analysis of different signal inputs from channels 1 through 4, it is possible to analyze the frequency components of each channel occurring at the same time.

Additionally, you can simultaneously view the linear spectrum, RMS spectrum, power spectrum, and phase spectrum for a signal input to channel 1, for example.

Analysis functionality for a variety of measurement scenarios

The MR8875 features calculation functions that are often used during field measurements. The linear spectrum is used in analysis that focuses on waveform amplitude values, while the power spectrum is used in analysis that focuses on energy, for example noise and vibration measurement. You can select the calculation function that best suits your application— for example, use a transfer function for measurement that identifies internal systems based on I/O characteristics.

Peak value display function (marker display)

The peak value display function can be used to search for maximum and local maximum values and then display them. Characteristic values can be easily displayed even without using a cursor. Since the MR8875 stores up to 200 frames (200 calculation results) of data, it will automatically search for the peak value again if a different frame is selected.

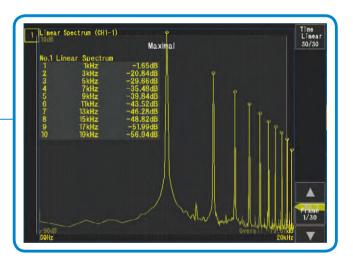
Running spectrum display function

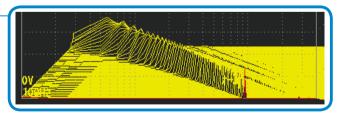
The MR8875's running spectrum display function can be used to continuously display spectra that change over time. Up to 200 frames* of the most recent calculation results can be stored. Although Hioki's MR8847 Series only supports running spectrum display for certain types of calculations, the MR8875 can generate this display with all FFT calculation functions. Additionally, if the selected frame is changed, the cursor value can also be loaded.

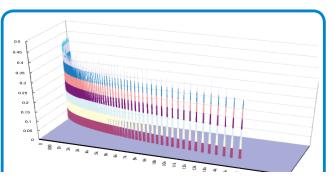
* Frame data is stored in the instrument's internal memory, regardless of whether the running spectrum display is used.

The MR8875 can also freeze the spectrum display on its screen during measurement. This function allows data to be observed without the inclusion of unneeded information on the screen or in the data. All calculation results can be output as CSV data, which can be loaded into a spreadsheet application such as Microsoft









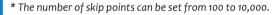


Extensive window functions

The MR8875 provides a total of seven window functions, including rectangular and Hanning variants. The rectangular function is used for analysis that focuses on spectrum amplitude values, while the Hanning function is used for analysis that focuses on the degree of spectral separation of frequency components. Additionally, by using an exponential window in impact measurement utilizing an impulse hammer, the instrument enables more precise analysis by limiting unneeded noise components on the time axis.

Continuous calculation function

When analyzing a signal that changes over time, the number of FFT calculation points becomes a limitation, preventing the waveform from being analyzed in all time domains. Furthermore, using too many FFT points prevents the desired results from being obtained because the spectrum is averaged. The MR8875 resolves these problems with its continuous calculation function. For data covering extended periods of time, calculation points can be shifted by a number of skip points* at a uniform interval. Moreover, calculations for up to 200 frames can be accomplished with a single operation. Calculation results for different time periods can be reviewed by changing the calculation frame, regardless of whether you're using the running spectrum display or a singlescreen display.



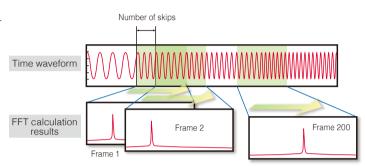
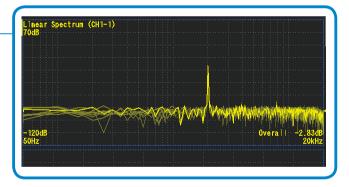


Illustration of continuous calculation

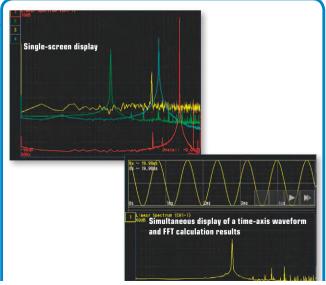
Overlay display function

The MR8875's overlay display function can be used to observe variations in waveforms captured using continuous measurement over time. Although previous Hioki models have not been able to overlay FFT calculations, the MR8875 offers this capability, improving the visibility of analysis.



Visually appealing screen displays

The MR8875's display can be switched according to the application at hand. For example, its single-screen display can be used when focusing on the correlation between channels, while its four-screen display can be used to isolate complex spectra for viewing. Additionally, time and spectrum waveforms can be displayed above and below one another when focusing on correlation with a captured time waveform.



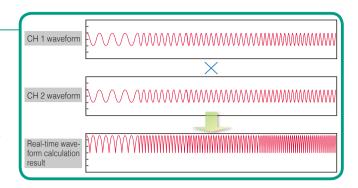
Waveform Calculation Function

MR8875 Ver. 2.01 or later

Real-time inter-channel calculation

The MR8875 features a new real-time inter-channel calculation* function that allows you to observe and record results for up to two calculations on the same input module while measurement

- * Between channels on the same input module only (supported input modules: MR8901/8902/8903).
- * Calculations between different modes on the MR8902/8903 (voltage and temperature, etc.) are not supported.



Waveform-dimension calculations

The previous MR8875 firmware version only supported calculations that generated values such as averages and RMS values, but the new version can process for up to eight calculations simultaneously, including the four arithmetic operations as well as differential-integral and other waveform-dimension calculations.

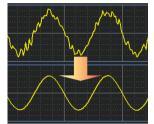
Digital filter calculations

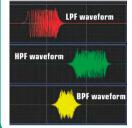
The MR8875 offers new digital filter calculations* as part of its selection of waveform processing calculations, allowing the necessary bandwidth portion of a waveform containing noise to be calculated and the resulting waveform displayed.

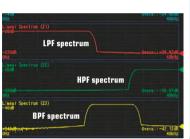
- * Finite impulse response (FIR) and infinite impulse response (IIR) digital filters are offered. LPF (passing only the low-frequency component), HPF (passing only the high-frequency component), BPF, and BEF (passing or rejecting only a frequency bandwidth of a certain width) variants of each
- * Although FIR calculation processing is time-consuming, it can yield waveforms with no phase distortion. By contrast, IIR calculation yields results at a relatively faster calculation speed but is prone to phase distortion. Each filter's cutoff frequency is use-specified.

Results of measuring a distorted waveform containing noise

Results of a calculation-based simulation of a waveform from which high-frequency distortion has been rejected by passing it through a low-pass filter.







Principle FFT calculation functions

	1,000	V
Calculation	2,000	V
points	5,000	✓
points	10,000	V
	20,000	N/A
	Rectangular window	V
	Hanning	✓
	Hamming	✓
Window functions	Blackman	V
	Blackman-Harris	✓
	Flat top	V
	Exponential	✓
	Amplitude	V
	Real part	V
	Imaginary part	✓
	Nyquist	N/A
Display	Peak value display	Local maximum Maximum
	Running spectrum (spectrogram)	(200 lines)
	Phase highlighting	N/A
	Screen segmenting	1-/2-/4-screen waveform display
	Time (simple)	N/A
	Time (exponential)	N/A
Averaging	Frequency (simple)	V
8 0	Eraquanay (aynanantial)	

Principle FFT calculation functions

	Storage waveform	N/A
	Frequency distribution	N/A
	Linear spectrum	✓
	RMS spectrum	✓
	Power spectrum	✓
	Power spectrum density	N/A
	LPC analysis	N/A
Analysis func-	Transfer function	✓
tions	Cross power spectrum	✓
	Impulse response	N/A
	Coherence function	✓
	Phase spectrum	✓
	Auto-correlation function	N/A
	Cross-correlation function	N/A
	1/1-octave analysis	N/A
	1/3-octave analysis	N/A
	Frequency range	1.33 mHz to 400 kHz
	Max. number of simultaneous functions	✓
	Calculations targeting thinned data	N/A
	Recalculation after changing number of calculation points	N/A
	Total harmonic distortion (THD) analysis	✓
Other	Overall value	✓
	Anti-aliasing filter (AAF)	N/A
	Window function energy correction	✓
	dB scaling	✓
	Continuous calculation	✓
		001110 11 11

O CAN Signal Input for Vehicle Testing

Synchronized mixed recording of CAN data and real data such as voltage, temperature, or distortion signals

CAN bus signals that are used widely, particularly in automotive applications, can be recorded, analyzed, converted to analog waveforms, and viewed. Simultaneous recording and viewing of analog waveforms from sensors, in addition to the CAN data, allows you to check the impact of noise and level changes on the communication data.











Vector's CAN database can be loaded using supplied software

Industry standard CANdb® database files can be loaded into the supplied setting software and associated to the CAN channel signals. CAN messages can be viewed using the customer-specified message and signal names, as well as scaled engineering units. Since parameters such as signal data type, start bit, length, and byte sequence are all pre-defined in CANdb, users can concentrate on their measurement tasks without needing to define signals.



CAN editor (bundled software)

Withstand extreme environmental temperatures, vibrations, and data loss due to power outages

In road tests, extreme environmental conditions associated with the temperature and vibration are harsh for measuring instruments. The **MR8875** has the wide operating temperature range of -10°C to 50°C and is compliant with the JIS DI1601 standard for vibration resistance performance. It is designed to withstand the harsh conditions for in-vehicle measurement.

In the event of a power outage while data is being recorded, the power supply is maintained using a built-in large-capacity capacitor until data is completely written to the SD or USB memory. Risk of data loss or damage to the file sys-

restored measurement can be restarted



	ations (Accuracy guaranteed for 1 year, Post-adjustment accuracy guaranteed for 1 year)	Measurement	function (High-speed recording)
Measurement function No. of input modules	High-speed recording Up to 4 slots, user installable in any combination by plugging into the main unit [MR8901 ×4]: 16 analog channels + standard 8 logic and 2 pulse channels [MR8902 ×4]: 8 analog channels + standard 8 logic and 2 pulse channels [MR8902 ×4]: 60 analog channels + standard 8 logic and 2 pulse channels	Time axis	$200~\mu s, 500~\mu s/div, 1~ms$ to $500~ms/div, 1~s$ to $5~min/div, 21~ranges external sampling (max. 200~kS/s), Recording interval time at real-time save ON: 2~\mu s/S (channels up to 2), 5~\mu s/S (channels up to 8), 10~\mu s/S (channels up to 16), 20~\mu s/S (channels up to 30), 50~\mu s/S (channels up to 64), 100~\mu s/S (with no limit on number of channels in use)$
that can be installed	[MR8903 ×4]: 16 analog channels + standard 8 logic and 2 pulse channels [MR8904 ×4]: 8 CAN ports (analyzed 60 analog + analyzed 64 logic ch) +	Accuracy of time axis Time axis resolution	± 0.0005 % 100 points /div
	standard 8 logic and 2 pulse channels *For analog units, channels are isolated from each other and from the MR8875's GND. For CAN unit ports or standard logic terminals or standard pulse terminals, all channels have common GND.	Recording length (with MR8901 × 4, logic and pulse inputs OFF)	25 to 20,000 div *1 *2, 50,000 div *3, or user-configurable from 5 to 80,000 div *3 in 1 div increments *1: 4 ch/module, *2: 2 ch/module, *3: 1 ch/module
Max. sampling rate	MR8901/MR8905: 500 kS/s (2 µs period, all channels simultaneously) MR8902: 10 msec (channel scanning) MR8903: 200 kS/s (5 µs period, all channels simultaneously) External sampling: 200 kS/s (5 µs period)	Waveform expansion, compression	Time axis: $\times 10$ to $\times 2$ or $\times 1$, $\times 1/2$ to $\times 1/50,000$ Voltage axis: $\times 100$ to $\times 2$, $\times 1$, $\times 1/2$ to $\times 1/10$ Upper and lower limit settings, or position setting
Storage memory capacity	Total 32 M-words (memory expansion: none, 8 MW/module) * I word = 2 bytes, therefore 32 Mega-words = 64 Mega-bytes. * Memory can be allocated depending on the number of channels used at each	Pre-trigger	(Trigger timing: At start) Pre-trigger data can be recorded for an interval set in steps ranging from 0 to 100 % of the recording length. (Trigger timing: At stop) Post-trigger data can be recorded for an interval
External storage	input module SD card slot ×1, USB memory stick (USB 2.0 standard)	Post-trigger	val set in steps ranging from 0 to 40 % of the recording length
External storage Backup functions (At 23°C/ 73°F)	* FAT-16 or FAT-32 format on SD or USB Clock and parameter setting backup: at least 10 years Waveform backup function: none		ON /OFF selectable (exclusive real-time save or automatic save) Function: Waveforms are saved as binary data to the SD memory card at each interval (Note: Cannot save in real-time to a USB memory,
Interfaces	LAN ×1: 100BASE-TX (DHCP, DNS supported, FTP server/ client, Web server, send E-mail, command control) USB series mini-B receptacle × 1 (setting and measurement by communications commands, transfer data from SD card to a PC) USB series mini-A receptacle × 2 (USB memory stick, USB mouse, USB keyboard)	Real-time data save	use only SD memory cards sold by Hioki) Endless loop saving: New file overwrites the oldest file when the SD memory card capacity runs short (Note: Delete files only at saver repeat trigger mode) Normal saving: Saving stops when the SD memory card capacity is full
External control connectors	External trigger input, trigger output, external sampling input, pulse input ×2, external input ×3, external output ×2		Select from Off, waveform data (Binary or CSV), numerical calculation results, and image data (compressed BMP or PNG). Function: Data are saved to either SD memory card or USB memory
External power supply	Three lines, +5V, 2A total output, Common GND with the body GND * Differential probe 9322 can not be used Temperature: -10°C to 40°C (14°F to 104°F), 80 % rh or less	Auto data save	stick at once after the specified recording length is acquired. Endless loop saving: New file overwrites the oldest file when the SD memory card or USB memory capacity runs short
Operating temperature and humidity (No condensation)	40°C to 45°C (104°F to 113°F), 60 % rh or less 45°C to 50°C (113°F to 122°F), 50 % rh or less When powered by the battery pack: 0°C to 40°C (32°F to 104°F), 80 % rh or less When charging the battery pack: 10°C to 40°C (50°F to 104°F), 80 % rh or less Storage: -20°C to 40°C (-4°F to 104°F), 80 % rh or less 40°C to 45°C (104°F to 113°F), 60 % rh or less	Data protection	Normal saving: Saving stops when the SD memory card or USB memory capacity is full In the event of a power outage during saving to storage media, the file is closed and then the power is shut down. Note: This function is enabled 15 minutes after the power is turned on.
Applicable standards	45°C to 50°C (113°F to 122°F), 50 % rh or less Battery pack storage: -20°C to 40°C (-4°F to 104°F), 80 % rh or less Safety: EN61010-1, EMC: EN61326, EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3	Loading data from media	Binary data stored in the SD memory card or the USB memory stick can be recalled by the MR8875 internal storage memory Waveform data saved in real time to the SD memory card can be
Compliance standards	Anti-vibration: JIS D1601: 1995 5.3 (1) Corresponds to Class 1: a passenger car, Condition: class A		loaded starting at a specified position up to the maximum storag memory capacity.
Siai idai dS	AC adapter Z1002: 100 to 240 V AC (50/60 Hz)	Memory segmentation	N/A
	Battery Pack Z1003: 7.2 V DC Continuous operation times: one hour with back light ON (AC adapter	Trigger functio	ns
Power supply	has priority when used in combination with battery pack) DC power supply: 10 to 28 V DC (please contact your Hioki distributor for connection cord)	Mode Timing	Single, Repeat Start / Stop / Start & Stop (separate trigger conditions can be set to start
Charging function (At 23°C/ 73°F)	Recharging time: Approx. 3 hours (using the AC adapter and main unit to recharge the Battery Pack Z1003)	g	and stop) • Trigger source selectable for each channel (Free-running when all
Power consumption	When using the AC adapter Z1002, or external DC power supply: 56 VA When using the battery pack: 36 VA		trigger sources are off) Analog input: Select up to 4 channels for each module Inter-channel calculation results: W1-1 to W4-2 (Ver.2.01 or later) Logic input: LA1 to LA4, LB1 to LB2 (4 channels x 2 probes),
Dimensions and mass	$Approx.\ 298W \times 224H \times 84D\ mm\ (11.73W \times 8.82H \times 3.31D\ in),\ 2.4\ kg\ (84.7\ oz),\ (excluding input modules and battery pack) \\ Reference\ data:\ 2.75\ kg\ (97.0\ oz,\ excluding\ input\ modules\ and\ including\ battery\ pack),\ 3.47\ kg\ (122.4\ oz,\ including\ MR8901\ \times 4\ and\ battery\ pack) \\$	Trigger sources	CAN L1 to 16 (for each MR8904 CAN Unit). Pattern triggers can be configured for each of the above trigger sources. •Pulse input: P1, P2 (2 channels) •External input: Input signal to external trigger terminal
Supplied accessories	Instruction manual ×1, Measurement guide ×1, AC adapter Z1002 ×1, Protection sheet ×1, USB cable ×1, Shoulder strap ×1, Application disk (Wave viewer Wv, communication commands table, CAN Editor) ×1		 Logical AND/ OR of all sources Forced trigger execution: Priority over any other trigger source Interval trigger: Trigger is activated at recording start, and again at each set interval
Display		Trigger types (Analog, pulse)	 Level: A trigger is applied when rise or fall to set voltage value. Window: Set the upper and lower limits of trigger level
Display type	$8.4 inch SVGA-TFT color LCD (800 \times 600 dots, with touch screen), (time axis 25 div \times voltage axis 20 div, X-Y waveform 20 div \times 20 div)$	Trigger types	• Logic pattern: Settable to 1, 0, or × for each logic probes
Screen settings	Waveform split screen (1, 2, or 4), X-Y 1 & X-Y 2 screens, time axis + X-Y waveform screen, sheet display (sheet all, sheet 1 to 4 selectable)	(Logic)	The trigger condition (AND/OR) can be set between logic input channels in each probe. Rise or fall selectable (max. allowable input voltage 10 V DC)
Screen display types	Waveform display Simultaneous waveform and gauge display Simultaneous waveform, gauge, and settings display Simultaneous waveform and numerical calculation results display Waveform and A/B, C/D, E/F cursor values displayed at the same time Simultaneous waveform and instantaneous value display	Trigger types (External input)	Rising: A trigger is applied when rise from "Low" (0 to 0.8 V) to "High" (2.5 to 10 V) Falling: A trigger is applied when fall from "High" (2.5 to 10 V) to "Low" (0 to 0.8 V) or terminal short. •External trigger filter and response pulse width: When external filter Off: H period 1 ms or greater, L period 2 µs or greater
Waveform monitor	See waveform without recording (setting screen, waiting for trigger screen)		When external filter On: H period 2.5 ms or greater, L period 2.5
Real-time value monitor	Values for all channels can be monitored during measurement (Instantaneous value, average value, P-P value, Max. value, Min. value)		ms or greater
Display functions (Ver. 1.00 or later)	•Waveform scroll (scroll backwards through the display trend graph to view pas waveforms even while recording) • Event marker input and jump functions (up to 1000 markers) •Waveform inversion (positive/ negative)	Trigger level resolution	 Analog: 0.1 % f.s. (f.s.=20 div) Note: With the CAN Unit MR8904, resolution fluctuates according to the bit length defined by the CAN Pulse integration: 0.002 % f.s., Pulse rotation count: 0.02 % f.s. (f.s.=20 div)
	Cursor readout (use A/B/C/D/E/F/ cursors) Vernier display (fine amplitude adjustment)	Trigger filter	Set by number of samples (Off, 10 to 1000 points)
	•Waveform zoom (splits the screen vertically; supports waveform magnification and overall display)		Open drain output (with 5 voltage output, active Low) Output voltage: 4.0 to 5.0 V (high level), 0 to 0.5 V (low level) Output pulse width: Selectable level or pulse



Calculation fur	nctions				
Real-time inter- channel calculations (Ver.2.01 or later)	Up to 2 calculations per module can be performed simultaneously. Calculation target: Analog Unit MR8901, Voltage/Temp Unit MR8902, Strain Unit MR8903 *Inter-channel calculations are limited to single module. *Scaling and probe settings for calculation channels targeted for calculations are disabled. *Calculation results can be scaled. *Calculations between different modes on the MR8902 and MR8903 are not supported. Calculations: Addition, subtraction, multiplication				
Numerical calculation	• Up to 8 calculations can be performed simultaneously • Calculation target: Internal memory • Calculations: Average, effective (rms), peak to peak, maximum value, time to maximum value, minimum value, time to minimum value, period, frequency, rise time, fall time, area value, X-Y area value, standard deviation, specified level time, specified time level, pulse width, duty ratio, pulse count, time difference, phase difference, high-level, low-level, four arithmetic operations, Calculation results can be saved to SD memory card or USB memory stick. • Calculation range: Select from all measurement data or between A/B or C/D cursors • Automatic storing of calculation results in CSV format to the SD card or the USB memory stick.				
Waveform calculations (Ver.2.01 or later)	Up to 8 calculations can be performed simultaneously. Calculation target: Internal memory Calculations: Basic arithmetic, absolute value, exponents, common logarithms, square roots, differentials (1st and 2nd order), integrals (1st and 2nd order), moving averages, trigonometric operations (SIN, COS, TAN), inverse trigonometric operations (ASIN, ACOS, ATAN), FIR filter operations, IIR filter operations, average value, maximum value, minimum value, level at time Calculation range: All measurement data; areas between the A/B and C/D cursors can be selected.				
FFT calculations (Ver.2.01 or later)	Up to 4 calculations can be performed simultaneously. Calculation target: Internal memory Calculation modes: Single, repeat Number of points: 1000 to 10000 Number of skips: Automatic, 100 to 10000 *Can be set only when the calculation mode is "Repeat". Window functions: Rectangular window, Hanning, Hamming, Blackman, Blackman, Blackman, et al. (2007) Averaging: Off, simple average, indexed average, peak hold Compensation: None, power, average Peak value display: Off, local maximum value, maximum value Analysis mode: Off, linear spectrum, RMS spectrum, power spectrum, transmission function, cross-power spectrum, coherence function, phase spectrum Display scale: Linear scale, log scale				
Evaluation	Calculation result evaluation output: GO/NG (with open-drain 5 V output)				

External sampling Maximum inpul Input signal con Pulse width H	t: Up to 10 V DC t frequency: 200 kHz dition: High level 2.5 to 10 V, Low level 0 to 0.8 V, or L 2.5 µs or longer
• Beep sound Of • Auto range set amplitude range) • Hold start con measurement aut • Auto set up (aut the SD card)	ting (automatically sets the best suitable sampling rate and lition (when the power is interrupted during recording, omatically resumes after power is restored) tomatically load setting files stored in internal memory or g condition in internal memory (up to 6 conditions)

Pulse input section

No. of channels	2 channels, push button type terminal, not isolated (common GND with main unit)				
Mode	Rotation, Integr	ation			
Measurement functions	Divided rotation: 1 to 50,000 count (Rotation number: number of pulses per rotation; Integration: number of pulses per count) Timing: Select from "starting the count at the trigger" or "at the start of measurement". Integration mode: Select from "integration from the start of measurement" or "instantaneous value at each sampling period" Processing of integration overflows: Select either "value returns to 0 and counting continues" or "the overflow state persists"				
Input form	•No-voltage 'a' contact (normally open contact), No-voltage 'b' contact (normally short contact), Open collector or voltage input •Input resistance: $1.1~\mathrm{M}\Omega$				
Max. allowable input	$0\ V\ to\ 50\ V\ DC$ (max. voltage between input terminals that does not cause damage)				
Max. rated voltage between channels	Not isolated (common GND with main unit)				
Max. rated voltage to earth	Not isolated (common GND with main unit)				
Detect level	4 V: (High: over 4.0 V, Low: 0 to 1.5 V) 1 V: (High: over 1.0 V, Low: 0 to 0.5 V)				
Pulse input period	With filter Off: 200 µs or more (both H and L periods must be at least 100 µs) With filter On: 100 ms or more (both H and L periods must be at least 50 ms)				
Slope	Count at rising 6	edge, or count at falling edge			
Filter	Chatter preventi	on filter (On/Off switchable)			
Setting range	Resolution	Measurement range			
2,500 c /div	1 c/LSB	0 to 65,535 c			
25k c /div	10 c/LSB	0 to 655,350 c			
250k c /div	100 c/LSB	0 to 6,553,500 c			
5M c /div	2k c/LSB	0 to 131,070,000 c			
125M c /div	50k c/LSB	0 to 3,276,750,000 c			
Rotation: 250 [r/s] /div	1 [r/s] /LSB	0 to 5,000 [r/s]			

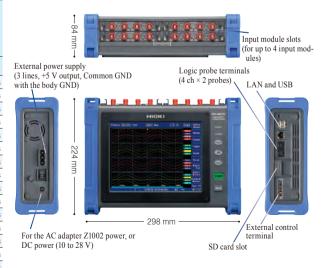
■ Maximum time to record to the internal storage memory

* The maximum number of channels to be used is 16 because memory for recording to the internal memory is allocated to each input module.

* Built-in logic, and pulses P1 and P2 each use the capacity equivalent to one analog channel.

Number of to be * Number nels for inp with most measureme	used r of chan- out module enabled-	9 to 16 ch	5 to 8 ch	3 to 4 ch	2 ch	1 ch
Time axis	Sampling	5000 div	10,000 div	20,000 div	40,000 div	80,000 div
200 μs/div	2 μs	1 s	2 s	4 s	8 s	16 s
500 μs/div	5 μs	2.5 s	5 s	10 s	20 s	40 s
1 ms/div	10 μs	5 s	10 s	20 s	40 s	1 min 20 s
2 ms/div	20 μs	10 s	20 s	40 s	1 min 20 s	2 min 40 s
5 ms/div	50 μs	25 s	50 s	1 min 40 s	3 min 20 s	6 min 40 s
10 ms/div	100 μs	50 s	1 min 40 s	3 min 20 s	6 min 40 s	13 min 20 s
20 ms/div	200 μs	1 min 40 s	3 min 20 s	6 min 40 s	13 min 20 s	26 min 40 s
50 ms/div	500 μs	4 min 10 s	8 min 20 s	16 min 40 s	33 min 20 s	1 h 06 min 40 s
100 ms/div	1 ms	8 min 20 s	16 min 40 s	33 min 20 s	1 h 06 min 40 s	2 h 13 min 20 s
200 ms/div	2 ms	16 min 40 s	33 min 20 s	1 h 06 min 40 s	2 h 13 min 20 s	4 h 26 min 40 s
500 ms/div	5 ms	41 min 40 s	1 h 23 min 20 s	2 h 46 min 40 s	5 h 33 min 20 s	11 h 06 min 40 s
1 s/div	10 ms	1 h 23 min 20 s	2 h 46 min 40 s	5 h 33 min 20 s	11 h 06 min 40 s	22 h 13 min 20 s
2 s/div	20 ms	2 h 46 min 40 s	5 h 33 min 20 s	11 h 06 min 40 s	22 h 13 min 20 s	1 d 20 h 26 min 40 s
5 s/div	50 ms	6 h 56 min 40 s	13 h 53 min 20 s	1 d 03 h 46 min 40 s	2 d 07 h 33 min 20 s	4 d 15 h 06 min 40 s
10 s/div	100 ms	13 h 53 min 20 s	1 d 03 h 46 min 40 s	2 d 07 h 33 min 20 s	4 d 15 h 06 min 40 s	9 d 06 h 13 min 20 s
30 s/div	300 ms	1 d 17 h 40 min	3 d 11 h 20 min	6 d 22 h 40 min	13 d 21 h 20 min	27 d 18 h 40 min
50 s/div	500 ms	2 d 21 h 26 min 40 s	5 d 18 h 53 min 20 s	11 d 13 h 46 min 40 s	23 d 03 h 33 min 20 s	46 d 07 h 06 min 40 s
60 s/div	600 ms	3 d 11 h 20 min	6 d 22 h 40 min	13 d 21 h 20 min	27 d 18 h 40 min	55 d 13 h 20 min
100 e/div	100	5 d 18 h 53 min 20 c	11 d 13 h 46 min 40 e	23 d 03 h 33 min 20 c	46 d 07 h 06 min 40 c	92 d 14 h 13 min 20 c

■ External appearance and dimensions



■ Options specifications (sold separately)



Plug-in slot for the input modules



Measurement target	Input module	Measurement range	Resolution
	Analog Unit MR8901	100 mV f.s. to 200 V f.s.	4 μV
Voltago	Analog Unit MR8905	10 V f.s. to 1000 V f.s.	400 μV
Voltage	Voltage/Temp Unit MR8902	10 mV f.s. to 100 V f.s.	0.5 μV
	Strain Unit MR8903	1 mV f.s. to 20 mV f.s.	0.04 μV
Current	Analog Unit MR8901 + optional current sensor	Depends on current sensor(s) in use * Certain current sensors require a separate power supply	1/1250 div
RMS AC	Analog Unit MR8905	10 V rms f.s. to 700 V rms f.s.	400 μV
voltage	Analog Unit MR8901 + optional Differential Probe 9322	100 V rms to 1 kV rms	1/1250 div
Temperature (Thermocouple)	Voltage/Temp Unit MR8902	200 °C f.s. to 2000 °C f.s. * Upper and lower limit values depend on the thermocouple in use	0.01 °C
Distortion, Stress	Strain Unit MR8903	400 με to 20,000 με f.s.	0.016 με
Analyze CAN signals	CAN Unit MR8904	2 ports /Unit *Up to 15 analog channels each equivalent to a 16-bit analog signal *Up to 16 logic channels each equivalent to a 1-bit logic signal	N/A
Relay contacts, voltage on/off	Logic Probe 9320-01	Depends on logic probes in use * Max. input 50 V, threshold +1.4/+2.5/+4.0 V * Contact short/open, non voltage	N/A
AC/DC voltage on/off	Logic Probe MR9321-01	Depends on logic probes in use * Up to 250V AC/DC, detect live or not live	N/A

Dimensions, mass: Approx. 119.5W \times 18.8H \times 151.5D mm (4.70W \times 0.74H \times 5.96D in), Approx. 180 g (6.3 oz) Accessories: None



Analog Unit MR8901 (Accuracy at 23 ±5 °C/73 ±9 °F, 20 to 80 % th after 30 min. of warm-up time and zero adjustment; Accuracy guaranteed for 1 year, Post-adjustment accuracy guaranteed for 1 year)			
Functions	No. of channels: 4, for voltage measurement		
Input connectors	Isolated BNC connector (input resistance 1 M Ω , input capacitance 10 pF) Max. rated voltage to earth: 100 V AC, DC (with input isolated from the main unit, the max. voltage that can be applied between input channel and chassis and between input channels without damage)		
Measurement range	5 mV to 10 V/div, 11 ranges, full scale: 20 div *AC voltage can be measured/displayed: up to 140 V rms at ×1/2 amplitude compression, but limited to 100 V rms according as max. rated voltage to earth		
Low-pass filter	Low-pass filter: 5/50/500 Hz, 5 kHz, OFF		
Resolution	1/1250 of measurement range (using 16-bit A/D converter)		
Highest sampling rate	500 kS/s (simultaneous sampling across 4 channels)		
Accuracy	±0.5 % of full scale (with filter 5 Hz, Zero position accuracy included)		
Frequency characteristics	DC to 100 kHz -3 dB		
Input coupling	DC/GND		
Max. allowable input	150 V DC (the max. voltage that can be applied across input pins without damage)		

Dimensions, mass: Approx. 119.5W \times 18.8H \times 184.8D mm (4.70W \times 0.74H \times 7.28D in), Approx. 190 g (6.7 oz) Accessories: Ferrite clamp $\times 2$



Voltage/Temp Unit	MR8902 (Accuracy at 23 ±5 °C/73 ±9 °F, 20 to 80 % fth after 30 minutes of warm-up time and zero adjustment; Accuracy guaranteed for 1 year, Post-adjustment accuracy guaranteed for 1 year)			
Functions	No. of channels: 15, for voltage/temperature measurement (selectable for each channels)			
Input connectors	Voltage/thermocouple input: push button terminal Recommended wire diameter: single-wire ϕ 0.32 mm to ϕ 0.65 mm, stranded wire 0.08 to 0.32 mm² (conductor wire diameter min. ϕ 0.12 mm), AWG 28 to 22 Input resistance: 1 M Ω Max. rated voltage to earth: 100 V AC, DC (with input isolated from the main unit, the max. voltage that can be applied between input channel and chassis and between input channels without damage)			
Voltage measurement ranges	500 μV to 5 V/div, 9 ranges, full scale: 20 division * The AC instantaneous voltage waveform cannot be measured due to the slow sampling speed. Resolution: 1/1000 of measurement range (using 16-bit A/D converter) Accuracy: ±0.1 % f.s. (with digital filter ON, Zero position accuracy included)			
Temperature measurement range	Reference junction compensation: Internal/ External (selectable) Thermocouple broken-wire detection: ON/OFF (selection applies to entire unit) Thermocouple type: K, J, E, T, N, R, S, B, WRe5-26 *For thermocouple measurement ranges, resolution, and accuracy, refer to the specifications table below			
Digital filter	50 Hz, 60 Hz, or OFF			
	10 ms (with filter OFF, burn-out detection OFF)			

■ MR8902 specifications

Thermocouples	Setting ranges (full scale=20 div)	Resolution	Measurement ranges	Accuracy
	10.80/11	0.01 °C	-100 to less than 0°C	±0.8 °C
	10 °C/div		0 to 200°C	±0.6 °C
K	50 °C	0.05 °C	-200 to less than -100 °C	±1.5 °C
K	30 C		-100 to 1000 °C	±0.8 °C
	100 °C	0.1.00	-200 to less than -100 °C	±1.5 °C
	100 C	0.1 °C	-100 to 1350 °C	±0.8 °C
	10 °C/div	0.01.00	-100 to less than 0°C	±0.8 °C
	10 C/div	0.01 °C	0 to 200°C	±0.6 °C
J	50 °C	0.05 °C	-200 to less than -100 °C	±1.0 °C
J	30 C	0.03 C	-100 to 1000 °C	±0.8 °C
	100 °C	0.1 °C	-200 to less than -100 °C	±1.5 °C
	100 C	0.1 C	-100 to 1200 °C	±0.8 °C
	10 °C/div	0.01 °C	-100 to less than 0°C	±0.8 °C
	10 C/div		0 to 200°C	±0.6 °C
	50 °C	0.05 °C	-200 to less than -100 °C	±1.5 °C
Е			-100 to less than 0 °C	±0.8 °C
E			0 to 1000 °C	±0.6 °C
	100 °C	0.1 °C	-200 to less than -100 °C	±1.5 °C
			-100 to less than 0 °C	±0.8 °C
			0 to 1000 °C	±0.6 °C
	10 °C/div	0.01 °C	-100 to less than 0°C	±0.8 °C
	10 C/div		0 to 200°C	±0.6 °C
		0.05 °C	-200 to less than -100 °C	±1.5 °C
T	50 °C		-100 to less than 0 °C	±0.8 °C
			0 to 400 °C	±0.6 °C
		0.1 °C	-200 to less than -100 °C	±1.5 °C
			-100 to less than 0 °C	±0.8 °C
			0 to 400 °C	±0.6 °C

Note: The thermocouple accuracy is obtained by adding a reference junction compensation accuracy of ± 0.5 °C

Dimensions, mass: Approx. 119.5W × 18.8H × 151.5D mm (4.70W × 0.74H × 5.96D in), Approx. 173 g (6.1 oz) Accessories: Conversion cable ×2 (Connector: TAJIMI PRC03-12A10-7M10.5)

Strain Unit MR89	(Accuracy at 23 ±5 °C/73 ±9 °F, 20 to 80 % rh after 30 minutes of warm-up time and auto- balance; Accuracy guaranteed for 1 year, Post-adjustment accuracy guaranteed for 1 year)
Functions	No. of channels: 4, for voltage/strain measurements (selectable for each channel, electronic auto-balancing, balance adjustment range within ± 10000 $\mu V, \pm 10000$ $\mu\epsilon)$
Input connectors	Unit side: "HDR-EC14LFDTG2-SLE+" made by Honda Tsushin Kogyo Co, Ltd. Japan Via conversion cable, "PRC03-12A10-7M10.5" made by Tajimi Electronics Co, Ltd. Japan Max. rated voltage to earth: 33 V ACrms or 70 V DC (with input isolated from the main unit, the max. voltage that can be applied between input channel and chassis and between input channels without damage)
Suitable transducer	Strain gauge converter, Bridge resistance: 120 Ω to 1 k Ω , Bridge voltage: 2 V ± 0.05 V, Gauge rate: 2.0
Input resistance	More than 1 $M\Omega$
Voltage measurement ranges	50 μV to 1000 μV/div, 5 ranges, full scale: 20 division Accuracy: ±0.5 % f.s. + 4 μV (at 50 μV/div only), other ranges ±0.5 % f.s. (after auto-balance, with filter 5 Hz, zero position accuracy included)
Strain measurement ranges	20 με to 1000 με/div, 6 ranges, full scale: 20 division Accuracy: ±0.5 % f.s. + 4 με (at 20, 50 με/div), other ranges ±0.5 % f.s. (after auto-balance, with filter 5 Hz, zero position accuracy included)
Low-pass filter	Low-pass filter: 5/10/100 Hz, 1 kHz, OFF
Resolution	1/1250 of measurement range (using 16-bit A/D converter)
Highest sampling rate	200 kS/s (simultaneous sampling across 4 channels)

Max. allowable input 10 V DC (the max. voltage that can be applied across input pins without damage)

Dimensions, mass: Approx. 119.5W \times 18.8H \times 151.5D mm (4.70W \times 0.74H \times 5.96D in), Approx. 185 g (6.5 oz) Accessories: None

Frequency characteristics DC to 20 kHz +1/-3 dB



	14pprox. 165 g (6.5 62) 716666661166. 116116		
CAN Unit MR8904			
Input CAN port	Number of ports: 2, Connector: D-sub a male 9 pin ×2		
Standards	ISO 11898 CAN 2.0b, ISO 11898-1, ISO 11898-2, ISO 11898-3, SAE J2411		
Interface	Selectable: High-speed CAN, Low-speed CAN, or Single-wire CAN by port (with built-in corresponding transceiver)		
Transmit ACK	ON/OFF for transmitting a ACK for receiving CAN signal with the MR8904		
Terminator	ON/OFF via commands, $120 \Omega \pm 10 \Omega$ built-in resistance		
Baud rate	50 kbps to 1 Mbps at "High-speed", 10 kbps to 125 kbps at "Low-speed", 10 kbps to 83.3 kbps at "Single-wire"		
Analyzed signal output channel	Up to 15 analog channels each equivalent to a 16-bit analog signal Up to 16 logic channels each equivalent to a 1-bit logic signal		
Signal form	1-bit signal: 1 channel of Logic, or 1 channel of Analog 1-bit to 16-bits signal: 1 channel of Analog 17-bits to 32-bits signal: 2 channels of Analog *Cannot handle signals over 32-bits		
ID trigger	Output "H" level pulse to designated logic channel when receiving set ID signal *Output pulse width: 50 µs below 5 ms/div time axis, 1 sampling time at more than 10 ms/div time axis		

■ Options specifications (sold separately)

■ CAN Editor spec	Cifications (software bundled with the MR8904) (The following values are for one MR8904)	
Operating environment	Windows 7 / Vista (32-bit/64-bit), Windows XP (32-bit)	
CAN definition settings	CAN message ID, Start position, Data length Data order: U/L (Motorola), L/U (Motorola), L/U (Intel) Code: Unsigned, 1-Signed, 2-Signed	
CAN db file	Load CAN db file Convert to ".cdf" file Register to list (editing not available), 33-bit data and above not supported Convert data order: Motorola (CANdb file) to U/L (Motorola) Convert coded file (CANdb file) to 2-Signed, IEEE float or double (CANdb file) not supported Convert signal name (CANdb file) to the label Convert comment (CANdb file) to the signal name	
Registration list settings	CAN input port setting: Port 1, Port 2, Item number: 1 to 200 Setting upper / lower limit display on the MR8875 screen	
CAN communication settings	Interface: High-speed, Low-speed, Single-wire Terminator: ON/OFF (ON is enabled at High-Speed only) ACK: ON/OFF Baud rate: AUTO (enabled at ACK OFF only) 50 kbps to 1 Mbps at "High-speed", 10 kbps to 125 kbps at "Low-speed", 10 kbps to 83.3 kbps at "Single-wire"	
Analog channel settings	Number of channels: 15 *Assign the definition on the registration list under 16-bits to 1 channel *Assign the definition on the registration list for 17-bits to 32-bits to 2 channels	
Logic channel settings	Number of channels: 16 • Assign the definition on the registration list under 16-bits, with bit position • Assign the definition on the registration list to the ID trigger	
Transmission settings	Transmission number, Mode, CAN output port, Frame type, Transmission ID, Transmission byte length, Transmission data, Answer ID, Transmission period	
Communication with the MR8875	Search MR8875 via USB, Registration list, CAN communication setting, Analog channels settings, Logic channel settings, Transmission setting information, etc.	
Printing functions	Registration list, All items of CAN communication settings, Assigned analog list, Assigned logic list, All items of transmission settings	
Save functions	CAN definition data: Binary form, ".cdf" extension, convertible to software for Hioki Model 8910 Setting date (All contents without CAN definition data): Binary form, ".ces" extension	

Dimensions, mass: Approx. 119.5W \times 18.8H \times 151.5D mm (4.70W \times 0.74H \times 5.96D in), Approx. 185 g (6.5 oz) Accessories: None

Analog Unit MR8905 (Accuracy at 23 ±5 °C/73 ±9 °F, 20 to 80 %rh after 30 min. of warm-up time and zero adjustment, Accuracy guaranteed for 1 year, Post-adjustment accuracy guaranteed for 1 year)			
Functions	No. of channels: 2, switchable between instantaneous value and AC RMS value		
Input connectors	Banana connector (input impedance $4M\Omega$, input capacitance less than 1 pF) Max. rated voltage to earth: CAT II 1000 V AC & DC, CAT III 600 V AC & DC (with input isolated from the main unit, the max. voltage that can be applied between input channel and chassis and between input channels without damage)		
Measurement range	500 mV to 50 V/div, 7 ranges, full scale: 20 div *The maximum displayable AC voltage is 700 Vrms when using 1/2 compression of the vertical axis.		
Low-pass filter	5/50/500/5 kHz, OFF		
Resolution	1/1250 of measurement range (using 16-bit A/D converter)		
Highest sampling rate	500 kS/s (simultaneous sampling across 2 channels)		
Accuracy	±0.5% f.s. (with 5 Hz filter ON)		
	RMS accuracy: ±1.5% f.s. (30 Hz up to but not including 1 kHz, sine wave input) or ±3% f.s. (1 kHz up to 10 kHz, sine wave input)		

(filter off, falling from 100% to 10% f.s.)

Response time: 300 ms (filter off, rising from 0% to 90% f.s.) or 600 ms

1000 V DC, 700 V AC (the max. voltage that can be applied across input

pins without damage) (Compatible with MR8875 firmware version 2.14/3.14 or later)

Crest factor 2

DC to 100 kHz -3 dB

DC/AC-RMS/GND

Cable length and mass: Main unit cable 1.5 m (4.92 ft), input section cable 1 m $\,$ (3.28 ft), approx. 320 g (11.3 oz)

Note: The unit-side plug of the MR9321-01 is different from the MR9321.

DC, LOW range at 100 V DC)

LOGIC PROBE MR9321-01			
Function	Detection of AC or DC relay drive signal for High/Low state recording Can also be used for power line interruption detection		
Input	4 channels (isolated between unit and channels), HIGH/LOW range switching Input resistance: $100~k\Omega$ or higher (HIGH range), $30~k\Omega$ or higher (LOW range)		
Output (H) detection	$170 \text{ to } 250 \text{ V AC}, \pm DC 70 \text{ to } 250 \text{ V (HIGH range)} \\ 60 \text{ to } 150 \text{ V AC}, \pm DC 20 \text{ to } 150 \text{ V (LoW range)} \\$		
Output (L) detection	0 to 30 V AC, ±DC 0 to 43 V (HIGH range) 0 to 10 V AC, ±DC 0 to 15 V (LOW range)		

Cable length and mass; Main unit cable 1.5 m (4.92 ft), input section cable 30 cm (0.98 ft), approx. 150 g (5.3 oz) Note: The unit-side plug of the 9320-01 is different from the 9320.



LOGIC PROBE 9320-01 Function Detection of voltage signal or relay contact signal for High/Low state recording 4 channels (common ground between unit and channels), digital/contact input, switchable (contact input can detect open-collector signals) Input Input resistance: 1 M Ω (with digital input, 0 to +5 V) 500 k Ω or more (with digital input, +5 to +50V) Pull-up resistance: $2 \text{ k}\Omega$ (contact input: internally pulled up to +5 V) 1.4V/ 2.5V/ 4.0V Digital input threshold 1.4~V: $1.5~k\Omega$ or higher (open) and $500~\Omega$ or lower (short) Contact input 2.5 V: 3.5 k Ω or higher (open) and 1.5 k Ω or lower (short) detection resistance $4.0~V{:}~25~k\Omega$ or higher (open) and $8~k\Omega$ or lower (short) Detectable pulse width 500 ns or longer $\overline{0}$ to $\pm 50~V~DC$ (the maximum voltage that can be applied across input pins without Max. allowable input

Cable length and mass: 70 cm (2.30 ft), Output side: 1.5 m (4.92 ft), 170g (6.0 oz)



DIFFERENTIAL PRO	DBE P9000 (Accuracy guaranteed for 1 year, Post-adjustment accuracy guaranteed for 1 year)
Measurement modes	P9000-01: For waveform monitor output, Frequency properties: DC to 100 kHz -3 dB P9000-02: Switches between waveform monitor output/AC effective value output Wave mode frequency properties: DC to 100 kHz -3 dB, RMS mode frequency properties: 30 Hz to 10 kHz, Response time: Rise 300 ms, Fall 600 ms
Division ratio	Switches between 1000:1, 100:1
DC output accuracy	±0.5 % f.s. (f.s. = 1.0 V, division ratio 1000:1), (f.s. = 3.5 V, division ratio 100:1)
Effective value measurement accuracy	$\pm 1~\%$ f.s. (30 Hz to less than 1 kHz, sine wave), $\pm 3~\%$ f.s. (1 kHz to 10 kHz, sine wave)
Input resistance/capacity	H-L: 10.5 MΩ, 5 pF or less (at 100 kHz)
Maximum input voltage	1000 V AC, DC
Maximum rated voltage to ground	1000 V AC, DC (CAT III)
Operating temperature range	-40°C to 80°C (-40°F to 176°F)
Power supply	(1) AC adapter Z1008 (100 to 240 V AC, 50/60 Hz), 6 VA (including AC adapter), 0.9 VA (main unit only) (2) USB bus power (5 V DC, USB-microB terminal), 0.8 VA (3) External power source 2.7 V to 15 V DC, 1 VA
Accessories	Instruction manual ×1, Alligator clip ×2, Carrying case ×1



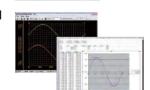
Analyzing data on a computer

WAVE PROCESSOR 9335 (option)

- Waveform display and calculation
- Print function

Wave Viewer (Wv) Software (bundled software)

- Confirmation of binary data waveforms on a computer
- Saving data in the CSV format for transfer to spreadsheet software



■ 9335 Outline specifications (option

Operating environment	Windows 10/8/7 (32/64-bit)
Functions	Display: Waveform display, X-Y display, cursor function, etc. File loading: Readable data formats (.MEM, .REC, .RMS, .POW) Largest readable file: Largest file that can be saved by supported instruments (Supported file size may be limited due to computer's operating environment.) Data conversion: Conversion to CSV format, batch conversion of multiple files
Print	Print function: Saving of print image files (with support for enhanced metafile [EMF] format) Print format: Select from no tiling, 2 to 16 tiles, 2 to 16 rows, X/Y 1 to 4 tiles, preview/hard copy

■ Wave Viewer (Wv	Outline specifications	(bundled software)

wave viewer (ww) Outline specifications (builded software)	
Operating environment	Windows 10/8/7 (32/64-bit)
	Simple display of waveform file Convert binary data file to text format CSV



Rising edge 1 ms max., falling edge 3 ms max. (with HIGH range at 200 V

Response time

RMS measurement

Frequency characteristics

Max. allowable input

Input coupling











ADAPTER L4937

Attaches to the tip of the

Attaches to the tip of the con

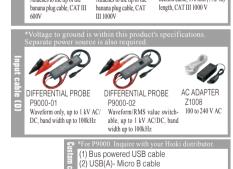
length, CAT III 1000 V

nection cable, 196 mm (7.72 in)

L4936

Attaches to the tip of the

banana plug cable, CAT III













(miniature terminal type)

Model: MEMORY HiCORDER MR8875

Model No.(Order Code) (Note)

MR8875 (Max. 16 - 60ch, 32MW memory, main unit only) *Cannot operate alone. You must install other options





pulse width 500 ns or more, miniature











POWER SUPPLY for Current Sensors SENSOR UNIT CT9555 1ch, with Waveform output CONNECTION CORD L9217 Cord has insulated BNC connectors at both ends, 1.6 m (5.25 ft) length PL23 (10-pin) - ME15W (12-pin) conversion CONVERSION CABLE CT9900 Convert PL23 (10-pin) terminal to ME15W (12-pin) terminal Up to 1000 A (High precision) *ME15W (12-pin) terminal type "High-precision null-through type monitor the waveforms of DC to distorted AC curren AC/DC CURRENT SENSOR CT6875, 2 MHz band width, 500A Monitor the waveforms of DC to distorted AC current

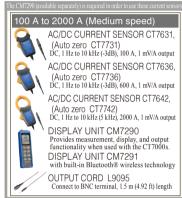
Precautions when connecting a high-precision current sensor to a Memory HiCorder Connecting to the MR880/MR8875/MR8870
 High-precision current sensor (ME15W) + CT9555 + BNC cable → MR8875
 High-precision current sensor (PL23) + CT9900 + CT9555 + BNC cable → MR8875

AC/DC CURRENT PROBE CT6844-05, 200 kHz band width, 500A AC/DC CURRENT PROBE CT6845-05, 100 kHz band width, 500A

AC/DC CURRENT PROBE CT6846-05 20 kHz band width 1000A

Other current sensor types

The MR8875 can be used with various types of current sensors and probes. For details, see product information on Hioki's website.









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