## *H722LC*





## DANGER 🖄

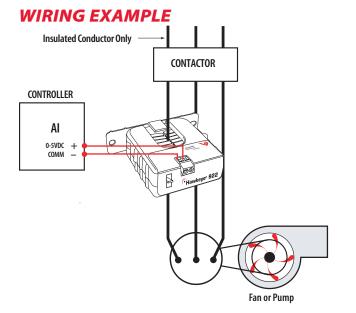
#### HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH

- Follow safe electrical work practices. See NFPA 70E in the USA, or applicable local codes.
- This equipment must only be installed and serviced by qualified electrical personnel.
- Read, understand and follow the instructions before installing this product.
- Turn off all power supplying equipment before working on or inside the equipment.
- Use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm power is off. DO NOT DEPEND ON THIS PRODUCT FOR VOLTAGE INDICATION
- Only install this product on insulated conductors.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

## **NOTICE**

- This product is not intended for life or safety applications.
- Do not install this product in hazardous or classified locations.
- The installer is responsible for conformance to all applicable codes.
- Mount this product inside a suitable fire and electrical enclosure.



# <sup>( •</sup>Hawkeye<sub>®</sub> 722LC

## Solid-Core Current Transducer, 0-5VDC Output

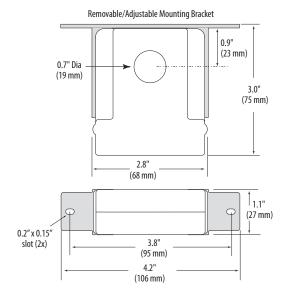
#### Installer's Specifications

0-10/20/40 Amps (slide switch selectable)
Induced from monitored conductor
600VAC RMS (UL), 300VAC RMS (CE)
50/60Hz
-15° to 60°C (5° to 140°F)
10-90% RH, non-condensing
$\pm 2\%$ FS from 10% - 100% of selected range
2 sec.
14 AWG
4 in-lbs (0.45 N-m)
UL 508 open device listing
CE: EN61010-1:2001-2, CAT III, deg. 2, basic insulation

#### **QUICK INSTALL**

- 1. Disconnect and lock out power.
- 2. Install the mounting bracket to the back of the electrical enclosure, no closer than 1/2" (12mm) to an uninsulated conductor.
- 3. Slide the conductor to be monitored through the sensing hole of the current switch. Terminate the conductor. See Notes (page 2) for currents under 1 Amp or above 40 Amp.
- 4. Set the desired amperage range on the H722LC (10, 20, or 40 Amps).
- 5. Wire the output connections between the H722LC and the controller (0-5VDC).
- 6. Reconnect power.
- 7. Scale the controller software to match the H722LC's output.

#### **DIMENSIONS**



www.calcert.com

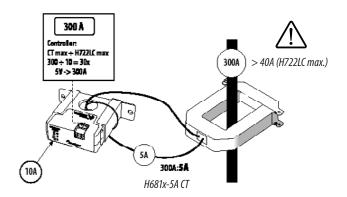
#### **OPERATION**

The H722LC is a current transducer that senses current (amperage) in any of three field-selectable ranges: 0-10, 0-20, or 0-40 amperes. These ranges represent the maximum current that can be applied to the monitored conductor. The H722LC transforms the monitored current into a 0-5VDC output suitable for connection to building controllers or other appropriate data acquisition equipment. The H722LC requires no external power to generate its output.

#### **NOTES**

#### For load currents greater than sensor maximum rating:

Use a 5 Amp (H681x series) Current Transformer (CT) as shown.





DANGER: 5A CTs can present hazardous voltages. Install CTs in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Terminate the CT secondary before applying current.

### **CAUTION**

#### RISK OF EQUIPMENT DAMAGE

· Derate the product's maximum current for the number of turns through the sensing window using the following

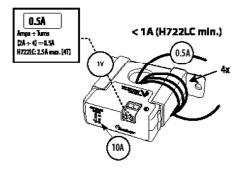
Rated Max. Amps ÷ Number of Turns = Max. monitored Amps e.g.: 30A ÷ 4 Turns = 7.5 Amps max. in monitored conductor

Failure to follow these instructions can result in overheating and permanent equipment damage.

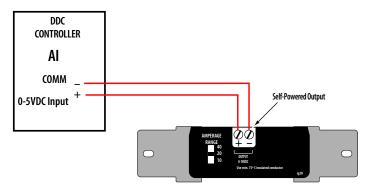
#### For load currents less than sensor minimum rating:

Wrap the monitored conductor through the center hole and around the sensor body to produce multiple turns through the "window." This increases the current measured by the transducer.

· Controller must be programmed to account for the extra turns. e.g., if four turns pass through the sensor (as shown) the normal controller reading must be divided by 4.

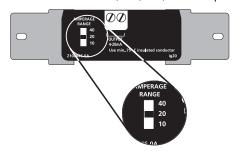


#### WIRING



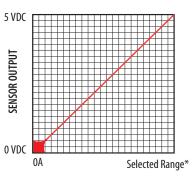
#### CALIBRATION/SCALING

Set the amperage range selector switch to a level appropriate for your load. The H723LC is available with three choices, 0-10, 0-20, or 0-40 Amps.



Amperage Range Selector Switch

Scale the output as shown below.



SENSED AMPS \*Factory calibrated ranges selected with the amperage range switch

#### TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem	Solution
No Reading at Controller	Confirm measured current is within the selected range on the product. Check polarity of sensor output connections.