

AMPROBE°

DM-5 Power Quality Analyzer

Instruction Manual

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Non-warranty repairs in the United States and Canada should be sent to an Amprobe Service Center. Call Amprobe or inquire at your point of purchase for current repair and replacement rates.

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SAFETY WARNINGS

This instrument has been designed, manufactured and tested according to IEC 61010-1: Safety requirements for Electronic Measuring apparatus, and delivered in the best condition after passing quality control tests.

This instruction manual contains warnings and safety procedures which have to be observed by the user to ensure safe operation of the instrument and to maintain it in safe condition. Therefore, read through these operating instructions before starting to use the instrument.

MARNING

- About Instruction manual -
 - Read through and understand the instructions contained in this manual before using the instrument.
 - Keep the manual at hand to enable quick reference whenever necessary.
 - The instrument is to be used only in its intended applications.
 - Understand and follow all the safety instructions contained in the manual.
 - Read the enclosed Quick Start Guide after reading this instruction manual.
 - For all accessories and attachments, refer to the individual instruction manual supplied when applicable.

It is essential that the above instructions are adhered to. Failure to follow the above instructions may cause injury, instrument damage and/or damage to equipment under test. Amprobe assumes no responsibility for damage and injury caused by misuse or not following the instructions in the manual.

The symbol \triangle indicated on the instrument, means that the user must refer to the related parts in the manual for safe operation of the instrument. It is essential to read the instructions wherever the symbol appears in the manual.

⚠ DANGER: is reserved for conditions and actions that are likely to cause serious or fatal injury.

MARNING: is reserved for conditions and actions that can cause serious or fatal injury.

CAUTION: is reserved for conditions and actions that can cause injury or instrument damage.

Measurement Category

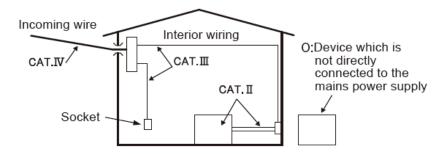
To ensure safe operation of measuring instruments, IEC 61010 establishes safety standards for various electrical environments, categorized as O to CAT.IV, and called measurement categories. Higher-numbered categories correspond to electrical environments with greater momentary energy, so a measuring instrument designed for CAT.III environments can endure greater momentary energy than one designed for CAT.II.

O : Circuits which are not directly connected to the mains power supply.

CAT.II: Electrical circuits of equipment connected to an AC electrical outlet by a power cord.

CAT.III: Primary electrical circuits of the equipment connected directly to the distribution panel, and feeders from the distribution panel to outlets.

CAT.IV: The circuit from the service drop to the service entrance, and to the power meter and primary overcurrent protection device (distribution panel).



⚠ M DANGER

- The instrument is to be used only in its intended applications or conditions. Otherwise, safety functions equipped with the instrument will not work, and instrument damage or serious personal injury may occur. Verify proper operation on a known source before taking action as a result of the indication of the instrument.
- With attention to the measurement category to which the object under test belongs, do not make measurements on a circuit in which the electrical potential exceeds the following values. * 300V AC for CAT. IV, 600V AC for CAT. III, 1000V AC for CAT. II
- Do not attempt to make measurement in the presence of flammable gasses. Otherwise, the use of the instrument may cause sparking, which can lead to an explosion.
- Never attempt to use the instrument if its surface or your hand is wet.

- Do not exceed the maximum allowable input of any measuring range.
- Never open the battery compartment cover during a measurement.

- Do not try to replace batteries during a measurement.
- Brand and type of the batteries to be used should be harmonized.

Power cord

- Connect the power cord to an outlet.
- Use only the power cord supplied with this instrument.

Power supply connector

• Never touch the power supply connector although it is insulated while the instrument is operating with batteries.

Voltage test leads

- Use only the ones supplied with this instrument.
- Choose and use the test leads and caps that are suitable for the measurement
- When the instrument and the test lead are combined and used together, whichever lower category either of them belongs to will be applied. Confirm that the measured voltage rating of the test lead is not exceeded.

SAFETY WARNINGS

- Do not connect a voltage test lead unless required for measuring the desired
- Connect voltage test leads to the instrument first, and only then connect them to the circuit under test.
- Keep your fingers behind the barrier during a measurement. Barrier: provides protection against electrical shock and ensuring the minimum required air and creepage distances.
- Never disconnect the voltage test leads from the connectors of the instrument during a measurement (while the instrument is energized).
- Do not touch two lines under test with the metal tips of the test leads.
- Never touch the metal tips of the test leads.

Clamp sensor

- Use only the ones dedicated for this instrument.
- Confirm that the measured current rating of the test lead and the maximum rated voltage are not exceeded.
- Do not connect a clamp sensor unless required for measuring the desired parameters.
- Connect sensors to the instrument first, and only then connect them to the circuit
- Keep your fingers behind the barrier during a measurement. Barrier: provides protection against electrical shock and ensuring the minimum required air and creepage distances.
- Never disconnect sensors from the connectors of the instrument while the instrument is in use.
- Connect to the downstream side of a circuit breaker since a current capacity at the upstream side is larger.
- Do not touch two lines under test with the metal tips of the test leads.

^CAUTION

- Caution should be taken since conductors under test may be hot.
- Never apply currents or voltages exceeding the maximum allowable input for the instrument for a long time.
- Do not apply currents or voltages for the clamp sensors or voltage test leads while the instrument is off.
- Don't use the instrument in dirty or dusty environments.
- Don't use the instrument under a strong electric storm or in the vicinity of energized object.
- Never give strong vibrations or drop shocks.
- Insert an SD card to the slot with the top side turned up. If the card is inserted upside-down, the SD card or the instrument may be damaged.
- While using an SD card, do not replace or remove the card. (The \(\bigcup_{\text{a}} \bigcup_{\text{symbol}} \text{symbol blinks}\) while accessing SD card.) Otherwise, the saved data in the card may be lost or the instrument may be damaged.

SAFETY WARNINGS

Clamp sensor

• Do not bend or pull the cable of the clamp sensor.

Treatment after use

- Power off the instrument and disconnect the power cord, voltage test leads and clamp sensors from the instrument.
- Remove the batteries if the instrument is to be stored and will not be in use for a long period.
- Remove the SD card when carrying the instrument.
- Never give strong vibrations or drop shocks when carrying the instrument.
- Do not expose the instrument to direct sunlight, high temperatures, humidity or
- Use a damp cloth with neutral detergent or water for cleaning the instrument. Do not use abrasives or solvents.
- Do not store the instrument if it is wet.

Carefully read and follow the instructions: **\DANGER**, **\DANGER**, **\DANGER**, **\DANGER** CAUTION and **NOTE ()** described in each section.

Meaning of symbols on the instrument:

\triangle	Caution! Refer to the explanation in this Manual.		
	The equipment is protected by double insulation or reinforced insulation.		
~	Alternating Current (AC).		
<u></u>	Earth (Ground).		

UNPACKING AND INSPECTION

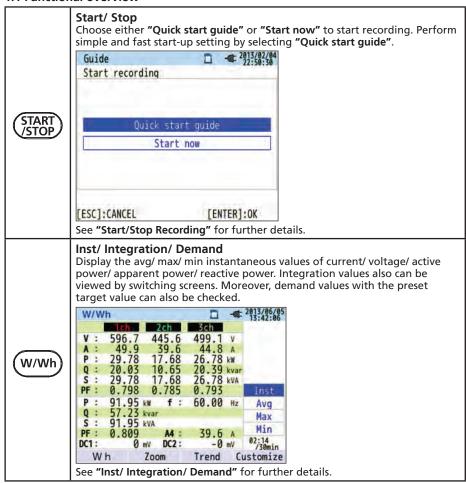
Your shipping carton should include:

- DM-5 power quality meter
- 1 CT-53 flex AC current clamp
- CT-500 flex AC current clamp
- Test lead with alligator clip (red/black/blue/green)
- US power cord
- SD card (2G)
- USB cable
- Cable tie (8 colors)
- AA batteries
- User manual
- PC Software (CD ROM)
- Carrying case

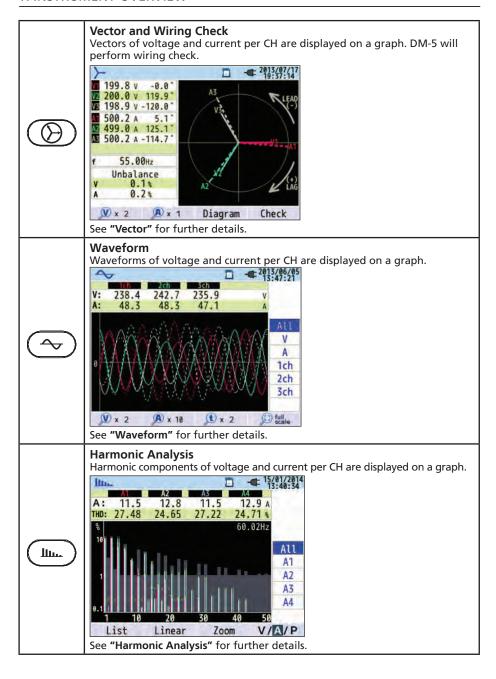
If any of the items are damaged or missing, return the complete package to the place of purchase for an exchange.

The included printed manual is a simplified version of the full instruction manual which can be found on the supplied CD-ROM. This manual is intended only as a handy reference guide and should only be used after having read the full instruction manual which contains full details on each function of this instrument and the items contained in the package.

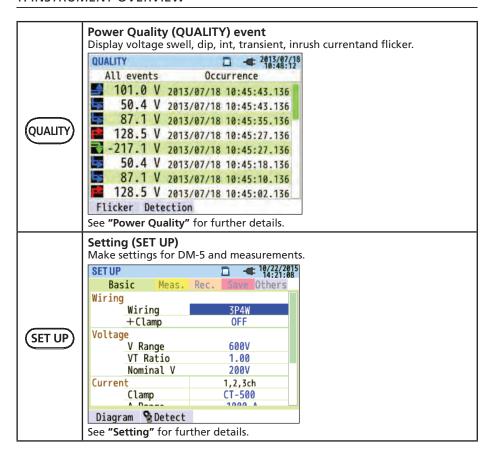
1.1 Functional overview



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1.2 Features

This is a clamp-type power quality analyzer that can be used for various wiring systems. It can be used for simple measurements of instantaneous/ integration/ demand values, and also for analysis of harmonics and events related to power quality and for the simulation of power factor correction with capacitor banks. It can display waveforms and vectors of voltage and current. Data can be saved either on the SD card or in the internal memory, and can be transferred to a PC via USB, or in real-time via wireless connectivity with a compatible Bluetooth® enabled device.

Safety construction

Designed to meet the international safety standard IEC 61010-1 CAT.IV 300V/ CAT.III 600V/ CAT.II 1000V.

Power quality analysis

DM-5 is designed to meet the international standard IEC61000-4-30 Class S and can measure frequency and r.m.s. voltage with high accuracy, and also can analyze harmonics. Moreover, it can measure swell, dip, interruption, transient, inrush current and flicker, gapless, all at once.

Power measurement

DM-5 measures active/reactive/apparent power, electrical energy, power factor, r.m.s. current, phase angle and neutral current simultaneously.

Wiring configuration

DM-5 supports: Single-phase 2-wire (4-system), Single-phase 3-wire (2-system), Threephase 3-wire (2-system) and Three-phase 4-wire.

Demand measurement

Electricity consumption can be easily monitored so as not to exceed the target maximum demand values.

Waveform/ vector display

Voltage and current can be displayed by waveform or vector.

Saving data

The DM-5 features a logging function with preset recording intervals. Data can be saved by manual operation or by specifying date and time. A screenshot of the data on the screen can be saved by using the Print Screen function.

Dual power supply system

DM-5 operates either with AC power supply or with batteries. Size AA alkaline dry-cell batteries and size AA Ni-MH rechargeable batteries can both be used. To charge size AA Ni-MH rechargeable batteries, use the charger which is manufactured by the same company as the batteries. In the event of power interruption, while operating with AC power supply, power to the instrument is automatically restored by the batteries in the instrument.

Large display

TFT color display with large screen.

Compact design

Compact power quality analyzer.

Application

Data in the SD card or the internal memory can be saved in PC via USB. Analysis of the downloaded data and instrument settings are possible by using the special software "Windows for DM-5".

Real-time communication with compatible devices is available via wireless connectivity to Bluetooth® enabled devices.

Input/ Output function

Analog signals from thermometers or light sensors can be measured simultaneously with electrical power data via 2 analog inputs (DC voltage); when any events related to power quality occur, signals can be transmitted to alarm devices via one digital output.

1.3 Constructional drawing Current input AC voltage input · [11:10] Power cord AMPROBE[®] DM-5 Digital output (1 ch) to recorder or alarm Analog input (2 ch) from thermometer or illuminometer F1 F2 F3 F4 Size AA alkaline dry-cell battery (LR6) PRINT DATA HOLD or Size AA Ni-MH rechargeable battery (QUALITY) (SET UP) PC SD card **Bluetooth**

1.4 Steps for measurement

Read through the operating instructions described in "Safety warnings" (P.8) before starting to use the instrument.

> Preparation Chap. 4: Getting started (P.28)

Cord and Sensor Connection Clause 4.3: Voltage test leads and clamp sensor connection (P.33)

> Turning on the Instrument. Clause 4.4: Start DM-5 (P.34)

Basic Settings. Clause 5.2: Basic setting (P.44)

Reading the Setup Data Clause 5.6: Saved data (P.71)

Wiring Clause 5.2: Basic setting – Wiring (P.44)

> Wiring Check Clause 6.4: Vector (P.91)

Advanced Setting and Data Save Method Clause 5.3: Measurement setting (P.53) / 5.4: Recording setting (P.62)

> Confirming the Measured Values. Clause 6.1: Inst value [W] (P.81) / 6.4: Vector (P.91)

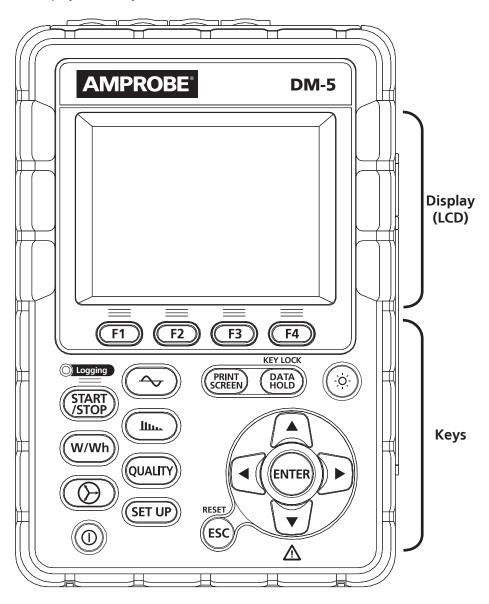
> > Start/ Stop Recording Clause 4.5: Recording procedures (P.35)

Confirming the Measured Data. Chap. 6: Displayed items (P.81)

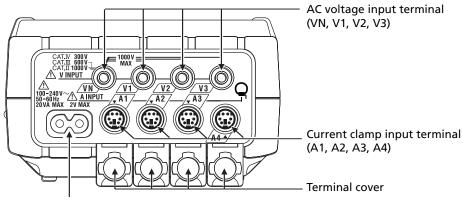
Disconnect the cords and sensors from the measurement line, and turn off the instrument.

> Data Analysis on PC Clause 8.1: Data transfer to PC (P.109) Chap. 9: PC software for setting and data analysis (P.113)

2.1 Display (LCD)/ Keys



2.2 Connector



Power connector

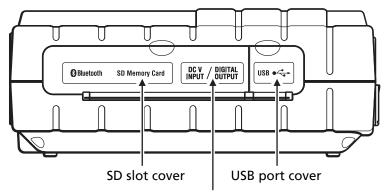
Wiring configuration		AC Voltage Input Terminal	Current Input Terminal*
Single-phase 2-wire (1-system)	1P2W×1	VN, V1	A1
Single-phase 2-wire (2-system)	1P2W×2	VN, V1	A1, A2
Single-phase 2-wire (3-system)	1P2W×3	VN, V1	A1, A2, A3
Single-phase 2-wire (4-system)	1P2W×4	VN, V1	A1, A2, A3, A4
Single-phase 3-wire (1-system)	1P3W×1	VN, V1, V2	A1, A2
Single-phase 3-wire (2-system)	1P3W×2	VN, V1, V2	A1, A2, A3, A4
Three-phase 3-wire (1-system)	3P3W×1	VN, V1, V2	A1, A2
Three-phase 3-wire (2-system)	3P3W×2	VN, V1, V2	A1, A2, A3, A4
Three-phase 3-wire 3A	3P3W3A	V1, V2, V3	A1, A2, A3
Three-phase 4-wire	3P4W×1	VN, V1, V2, V3	A1, A2, A3

^{*} Measurements of r.m.s. values and harmonics are possible at the Current terminals, which are not used for wiring connection.

2. INSTRUMENT LAYOUT

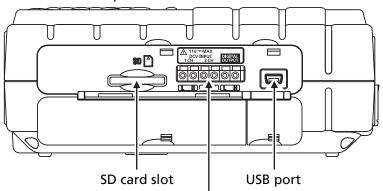
2.3 Side face

When the connector cover is closed.



Analog output / Digital output cover

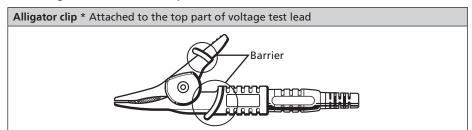
When the connector cover is opened.



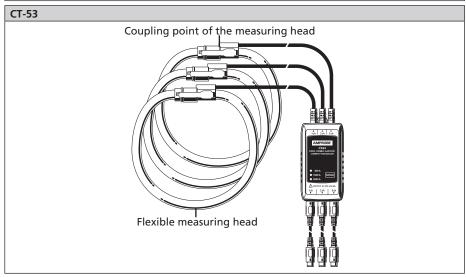
Analog output / Digital output terminal

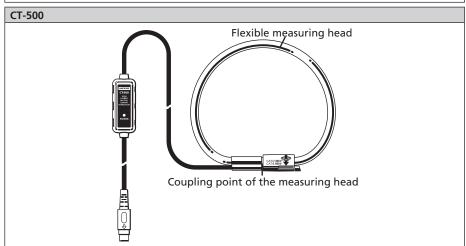
2. INSTRUMENT LAYOUT

2.4 Voltage test lead and clamp sensor

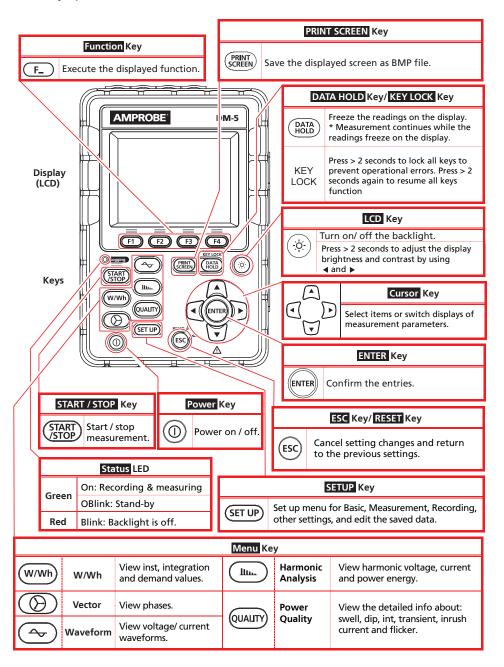


Barrier is a mechanical safety part and provides protection against electrical shock and ensuring the minimum required air and creepage distances. Keep your fingers and hands behind the barrier during a measurement.





3.1 Key operation



3.2 Icons on the LCD

Icon	Status
	DM-5 is operating with batteries. This icon varies in 4 steps according to the battery power condition.
-	DM-5 is operating with AC power.
354	Data hold is activated.
<u></u>	All keys are locked.
4	Buzzer is disabled.
	SD card is inserted and is ready.
	Recording the data on the SD card.
	Available free space in the SD card is not enough.
	Failed to access to the SD card.
	Internal memory is available. * This icon is displayed when a measurement starts without SD card.
	Recording the data in the internal memory.
	Available free space in the internal memory is not enough.
(IIWAIT)	Stand-by mode
•REC	Recording the measured data.
FULL	Capacity of recording media is full.
9	USB cable is connected.
8	Bluetooth® connection is established.

3.3 Symbols on the LCD

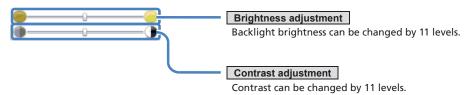
V*1	Phase voltage	VL*1	Line voltage	Α	Current
Р	Active + consumption power - regenerating	Q	Reactive + lagging power - leading	S	Apparent power
PF	Power + lagging factor - leading	f	Frequency		
DC1	Analog input voltage at 1ch	DC2	Analog input voltage at 2ch		
An*2	Neutral current	PA *3	Phase + lagging angle - leading	C*3	Capacitance calculation
WP+	Active power energy (consumption)	WS+	Apparent power energy (consumption)	WQi+	Reactive power energy (lagging)
WP-	Active power energy (regenerating)	WS-	Apparent power energy (regenerating)	WQc+	Reactive power energy (leading)
THD	Voltage/ Current total distortion factor				
Pst (1min)	Voltage flicker (1 min)	Pst	Short term voltage flicker	Plt	Long term voltage flicker

 $^{^{\}star 1}$ W screen: Displays of V and VL can be "customized" when "3P4W" is selected.

3.4 Backlight and Contrast Adjustment

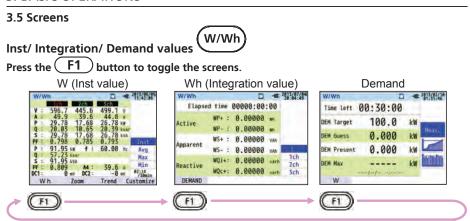
Press and hold > 2 seconds to enter the backlight brightness and display contrast adjustment mode. Press and to select brightness or contrast adjustment. Press and ▶ to adjust the levels of brightness/contrast. Press the **ENTER** to save the setting and exit the adjustment mode.

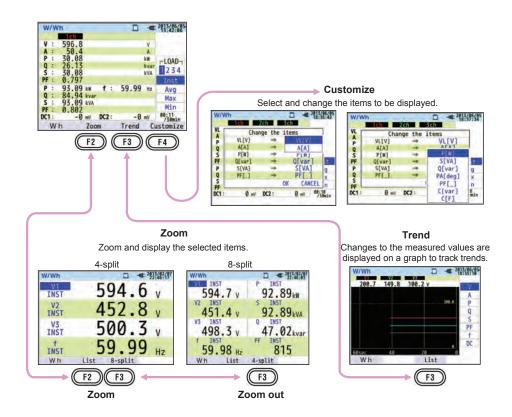
Key again to cancel the adjustment and exit the adjustment mode.



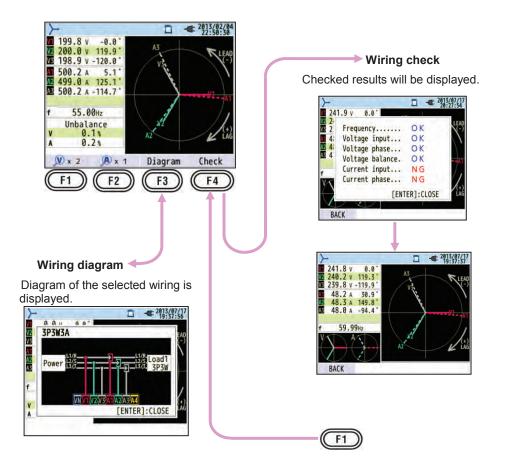
^{*2} W screen: "An" is displayed only when "3P4W" is selected.

^{*3} W screen: Displays of PA and C can be "customized".









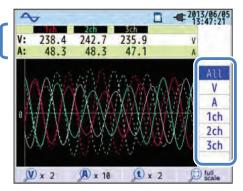
- ETD: toggle the line lengths of voltage vector.

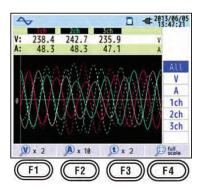
 1 2 5 10 ** time(s)
- F2 : toggle the line lengths of current vector.



Select the items with up and down **Cursor** keys and check for the waveforms.

Measured values per CH

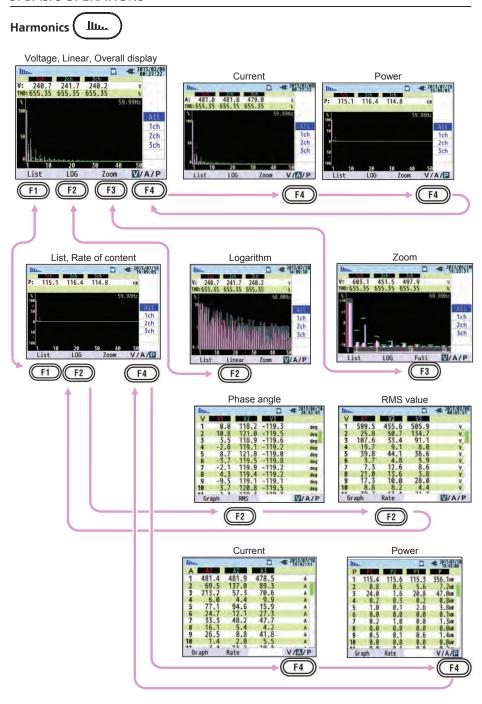




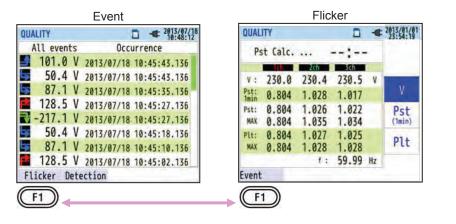
- F1 : toggle the magnifications of voltage waveform (vertical).

 0.1 0.5 1 2 5 10 * time(s)
- : toggle the magnifications of current waveform (vertical).

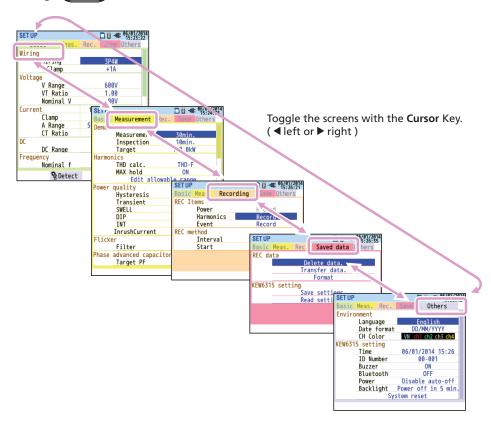
 0.1 0.5 1 2 5 10 * time(s)
- : toggle the magnifications of time axis (horizontal).
- Restore all the changed magnification settings and automatically select the appropriate magnification.



Power Quality QUALITY



Settings (SET UP)



4.1 Power supply

DM-5 operates with either an AC power supply or batteries. Capable of performing measurements in the event of AC power interruption, power to the instrument is automatically restored by the batteries installed in the instrument. Size AA alkaline dry-cell batteries (LR6) or size AA Ni-MH batteries can both be used. To charge the rechargeable battery, use the charger which is manufactured by the same company as the batteries. The DM-5 cannot charge batteries.

* Size AA alkaline dry-cell batteries (LR6) are supplied as accessories.

⚠ DANGER

- Never open the battery compartment cover during a measurement.
- Brand and type of the batteries to be used should be harmonized.
- Never touch the power supply connector, although it is insulated, while the instrument is operating with batteries.

MWARNING

• Ensure that the power cord, voltage test leads and clamp sensor are removed from the instrument, and that the instrument is switched off when opening the battery compartment cover for battery replacement.

∴ CAUTION

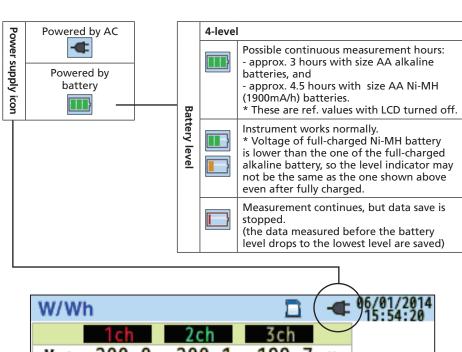
- Never mix new and old batteries.
- Install batteries in correct polarity as marked inside the battery compartment area.

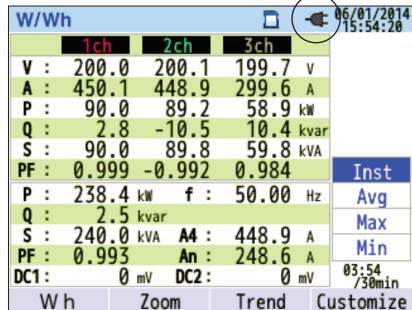
Batteries are not installed in the instrument at the time of purchase. Please insert the supplied batteries before starting to use the instrument. Battery power is consumed even if the instrument is powered off. Remove all the batteries if the instrument is to be stored and will not be in use for an extended period. When the instrument is powered by an AC power supply, it doesn't operate from battery power.

If an AC supply is interrupted and the batteries have not been inserted, the instrument powers off and all data may lost.

Battery Icon on the LCD/ Battery Level

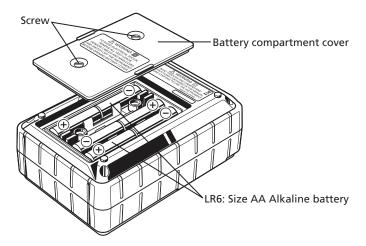
Power supply icon changes as follows, and the battery icon varies according to the battery condition.





How to Install Batteries:

Follow the steps below and install batteries.



- 1. Disconnect the power cord, voltage test leads and clamp sensors from the instrument, and power off the instrument.
- 2. Loosen the two battery compartment cover-fixing screws and remove the cover.
- 3. Take out all of the batteries.
- 4. Insert six batteries (Size AA alkaline battery: LR6) in correct polarity.
- 5. Install the battery compartment cover and fix it with two screws.

Power Cord Connection

The following should be checked before connection.

⚠ DANGER

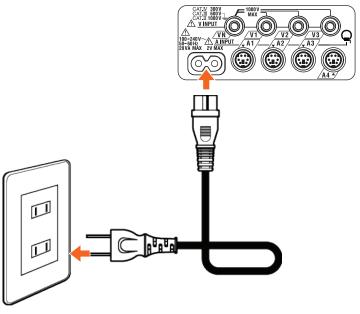
- Use only the power cord supplied with this instrument.
- Connect the power cord to a mains outlet. The mains supply voltage must not exceed AC240V. (max rated voltage of supplied power cord MODEL7169: AC125V)

MARNING

- Confirm that the instrument is powered off, and then connect the power cord.
- Connect the power cord to the instrument first. The cord should be firmly connected.
- Never attempt measurements if any abnormal conditions are noted, such as a broken cover and exposed metal parts.
- When the instrument is not in use, disconnect the power cord from the outlet.
- When unplugging the cord from the mains socket outlet, do so by removing the plug first and not by pulling the cord.

Follow the procedure below, and connect the power cord.

- 1. Confirm that the instrument is powered off.
- 2. Connect the power cord to the power connector on the instrument.
- 3. * Connect another end of the power cord to the outlet.
- * Powering on the DM-5 is possible two seconds after it is connected to a power source. The
- Key does not function within this two second period.



Power Supply Rating

Rating of power supply is as follows.

Rated supply voltage	100 to 240V AC (±10%)
Rated power supply frequency	50 to 60Hz
Max power consumption	7VA max

4.2 Placing / Removing SD card

⚠ Check the following points before using SD card.

∆ CAUTION

- Follow the instructions described in "Inserting SD card" and insert the SD card into the slot with the top side turned up. If the card is inserted up-side-down, the SD card or the instrument may be damaged.
- While using an SD card, do not replace or remove the card. (The symbol blinks while accessing SD card.) Otherwise, the saved data in the card may be lost or the instrument may be damaged.

Notes:

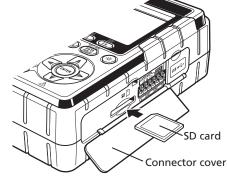
- Newly purchased SD cards must be formatted with the DM-5 before use. Data might not be successfully saved on SD cards that are formatted externally. For details, please refer to "Format" (P.86) in this manual.
- If the SD card has been frequently used for a long period, the life of the flash memory
 may be expired and additional data may not be saved. In such a case, replace the card
 with a new one.
- The data in the SD card might be damaged or lost by accident or failure. It is recommended to backup the recorded data periodically. Amprobe will not be liable for any loss of data or any other damages or losses.

Inserting SD Card:

- 1. Open the connector cover.
- 2. Insert the SD card into the SD card slot with the topside turned up.
- 3. Then close the cover.

Removing SD Card:

- 1. Open the connector cover.
- 2. Gently push the SD card towards the inside of the instrument, and then the card should release.
- 3. Remove the card slowly.
- 4. Then close the cover.



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4.3 Voltage Test Leads and Clamp Sensor Connection

⚠ Check the following before connecting the test leads and sensors.

⚠ DANGER

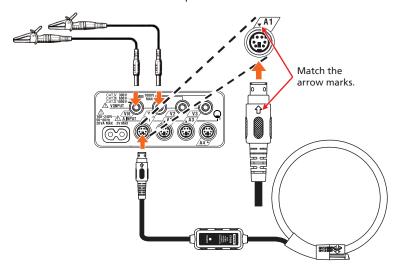
- Use only the voltage test leads supplied with this instrument.
- Use the dedicated clamp sensors for this instrument, and confirm that the measurement current rating of the clamp sensor is not exceeded.
- Do not connect all the voltage test leads or clamp sensors unless required for measuring the desired parameters.
- Connect the test leads and sensors to the instrument first, and only then connect them to the circuit under test.
- Never disconnect the voltage test leads and sensors while the instrument is in use.

MWARNING

- Confirm that the instrument is powered off, and then connect the power cord.
- Connect the power cord to the instrument first. The cord should be firmly connected.
- Never attempt to make measurement if any abnormal conditions are noted, such as a broken cover and exposed metal parts.

Follow the procedure below, and connect the voltage test leads and clamp sensors.

- 1. Confirm that the instrument is powered off.
- 2. Connect the appropriate voltage test lead to the AC voltage input terminal on the instrument.
- 3. Connect the appropriate clamp sensor to the current input terminal on the instrument. Match the direction of the arrow mark indicated on the output terminal of the clamp sensor and the mark on the current input terminal on the instrument.



Number of voltage test leads and clamp sensors to be used will be different depending on the wiringconfiguration under test. For further details, refer to "Wiring diagrams" in this manual.

4.4 Start DM-5

Start-up Screen

Hold down the POWER key until the following screen is displayed on the LCD. To power off the instrument, hold down the POWER key at least two seconds.

1. Model name and software version will be displayed upon powering on the instrument. Stop using the instrument if it does not start up properly, and refer to the "Trouble-shooting" in the instruction manual.

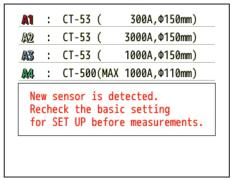


2. If this is not the first time starting the instrument, the most recently performed operation will appear on the screen.

Cautionary Message

If the connected clamp sensors are not the same ones used during the previous test, the list of the connected sensors will be displayed for five sec; but the settings will not be updated automatically. Press the SET UP key and re-detect the sensors or modify the settings directly.

The DM-5 retains and adopts the previous settings if no sensor is connected.



4.5 Recording Procedures

Start of Recording

Press the START Key



Choose either "Quick start guide" or "Start now" to start recording. Settings for wiring and recording can be quickly and easily selected using the "Quick start guide".

Press the SET UP key and adjust advanced settings if necessary. When the necessary settings are already selected, or no change is required, select "Start now" to start recording. Before starting measurement, ensure all

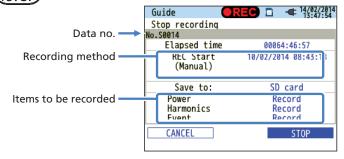
Press the **Cursor** Key (▲/▼) to move the **blue highlight** to "Quick start guide" or "Start now".

safety and necessary preparations have been checked.



End of Recording

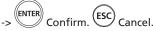
Press the START Key

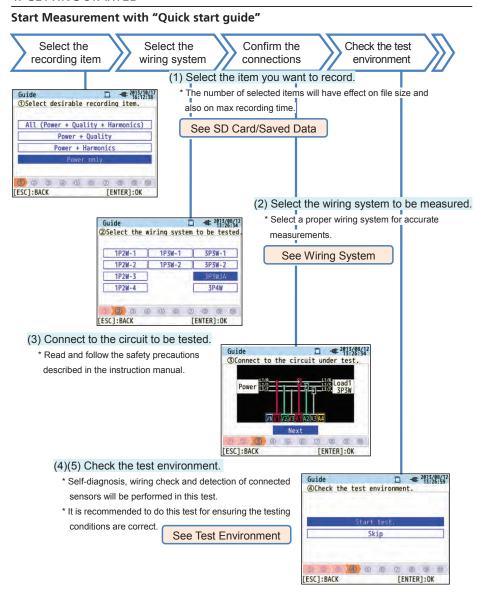


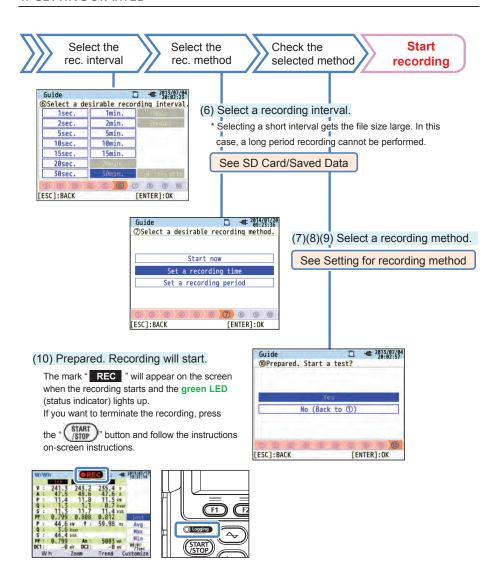
Check the recording information or stop the recording.

Items displayed on the LCD				
Data no.	Data no. of the recorded data. It is also used as a folder name for data saving.			
Elapsed time	The time that elapses while recording.			
	Manual	Show the "Recording start date and time".		
Recording method	Constant rec.	Show the "Recording start/ end date and time".		
necording method	Time period rec.	:. Show the "Recording start date and time", "Recording Period" and "Recording Time".		
Save to	Data saving location.			
Items recorded	Items being recorded.			

Press the Cursor Key (◀/▶) to move the blue highlight to to "Cancel" or "Stop".

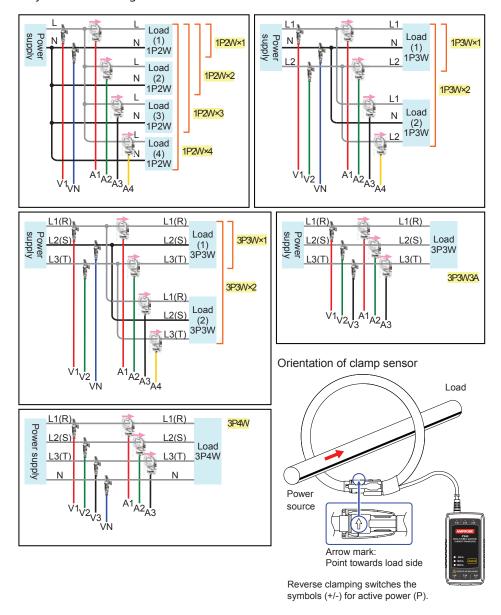






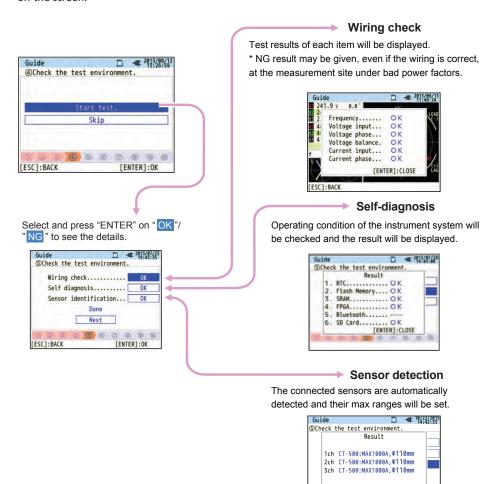
Wiring system

Any of the followings can be selected.



Test environment check

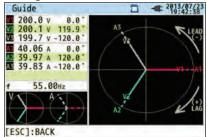
Select "Start test" and press "ENTER" button to start the test. The test result will be displayed on the screen.



[ENTER]:CLOSE

NG judgment

Wiring check



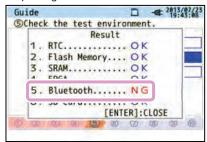
Close the result display. Then, the blinking vectors and the values of NG items will be displayed. If all the results are OK, the ideal vector diagram will be displayed at the lower left corner.

Criteria of judgment and cause

Check	Check	Check
Frequency	Frequency of V1 is	- Voltage clip is firmly connected to the circuit?
	within 40 to 70Hz.	- Measuring too high of harmonic components?
AC	AC voltage input	- Voltage clip is firmly connected to the circuit?
voltage input	is 10% or more of (Nominal voltage x VT).	- Voltage test lead is firmly connected to the AC voltage input terminal on the instrument?
Voltage balance	AC voltage input is within ±20% of	- Settings are matched with the wiring system under test?
	reference voltage (V1). * (not checked in	- Voltage clip is firmly connected to the circuit?
	single-phase wiring)	- Voltage test lead is firmly connected to the AC voltage input terminal on the instrument?
Voltage phase	Phase of AC voltage input is within ±10° of reference value (proper vector).	- Voltage test leads are correctly connected? (Connected to proper channels?)
Current input	Current input is 5% or more and 110% or	- Clamp sensors are firmly connected to the Power input terminals on the instrument?
	less of (Current Range x CT).	- Setting for Current Range is appropriate for input levels?
Current phase	- Power factor (PF, absolute value) at each CH is 0.5 or more.	- Arrow mark on the Clamp sensor and the orientation of flowing current coincide with each other? (Power supply to Load)
	- Active power (P) at	- Clamp sensors are connected correctly?
	each CH is positive	
	value.	

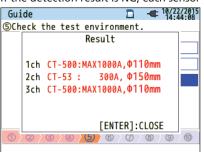
Self-diagnosis

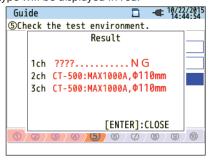
If "NG" judgment is given frequently, there might be something wrong with the instrument. Stop using the instrument and refer to "Troubleshooting" in the full instruction manual.



Sensor detection

If the detection result is NG, each sensor type will be displayed in red.





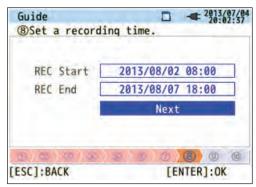
Criteria of judgment and cause

Causes Check	Causes
Type of current sensor	- Are the types of connected current sensors harmonized? The current sensor types used for measurement should be the same.
Cause unknown	- Current sensors are firmly connected to the instrument?
	- If any failures are in doubt:
	Exchange the connections of the sensors and test again.
	Connect the current sensor, for which "NG" is given, to the CH on which another sensor is properly detected.
	If the result "NG" is given for the same CH, a defect of the instrument is suspected. A defect of sensor is suspected if "NG" is given for the same sensor connected to another CH.
	Stop using the instrument and the sensor, if any defects are in doubt, and refer to "Troubleshooting" in the instruction manual.

Setting for recording method

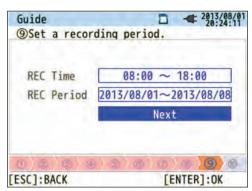
The following explains how to set recording start date and time.

Specify the recording start date and time.



During the selected period, DM-5 performs recording at the preset intervals. Example: When the date & time are specified as above, the recording period will be as follows. From 8:00 on August 2, 2013 to 18:00 on August 7, 2013

Specify the recording time period.



DM-5 performs recording during the selected time period at the preset intervals, and repeats recording processes during the preset time period.

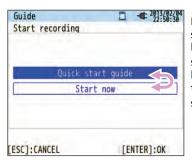
Example: When the time period is specified as above, the recording period is as follows. DM-5 does not record data between 18:00 and 8:00.

- (i) 8:00 to 18:00 on August 1, 2013,
- (ii) 8:00 to 18:00 on August 2, 2013,
- (iii) 8:00 to 18:00 on August 3, 2013,
- (iv) 8:00 to 18:00 on August 4, 2013, 8:00 to 18:00 on August 5, 2013,
- (v)
- 8:00 to 18:00 on August 6, 2013, (vi) (vii) 8:00 to 18:00 on August 7, 2013, and
- (viii) 8:00 to 18:00 on August 8, 2013.

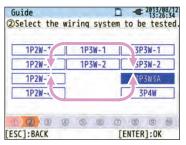
Selecting displayed parameters

For standard functions, the Cursor Key is used for selecting an item, the **ENTER**

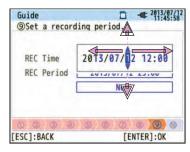
is for confirming the selection, and the **ESC** Key is for canceling the alternation. Taking the procedures in "Quick Start Guide" as an example, Key operations are explained as follows.



Press the **Cursor** Key to move the **blue highlight** showing the item is being selected, over the items in blue letters. In the screen at the left is the Recording start screen. Press the **Cursor** Key and move the blue highlight on the desirable recording method, and press the **ENTER** Key to confirm the selection. To quit the start guide, press the ESC Key.



If the display of the selectable items is similar to the one shown to the left, then the up, down, right and left Cursor Keys can be used. Use the Cursor Keys to select the proper wiring system and press the **ENTER** Key to confirm the selection. To return to the previous screen and cancel the changes, press the ESC



To change the numbers such as Date / Time, move the blue highlight over digits with the right and left Cursor Keys and alter the number with the up and down Cursor Keys.

In the screen to the left, the tenth place of the day is being selected. The number can be increased or decreased by 1 with the up/ down Cursor Keys. Press the **ENTER** Key to confirm the selection, or press the **ESC** Key to return to the previous screen and cancel the changes.

∆ CAUTION

If "AUTO" is setted for "A Range", either "Power + Harmonics" or "Power only" is selectable at step (1): Select desirable recording item. To record power quality, set it to any other proper current ranges other than "AUTO". The "Quick start guide" can be used to select settings for wiring and recording. The following should be selected and entered before starting a recording. Press the (SET UP) key to show the setting screen.

* Nominal voltage/ frequency, THD for power quality event and filter coefficient (ramp) for flicker measurement. When the setting of "A Range" is set to anything other than "AUTO", the settings for "+ Clamp" will be automatically changed to "OFF".

5.1 List of Setting Items

Settings must be selected for measurement condition and data saving prior to performing measurements. Press the SET UP Key to enter into the SET UP mode and do the necessary settings.

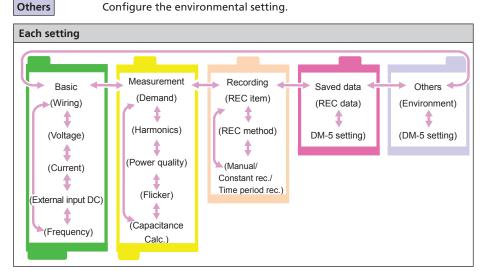
Settings consist of the following five categories. Use the **Cursor** Key to move between the categories. After making the necessary changes, switch screens and exit from the SET UP screen. Confirm that the is displayed in the upper left of the LCD at this time. This means the changes are enabled. If the instrument is powered off without switching screens, the changes you made will be cleared.

 Basic setting
 Select settings for the items common to each measurment.

 Meas. setting
 Select settings for each measurement mode.

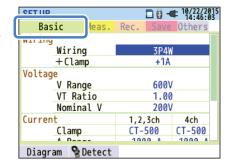
 Rec. setting
 Select settings for recoding.

 Saved data
 Edit the recorded data or alter the instrument setting.



5.2 Basic Settings

Press the SET UP Key. → Use the Cursor
Key ◀ and ▶ to display the basic settings screen.



Wiring System Settings

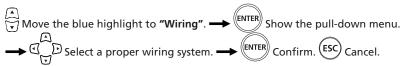


"Basic wiring"

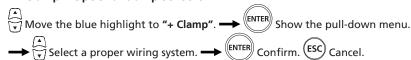
Choose one according to the wiring system to be measured.

	Selection		
(1) 1P2W×1	(5) 1P3W×1	(7) 3P3W×1	
(2) 1P2W×2	(6) 1P3W×2	(8) 3P3W×2	
(3) 1P2W×3		(9) 3P3W3A	
(4) 1P2W×4		(10) 3P4W	
* Current terminals that are not used in the selected wiring system can be used to measure rms currents and harmonics.			

^{*} Default setting is highlighted in gray.



"+ Clamp": Optional clamp sensors



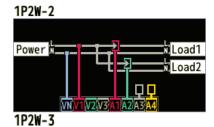
Power 1

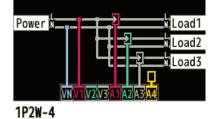
Wiring diagrams

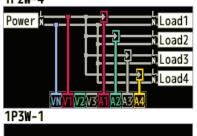
When the blue highlight is located at "Wiring", you can check the wiring diagram of the selected wiring system with the F1 key. The displayed diagram can be switched with



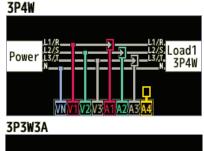
Load



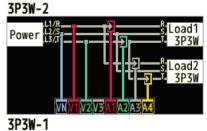


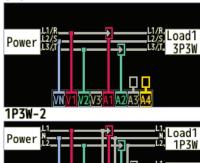


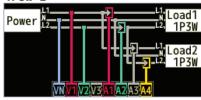












A Read the following precautions prior to connecting wiring.

♠ DANGER

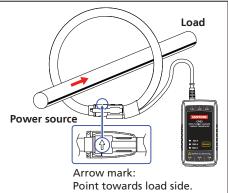
- With attention to the measurement category to which the object under test belongs, do not perform measurements on a circuit in which the electrical potential exceeds the following values. * 300V AC for CAT.IV, 600V AC for CAT.III, 1000V AC for CAT.II
- Use only the voltage test leads and clamp sensors dedicated for this instrument.
- Connect the clamp sensors, voltage test leads and power cord to the instrument first, and then connect them to the measured object or the power source.
- When the instrument and the test lead are combined and used together, whichever lower category either of them belongs to will be applied. Confirm that the measured voltage rating of the test lead is not exceeded.
- Do not connect voltage test leads or clamp sensors unless required for measuring the desired parameters.
- Clamp sensors should always be connected on the downstream side of a circuit breaker, which is safer than the upstream side.
- Do not open-circuit the secondary side of a supplementary CT while it is energized because of the high voltage generated at the secondary side terminals.
- Be careful to avoid short-circuiting the power line with the un-insulated part of the voltage test probes during the setup of the instrument. Do not touch the metal tips.
- Transformer jaw tips are designed in such a way to avoid short-circuiting. If the
 circuit under test has exposed conductive parts, extra care should be taken to
 minimize the possibility of shorting.
- Keep your fingers behind the barrier during a measurement. Barrier: provides protection against electrical shock and ensuring the minimum required air and creepage distances.
- Never disconnect the voltage test leads from the connectors of the instrument during a measurement (while the instrument is energized).
- Do not touch two lines under test with the metal tips of the test leads.

∆WARNING

- To avoid possible electric shock and short-circuit, always turn off the line under test at the wiring connection.
- Do not touch the un-insulated tip of voltage test leads.

⚠ Clamp sensor direction for correct measurement:

- Confirm that the wiring system selected and the measured line are harmonized.
- Ensure that the arrow mark on the clamp sensor points towards to load side.



* Reverse clamping switches the symbols (+/-) for active power (P).

Voltage Measurement Settings



"Voltage range"

Choose a desired voltage range.

* For measurements according to IEC61000-4-30 Class S, set the range to "600V".

Selection	
600V/1000V	

* Default setting is highlighted in gray.

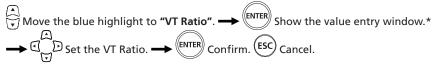


"VT Ratio"

Set the proper VT ratio when VTs (transformer) are installed in the measured system. The selected VT ratio will be reflected to all the values measured during any voltage measurements.



* Default setting is highlighted in gray.



* A pop-up appears and shows the effective range.

VT/CT*

* Current measurement setting.

⚠ DANGER

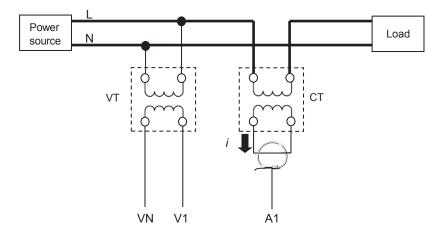
- With attention to the measurement category to which the object under test belongs, do not make measurements on a circuit in which the electrical potential exceeds the following values. * 300V AC for CAT. IV, 600V AC for CAT. III, 1000V AC for CAT. II
- Never connect the power cord to an outlet of AC240V or higher.
- This instrument must be used on the secondary side of VT (transformer) and CT (current transformer).
- Do not open-circuit the secondary side of the supplementary CT while it is energized because of the high voltage generated at the secondary side terminals.

∆ CAUTION

• When a VT or CT is used, the measurement accuracy is not guaranteed due to several factors namely phase characteristics and VT/CT accuracies.

The use of supplementary VT/CT's may be required if the voltage/current values of the circuit under test fall outside the instrument measuring range. In this case the value at the primary side of circuit can be obtained directly by measuring the secondary side with an appropriate VT or CT installed in the line under test as follows.

< Example of single-phase 2-wire (1-system) "1P2W x 1" >

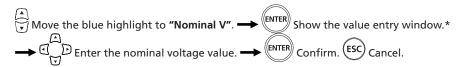


"Nominal voltage"

Set the nominal voltage values applied from the measured object.

Selection 50V - 600V(100V)

^{*} Default setting is highlighted in gray.



^{*} A pop-up appears and shows the effective range.

Default values

When the blue highlight is located at "Nominal V", you can view a list of the popular values with the F1 key.

Selection 100V/ 101V/ 110V/ 120V/ 200V/ 202V/ 208V/ 220V/ 230V/ 240V/ 277V/ 346V/ 380V/ 400V/ 415V/ 480V/ 600V



Current Measurement Settings

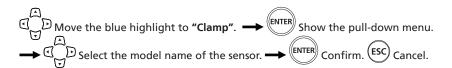


"Clamp": Clamp sensors for current measurement

Select the model names of the connected sensors. If an optional sensor is used and set for "+ Clamp", an exceptional sensor can be set for 4ch. The rated current and the max conductor size are displayed in a pop-up while opening the list of sensor model names.

Selection			
CT-500: 100 / 1000A / AUTO CT-53: 300 / 1000 / 3000A	Clamp sensors for power measurement		

* Default setting is highlighted in gray.



"Current range"

Choose a desired current range. "AUTO"* is not selectable while "Record" is set at the "Recording Tab" to record power quality events. To enable auto-ranging at current range, select "Do not record" for "Event" in the REC Item. Please refer to "VT/ CT" in this manual for the detailed settings for power quality events.

* Measurements according to IEC61000-4-30 Class S cannot be performed while "AUTO" is selected.

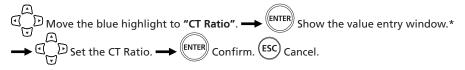


"CT Ratio"

Set the proper CT ratio when CTs (current transformer) are installed in the measured system. The selected CT ratio will be reflected to all the values measured during any current measurements. The details about CT are described in "VT/CT".



* Default setting is highlighted in gray.

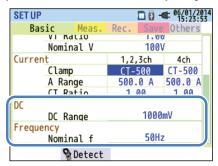


^{*} A pop-up appears and shows the effective range.

Sensor detection

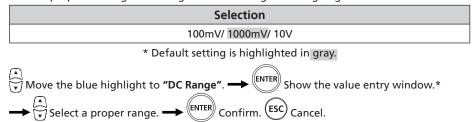
Pressing the **F2** key detects and displays the model names of the connected sensors automatically. However, if the connected sensors are not the ones that should be connected for the selected wiring system, or sensor detection fails, an error message will appear and the values entered at "Clamp", "A Range" and "CT Ratio" will be cleared. The details about "Sensor detection" are described in "Sensor detection".

Settings of External Input Terminal/ Reference Frequency



"DC Range"

Select a proper DC range according to the incoming DC voltage signals.



"Frequency"

Choose the nominal frequency of the system to be measured. If it is difficult to specify the voltage frequency, for example, in the event of power interruption, the DM-5 performs measurements based on the preset nominal frequency.

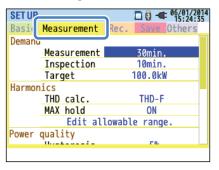


* Default setting is highlighted in gray.

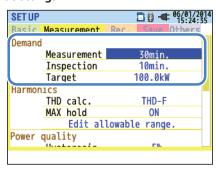


5.3 Measurement Setting

Press the (SET UP) Key. Change the tabs to "Measurement".



Demand Measurement Settings



"Measurement cycle"

Disable the demand measurement or set the demand measurement cycle in the preset recording period. When a demand measurement starts, the measured demand values will be recorded at the selected measurement cycle. The cycle time should be selected from the following.

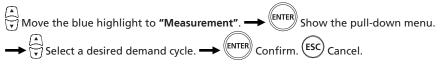
Selection

Not be used./ 10 min/ 15 min/ 30 min

* Default setting is highlighted in gray.

The selected demand measurement cycle has an influence on measurement intervals. Since the measurement interval cannot be set to a longer time than the demand interval, the preset measurement interval may be changed automatically according to the selected demand measurement cycle.

Selectable measurement intervals: 1sec/ 2sec/ 5sec/ 10sec/ 15sec/ 20sec/ 30sec/ 1 min/ 2 min/ 5 min/ 10 min/ 15 min/ 30 min.



"Target value"

Set the demand target value.

Selection 0.001mW - 999.9TW(100.0kW)

0.00111100 - 999.9100(100.0000)

* Default setting is highlighted in gray.



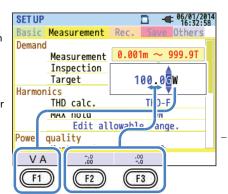
^{*} A pop-up appears and shows the effective range.

Either active or apparent power can be set as a demand target value. Pressing the F1 "VA"/ "W"

key while opening the value entry window can switch active and apparent power. Move the blue highlight with the (keys to the unit

and alter the unit with keys. Moving the decimal point is possible by pressing F2 or F3.

* Unit for apparent power: mVA, VA, kVA, MVA, GVA, TVA / for active power: mW, _W, kW, MW, GW, TW

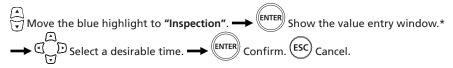


"Inspection cycle"

The buzzer sounds when the predicted value exceeds the target value within the selected inspection cycle. The inspection cycle should be shorter than the demand measurement cycle. The relations between the measurement and inspection cycles are as follows.

Selection	Inspection cycle		
10 min/ 15 min	1 min/ 2 min/ 5 min		
30 min	1 min/ 2 min/ 5 min/ 10 min/ 15 min		

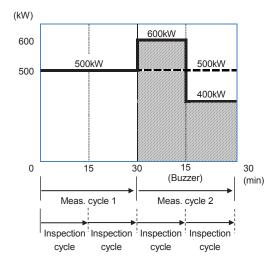
^{*} Default setting is highlighted in gray.



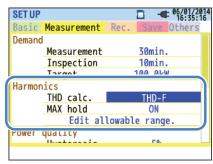
^{*} A pop-up appears and shows the effective range.

Outline of Demand Measurement Concept

The maximum demand is the maximum of average powers recorded over a 30 min interval. Assuming the max target demand to be 500kW, the average power during measurement cycle 1 is fine, but the power consumption for the first 15 min of measurement cycle 2 is 600kW. In such a case, the average power during measurement cycle can be maintained at 500kW (same as measurement cycle 1) by reducing the power of the last 15 min to 400kW. If the power consumption during the first half of cycle 2 is 1000kW and the last 15min is 0kW, the average power is the same: 500kW. While "Inspection cycle" is set to "15 min", the buzzer sounds after 15 min at the start of measurement cycle 2.

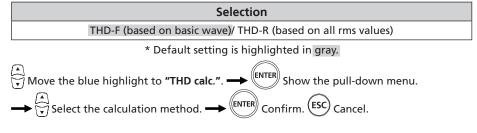


Harmonic Analysis Settings



"THD calculation"

THD stands for "Total Harmonic Distortion". Select "THD-F" to calculate the total harmonics distortion based on the basic wave and "THD-R" to do the calculation based on all rms values.



"MAX hold"

Turn on the MAX hold to show an indication of the max rate on a harmonics graph.



"Edit allowable range"

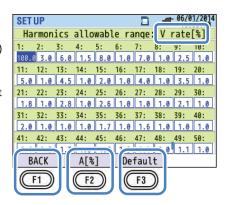
Set the EMC allowable range (rate of content) for harmonics per order. The edited ranges are displayed as a bar graph on the graph of harmonics.

Selection Default/ can be customized (V/ A) * Default setting is highlighted in gray. ENTER Show the list of the $\overrightarrow{|\mathcal{F}|}$ Move the blue highlight to **"Edit allowable range"**. **–** ${}^{ extstyle extstyle$ Show the value entry (ENTER) Confirm. (ESC) Cancel.

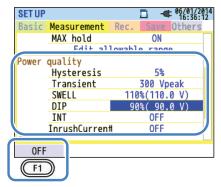
 $^{oldsymbol{\sqcup}}$ Set the allowable values. lacksquare

The values in each box by default comply with the international EMC standard IEC61000-4-7: Industrial environment Class 3. Press the (F3 key (Default) to restore the edited values to default.

Press the (F2) key (A/V [%]) to switch current and voltage. The (F1) key is to return to the measurement settings screen.



Threshold Setting for Power Quality (Event)



Press the (F1) (OFF/ON) to disable or enable the "threshold value" entry. If "OFF" is selected, the item will not be recorded even if the threshold value is set. The threshold value used during the previous measurement is displayed by pressing the (F1) (ON) key.

^{*} A pop-up appears and shows the effective range.

▲Caution:

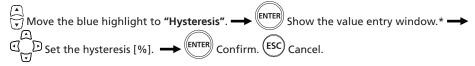
Threshold values for "Swell", "Dip" and "INT" are the percentage of the nominal voltage. So when the nominal voltage is changed, threshold voltage will be altered accordingly. For "Transient", if the nominal voltage is changed, the initial value will be automatically set to "300%", which is three times the new nominal voltage (peak voltage). The threshold value for "Inrush current" is the percentage of the Current Range, therefore, the value will be altered if the setting of the current range is changed.

"Hysteresis"

Set a desired hysteresis in percentage to disable the event detection for the specific area. Setting a proper hysteresis will be helpful to prevent unnecessary detections of events which are caused by voltage or current fluctuations around the threshold values.

Selection

- 1 10% against the nominal voltage (5%)
- * Default setting is highlighted in gray.



^{*} A pop-up appears and shows the effective range.

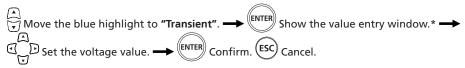
"Transient": Over-voltage (Impulse)"

Set an instantaneous voltage value as a threshold for the transient event. The following selection range varies depending on the selected VT ratio.

Selection

±50 to ±2200Vpeak against the nominal voltage (300%)

* Default setting is highlighted in gray.



^{*} A pop-up appears and shows the effective range.

Example of Transient detection:

The details are described in "Displaying recorded events".



"SWELL": Instantaneous voltage rise"

Set the threshold value (rms voltage in one cycle) for swell in percentage of the nominal voltage. The following selection range varies depending on the selected VT ratio. The preset hysteresis has an effect on this threshold value.

Selection

100 - 200% against the nominal voltage (110%)

* Default setting is highlighted in gray.



^{*} A pop-up appears and shows the effective range.

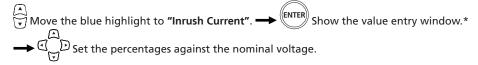
"Inrush Current": Instantaneous current rise

Set the threshold value (rms current in one cycle) for inrush current in percentage of the max value of the current range. The following selection range varies depending on the selected CT ratio. The preset hysteresis has an effect on this threshold value.

Selection

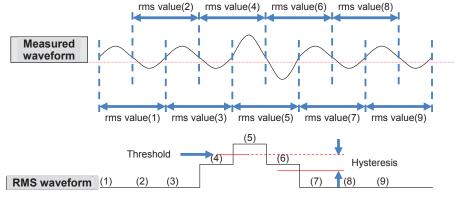
0 - 110% against the nominal voltage (100%)

* Default setting is highlighted in gray.



Example of Swell/ Inrush current detection:

The details are described in "Displaying recorded events".



"DIP": Instantaneous voltage drop

Set the threshold value (rms voltage in one cycle) for dip in percentage of the nominal voltage. The following selection range varies depending on the selected VT ratio. The preset hysteresis has an effect on this threshold value.

Selection

0 - 100% against the nominal voltage (90%)

* Default setting is highlighted in gray.

Move the blue highlight to "DIP".

Show the value entry window.*

State of the percentages against the nominal voltage.

""INT": A short period of power interruption

Set the threshold value (rms voltage in one cycle) for INT in percentage of the nominal voltage. The following selection range varies depending the preset VT ratio. The preset hysteresis has an effect on this threshold value. If rms voltages, 10V or less, are used for event detections, ensure that the Int event detection is enabled. Otherwise, events will not be detected properly.

Selection

0 - 100% against the nominal voltage (10%)

* Default setting is highlighted in gray.

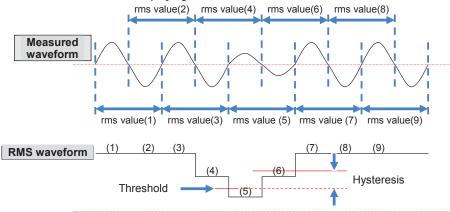
Move the blue highlight to "INT".

Show the value entry window.*

State of the percentages against the nominal voltage.

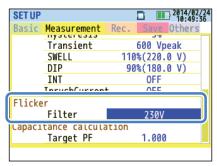
Example of Dip/ Int detection:

The details are described in "Displaying recorded events".



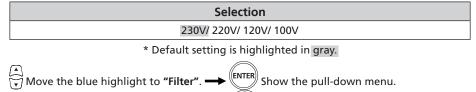
^{*} A pop-up appears and shows the effective range.

Filter Setting for Flicker Measurement

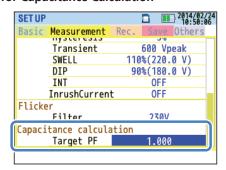


"Filter coefficient"

Set a proper filter coefficient according to the nominal voltage for accurate flicker measurements. Select the values of nominal voltage, nominal frequency and filter coefficient values appropriate to the actual measured object. If possible, harmonize the filter coefficient and the nominal voltage.





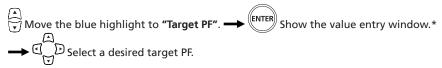


"Target power factor"

Set a target power factor for capacitance calculation. The power factor is negatively influenced if inductive loads, such as motors, that are connected to the power supply because current phases lag behind the voltage phases in this case. Usually, phase advanced capacitors are installed in high-voltage-receiving installations, to reduce such influences. Improving the power factor may cut down electricity tariffs if the customer is on low-, highor industrial power construction.



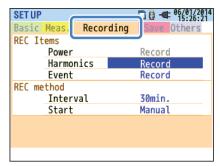
* Default setting is highlighted in gray.



^{*} A pop-up appears and shows the effective range.

5.4 Recording Setting

Press the (SET UP) Key. \longrightarrow Change the tabs to "Recording".



Settings for Recording Items

The possible recording time on SD cards or the internal memory varies depending on the number of the recorded items and the preset intervals. Select "Do not record" for the items which are not necessary to record to secure a longer recording time. The details are described in "Possible recording time"



"Power"

The blue highlight cannot be locate on this area. This is to ensure that all the items related to electric power are always recorded.

"Harmonics"

Select "Record" or "Do not record" the harmonics of voltage, current and power.

Selection	
Record/ Do not record	

^{*} Default setting is highlighted in gray.

"Event"

Select "Record" or "Do not record" the detailed data when power quality events occur. The "Do not record" is not selectable when "AUTO"* is set for "A Range". To select "Record", set it to any other proper current ranges other than "AUTO".

* Measurements complied with IEC61000-4-30 Class S cannot be performed with "AUTO" setting.



* Default setting is highlighted in gray.

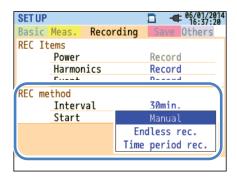


Saved Items

The following data measured on each CH will be saved according to the selected recording method. Saved items are dependent on the selected recording method and wiring system.

DEC CL	pro the m	Meas./ Rec. setting			
REC file	REC item	Power	+Harmonics	+Event	
	RMS voltage (line/ phase)				
	RMS current				
	Active power				
	Reactive power				
	Apparent power				
	Power factor				
	Frequency				
	Neutral current(3P4W)				
	V/ A phase angle (1st order)				
	Analog input voltage, 1CH, 2CH				
	V/A unbalance ratio				
	1-min Voltage flicker				
Power	Short-term V Flicker (Pst)	_	_	_	
measurement	Long-term V Flicker (Plt)	_	_	-	
	Capacitance calculation				
	Active power energy (consumption/ regenerating)				
	Reactive power (consumption) lagging/ leading				
	Apparent power energy (consumption/ regenerating)				
	Reactive power (regenerating) lagging/ leading				
	Demand (W/VA)				
	Target demand (W/VA)				
	Total harmonic distortion of V(F/R)				
	Total harmonic distortion of A(F/R)				
	Harmonic V/ A(1-50th order)				
Harmonics	V/ A phase angle (1-50th order)		_		
measurement	V/ A phase difference (1-50th order)		-		
	Harmonic power (1-50th order)				
\// A Ch	RMS voltage per half-cycle			_	
V/ A Change	RMS current per half-cycle			•	
	Event detected date & time				
Event type	Event type				
	Measured values at event detection				
Waveform	V/A waveform				

Recording Method



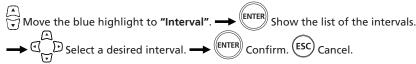
"Interval"

Set the interval to record the measured data on the SD or internal memory. Seventeen different intervals are available, but it cannot be set to a longer time than the demand measurement cycle. The preset recording interval may be changed automatically according to the selected demand measurement cycle. Please refer to "Settings of demand measurement" in this manual.

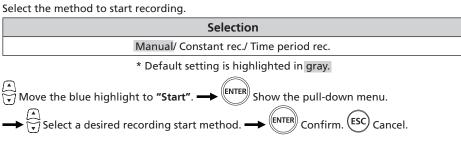
Selection 1 sec/ 2 sec/ 5 sec/ 10 sec/ 15 sec/ 20 sec/ 30 sec/ 1 min/ 2 min/ 5 min/ 10 min/ 15 min/ 20 min/ 30 min/ 1 hour/ 2 hours/ 150,180 cycles (approx. 3 sec)

* Default setting is highlighted in gray.

* The intervals: 150, 180 cycles (approx. 3 sec) are the ones defined in IEC61000-4-30. Data will be collected in 150 cycles at 50Hz (nominal frequency) and in 180 cycles at 60Hz (nominal frequency).



"Start"



"Manual"

Start/ stop the recording with (START) Key.



"Constant recording"

Measured data will be recorded continuously at the preset interval during the specified start/ stop time and date. Please refer to "(8)/ (9) Setting for recording method".

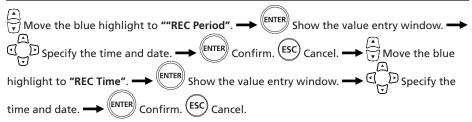
Selection	Selection
Start time and date	Day/ Month/ Year Hour:Minute (00/00/0000 00:00)
Stop time and date	Day/ Month/ Year Hour:Minute (00/00/0000 00:00)



"Time period recording"

Measured data will be recorded at the preset interval for the specified time period of the selected period. When the specified time comes, a recording will start and end automatically; such a recording cycle will be repeated everyday during the specified period. Please refer to "(8)/ (9) Setting for recording method".

	Selection
REC Period Start-Stop	Day/ Month/ Year (DD/ MM/ YYYY) - Day/ Month/ Year (DD/ MM/ YYYY)
REC Time Start-Stop	Hour:Minute (hh:mm) - Hour:Minute(hh:mm)

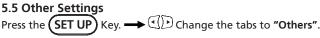


Possible Recording Time

When a 2GB SD is used:

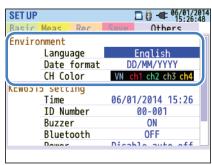
	REC item			REC item	
Interval	Power	+Harmonics	Interval	Power	+Harmonics
1 sec	13 days	3 days	1 min	1 year or more	3 months
2 sec	15 days	3 days	2 min	2 years or more	6 months
5 sec	38 days	7 days	5 min	6 years or more	1 years or more
10 sec	2.5 months	15 days	10 min		2 years or more
15 sec	3.5 months	23 days	15 min		3 years or more
20 sec	5 months	1 month	20 min	10 years or	5 years or more
30 sec	7.5 months	1.5 months	30 min	more	7 years or more
			1 hour		10 years or
			2 hours		more
			150/180-cycle	23 days	4 days

- * Possible recording time does not account for data from power quality events. The max possible recording time will be shortened by recording such events. The max file size per recording is 1GB.
- * For best performance, use only the SD cards provided with this instrument or as optional parts.





Settings for System Environment



"Language"

Select the language to be displayed.



* Default setting is highlighted in gray. Changes made by user will remain after system reset.



"Date format"

Select a desired date display format. The selected date format will be reflected to the date display on the screen and on each setting window.

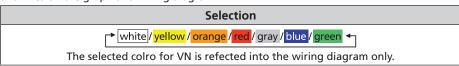
Selection YYYY/ MM/ DD / MM/ DD/ YYYY / DD/ MM/ YYYY

* Default setting is highlighted in gray. Changes made by user will not be cleared after system reset.



"CH color"

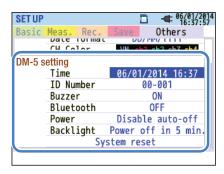
Specify the colors for voltage and current per CH. The colors will be reflected on item labels and lines on the graph and wiring diagram.



* Default color setting is: VN: Yellow/ 1CH: Red/ 2CH: White/ 3CH: Blue/ 4CH: Green. Changes done by user will not be restored to default even after the system is reset.



DM-5 Setting



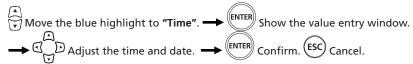
"Time"

Adjust and set the internal system clock.

Selection

dd/ mm/ yyyy hh:mm

* The selected date format has an effect on this setting.



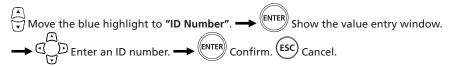
"ID Number"

Assign an ID number for the unit. Assigning ID numbers will be helpful in analyzing recorded data when multiple units are used at the same time or when periodically measuring multiple systems with one unit.

Selection

00-001 to 99-999 (00-001)

* Default setting is highlighted in gray.

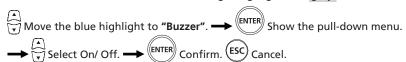


"Buzzer"

Keypad sounds can be muted. The warning buzzer for demand judgment or low battery voltage sounds even when "OFF" is selected.

Selection On/ Off

* Default setting is highlighted in gray.



"Connecting with a Bluetooth® Enabled Device"

Turn on/ off the Bluetooth® function. Select "Off" if connectivity with a Bluetooth® enabled device will not be performed.



* Default setting is highlighted in gray.



"Power"

Select to enable or disable the auto-power-off function. This setting is for situations when the DM-5 operates from an AC power supply. Auto-power-off activates in 5 min after the last operation while DM-5 is operating from Battery power.

	For:	Selection
	AC Power	Power off in 5 min. / Disable auto-off
Battery		Power off in 5 min.

^{*} Default setting is highlighted in gray.

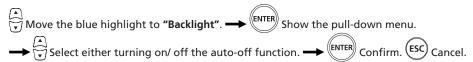


"Backlight"

This setting can turn off the backlight automatically when the prescribed time passes after the last key operation. The backlight will be turned off 2 min after the last operation while DM-5 is operating from battery power.

For:	Selection					
AC Power	Power off in 5 min. / Disable auto-off					
Battery	Power off in 2 min.					

^{*} Default setting is highlighted in gray.



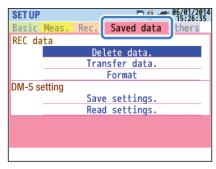
"System reset"

Restore all the settings to default except for "Language", "Date format", "CH Color" and "Time".



5.6 Saved Data

Press the (SET UP) Key. - Change the tabs to "Saved data".

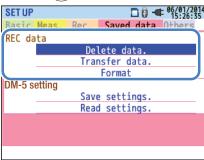


Save the """: Measurement data, "": Print screen" and "": Setting data" on the "": SD card or in the """ internal memory. If SD card is inserted in the instrument, these data will be automatically saved on the SD card. Remove or do not insert the SD card to save the data in the internal memory. Data save destination is not adjustable. Max number of the file that can be saved in the internal memory is 3 for measurement data and 8 for the other data.

To Delete, Transfer or Format the Recorded Data

Select a desired language.

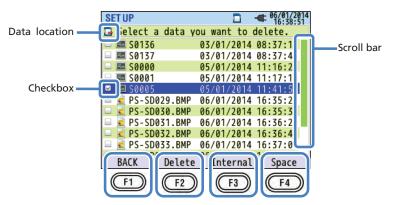
ENTER Confirm.

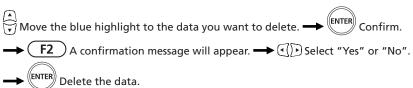


"Delete data"

Show the list of the recorded data, and then select unwanted data. Icons on the screen means: SD card, : Internal memory, Measured data, : Print screen, : Setting data

Data are not listed in time sequence. The recorded date and time are displayed to the right of file name. As for the data which are previously transferred from the internal memory to an SD card, the displayed time means when the data were transferred. The scroll bar is displayed when the list of the recorded data exceeds the display area.





A check mark " " will be put in the checkbox for the selected data. Multiple data can be selected at once.

"Delete"

Press the (F2) Key and select "Yes" on the confirmation message to delete the data.

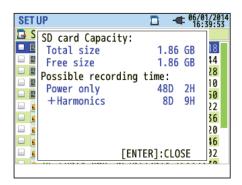
"Internal"/ "SD card"

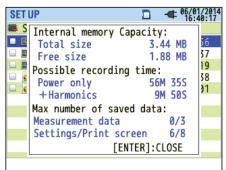
Pressing the F3 Key can switch between "Internal memory" and "SD Card" and the corresponding icon will be displayed in the upper left of the screen. Checked boxes will be cleared if the screens are switched before deleting the data.

5. SETTINGS

"Space"

Storage media information can be checked with the F4 Key. Press the ENTER Key to close the information window.





Displa	ayed items	Selection					
Capacity	Total size	Total memory capacity					
Capacity	Free size	Capacity of free space					
Possible	Power only	Estimated possible recording time if the parameters to be recorded are limited to power-related ones only.					
recording time	Power+ Harmonics	Estimated possible recording time if the parameters to be recorded are power-related ones and harmonics.					
Max number of saved data	Measurement data	Number of measurement data files saved in the memory * Max number of files: 3					
* Internal memory only	Settings / Print screen	Number of DM-5 setting and print screen data files * Max number of files: 8					

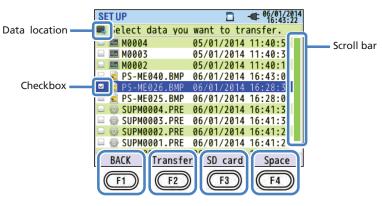
"BACK"

To return to the "Saved data" screen, press the F1 Key.

"Transfer data"

Select the data you want to transfer from the "": internal memory to the SD card "". Data files which can be transferred are: "": Measurement data, " ": Print screen, "": Setting data. Data are not listed in time sequence. The recorded date and time are displayed to the right of file name.

As for the data which are previously transferred from the internal memory to an SD card, the displayed time means when the data were transferred. The scroll bar is displayed when the list of the recorded data exceeds the display area.



Select the data you want to transfer. Confirm.
\longrightarrow F2 A confirmation message will appear. \longrightarrow \bigcirc Select "Yes" or "No".
Selected data will be transferred.

A check mark " " will be put in the checkbox for the selected data. Multiple data can be selected at once.

"Transfer"

Press the **F2** (Transfer) Key and select "Yes" on the confirmation message to transfer the selected data.

"SD card"

To check the data on the SD card, press the F3 (SD card) Key. Pressing the F3 Key again returns to the list of data saved in the internal memory. Checked boxes will be cleared if the screens are switched before transferring the data.

"Space"

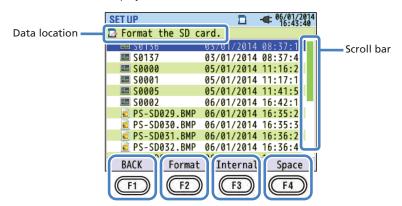
Storage media information can be checked with the F4 Key. Press the close the information window. Please refer to "Space" for further details.

"BACK"

To return to the "Saved data" screen, press the **F1** Key.

"Format"

Format the "\overline{\textit{"}}": SD card or "\vertical or ": Internal memory. Data are not listed in time sequence. The recorded date and time are displayed to the right of file name. As for the data which are previously transferred from the internal memory to an SD card, the displayed time means when the data were transferred. The scroll bar is displayed when the list of the recorded data exceeds the display area.



F2 A confirmation message will appear. → Select "Yes" or "No".

→ (ENTER) Format.

"Format'

A confirmation message will appear when pressing the F2 (Format) Key. Select "Yes" to start format.

"Internal"/ "SD card"

Pressing the F3 Key can switch between "Internal memory" and "SD Card" and the corresponding icon will be displayed in the upper left of the screen.

"Space"

Storage media information can be checked with the F4 Key. Press the Key to close the information window. Please refer to "Space" for further details.

"BACK"

To return to the "Saved data" screen, press the (F1) Key.

\Lambda Data file handling

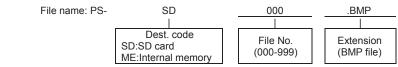
The file name will be assigned automatically. File number is kept and saved, even after powering off the instrument, until the system is reset. The file number will increase until it exceeds the max file number.

If a file with the same file name already exists, the files in the data folder will be saved as another name with a different file number. The file number will be automatically increased by 1. However, "Print screen" and "Setting" files will be overwritten in such a case. When the file number starts from "0" or the same SD is used for multiple instruments, extra precautions should be paid so that necessary files will not be overwritten. When all the file numbers are used for each type of data, the files on the data folder will be overwritten.

If files are deleted or the name of a folder or file are changed on a PC, editing on the instrument or data analysis with special software cannot be performed. Do not change the name of folder or file.

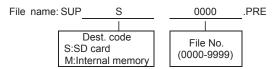
"Print screen"

Press the PRINT SCREEN to save the screen images as BMP files.



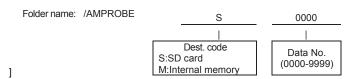
* Dest. = Destination



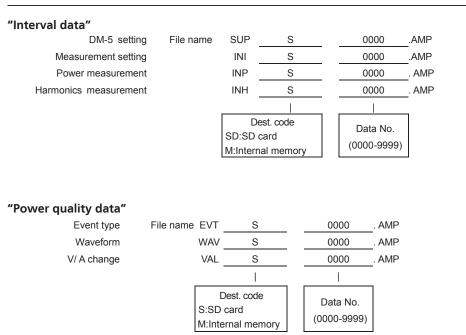


"Data folder"

New folder will be created per measurement to save the interval and power quality data.

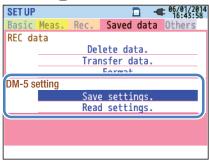


5. SETTINGS



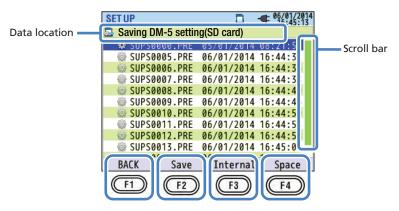
DM-5 Settings and Data Loading





"Save settings"

Save the "".": Setting data on the "".": SD card or in the "".: internal memory. Data are not listed in time sequence. The recorded date and time are displayed to the right of file name. As for the data which were previously transferred from the internal memory to an SD card, the displayed time means when the data were transferred. The scroll bar is displayed when the list of the recorded data exceeds the display area.



F2 A confirmation message will appear. → Select "Yes" or "No".

→ ENTER Data will be saved.

"Save"

Press the F2 Key and select "Yes" on the confirmation message to save the data on the SD card or in the internal memory.

"Internal"/ "SD card"

Pressing the F3 Key can switch between "Internal memory" and "SD Card" and the corresponding icon will be displayed in the upper left of the screen.

5. SETTINGS

"Space"

Storage media information can be checked with the F4 Key. Press the Key to close the information window. Please refer to "Space" for further details.

"BACK"

To return to the "Saved data" screen, press the F1 Key.

The following settings for DM-5 can be saved.

Basic setting

Setting item
Wiring
Voltage range
VT ratio
Nominal voltage
Clamp/ Current range
CT ratio
DC range
Frequency

Other settings

Settin	Setting item					
Environment	Date format					
DM-5	ID number					
setting	Buzzer					

Measurement setting

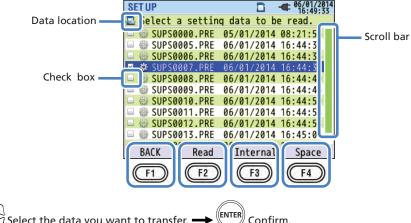
Setting item					
	Measurement cycle				
Demand	Inspection cycle				
	Target				
	THD(total harmonic distortion) calc.				
Harmonics	Allowable range				
	MAX HOLD				
	Threshold for Hysteresis				
	Threshold for Transient				
Power	Threshold for Swell				
quality	Threshold for Dip				
	Threshold for INT				
	Threshold for Inrush current				
Flicker	Filter coefficient (Ramp)				
Capacitance calculation	Target PF				

Recording setting

Setting item						
Recording	Harmonics					
item	Power quality (event)					
Recording	Interval					
method	Start					
Constant	REC Start					
meas.	REC End					
Time period	Rec. period Start – End					
rec.	Time period Start – End					

"Read settings"

Read the ",": Setting data from the ", SD card or from the ", internal memory. Data are not listed in time sequence. The recorded date and time are displayed to the right of file name. As for the data which were previously transferred from the internal memory to an SD card, the displayed time means when the data were transferred. The scroll bar is displayed when the list of the recorded data exceeds the display area.





The scroll bar is displayed when the list of the recorded data exceeds the display area. A check mark " will be put in the checkbox for the selected data.

"Read"

Press the (F2) (Transfer) Key and select "Yes" on the confirmation message to transfer the selected data.

"Internal"/ "SD card"

Pressing the (F3) Key can switch between "Internal memory" and "SD Card" and the corresponding icon will be displayed in the upper left of the screen.

"Space"

Storage media information can be checked with the F4 Key. Press the ENTER Key to close the information window. Please refer to "Space" for further details.

"BACK"

To return to the "Saved data" screen, press the (**F1**) Key.

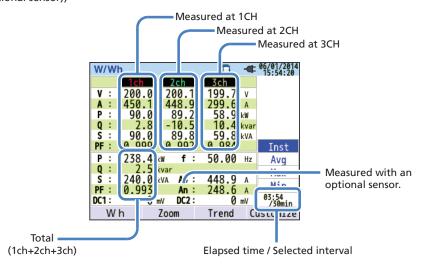
6.1 Instantaneous value "W"

Key. \longrightarrow F1 Display the screen for "W": Instantaneous value.

List Display of the Measured Values

F2) "List" (/Zoom)

e.g.) Instantaneous values measured under 3P3W3A+1A (Three-phase Three-wire + Current (optional sensor))



Multiple measured values can be displayed on one screen. The displayed items can be changed by pressing the corresponding keys.

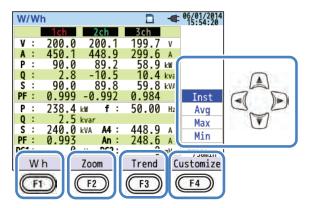
V*1	Phase voltage	oltage VL*1 Line voltage		Α	Current
Р	Active + consumption power - regenerating			S	Apparent power
PF	Power + lagging factor - leading	f Frequency			
DC1			Analog input voltage at 2ch		
An*2	Neutral current	PA*3	Phase + lagging angle - leading	C*3	Capacitance calculation

^{*1} W screen: Displays of V and VL can be "customized" when "3P4W" is selected.

^{*2} W screen: "An" is displayed only when "3P4W" is selected.

^{*3} W screen: Displays of PA and C can be "customized" with the (customize) Key. Line voltages are converted into phase voltages to determine currents and phase angles for "PA" of 3P3W3A.

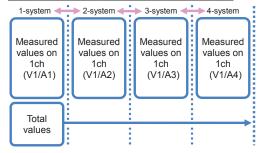
e.g.) Instantaneous values measured under 1P3W-2 (2 systems)



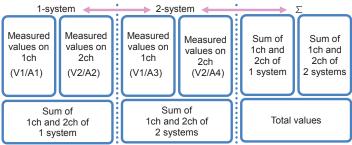
"Switching the Displayed Systems"

Press the () key and switch the displayed systems. Items displayed in a screen depend on the selected wiring configuration and the number of systems. The dotted lines represent the space of each display area.

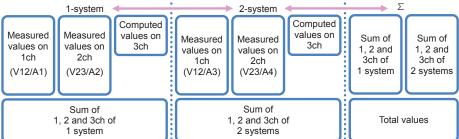
1P2W-1 to -4 (Single phase, 2-wire, 1 - 4 systems)



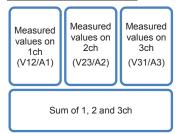
1P3W-1, -2 (Single phase, 3-wire, 1 or 2 systems)

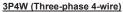


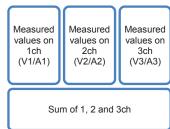
3P3W-1, -2 (Three-phase, 3-wire, Blondel's theorem, 1 or 2 systems)



3P3W3A (Three-phase 3-wire)







"Switching the type of displayed values"

The displayed values can be switched between Inst, Avg, Max and Min values with key. If the selected interval is "1 sec", Inst, Avg, Max and Min values will be the same since the display update is also "1 sec".

"Wh" Integration value"

Press the F1 (Wh) key and switch the screens to view integration values. Please refer to "6.2 Integration value [Wh]" in this manual.

"Zoom"

Four or eight measured values can be zoomed and displayed on one screen by pressing the **F2** (Zoom) key. Please refer to "Zoom display" in this manual.

"Trend graph"

Press the F3 (Trend) key to show the trend graphs. The displayed time area is from present to the past 60 min. Please refer to "Displaying Trend graph" in this manual.

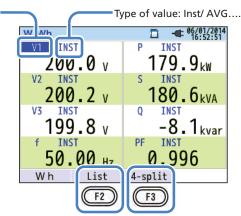
"Customize"

Press the F4 (Customize) key to switch the displayed items and change the display positions. Please refer to "Changing displayed items and display position" in this manual.

Zoom Display

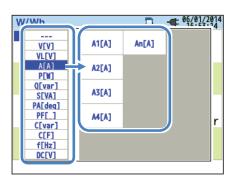
Example: 8-split screen

Displayed item

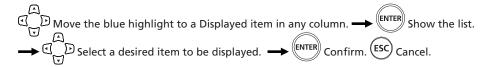


Select 4 or 8 values and display the values on one screen. The displayed text will be enlarged so it is easy to see.

"Displayed items"



Select the items to be displayed in each column. Then, the selectable items will be displayed to the right.

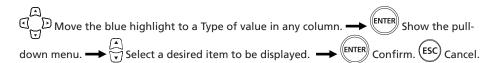


"Type of value"

Any of the following values can be displayed in each column.

Inst: Instantaneous value, or AVG: Average value, MAX: Maximum value or MIN: Minimum value within the selected interval.

If the selected interval is "1 sec", Inst, Avg, Max and Min values will be the same since the display update is also "1 sec".



"List display"

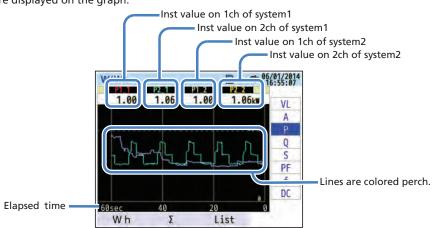
Press the (F2) (List) key to display all the values on the list.

"4-Split"/ "8-Split"

Press the (F3) (4-Split/ 8-Split) key to expand and display 4 or 8 items on one screen.

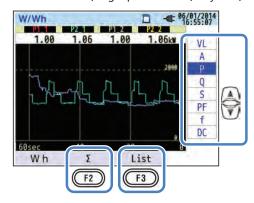
Displaying Trend Graph

In the following example, active powers per ch for 1P3W-2 (Single-phase 3-wire, 2-system) are displayed on the graph.



Changes of each measured values can be displayed on the graph.

The following example shows 1P3W-2 (Single-phase 3-wire, 2-system).



"Change the items displayed on trend graph"

Press the (v) key and change the items displayed on the trend graph.

"∑/CH"

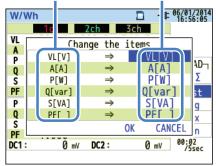
Press the (Σ/CH) key to switch the graphs: one is to display the sum and total values per system and another is to display the values per ch. The selection of " Σ " or "CH" will be effective for all the trend graphs. When " Σ " is selected, while A: rms current values is selected for 3P4W, An: neutral current values will be displayed on the trend graph.

"List display"

Press the (F3) (List) to show all the values on a list.

Changing Displayed Items and Display Position

Present displayed items After the change



The displayed items can be changed to the desired value.

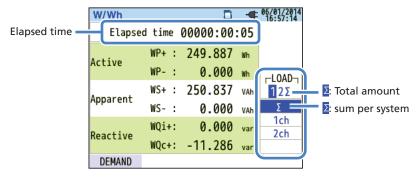


When opening the "Change the items" window, presently displayed items are displayed in two rows. The presently displayed items are displayed on the left, and the items to be displayed after the change are displayed in blue on the right. Displayed positions are basically separated into two large categories: one is for voltage/ current and another is for power/ capacitance calc. For the details about the symbols displayed on the screen, please refer to "List display of the measured values".

6.2 Integration Value "Wh"

Press the (W/Wh) Key. \longrightarrow F1 Display the screen for "Wh": Integration value.

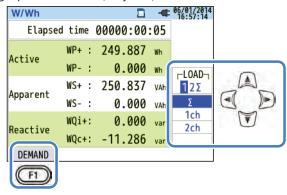
e.g.) 1P3W-2 (Single-phase Three-wire, 2-system)



Power used in the certain period is displayed as integral power consumption. Integral power consumption is used to calculate electricity tariffs or to control the power consumption.

	Symbols displayed on the screen										
1	Active power	+	consumption		Reactive power	+	lagging	WP	Apparent	+	consumption
	energy	-	regenerating		energy	-	leading		energy	-	regenerating

e.g.) 1P3W-2 (Single-phase Three-wire, 2-system)



"Change the displayed systems"

Press the () Key to switch the displayed systems. Please refer to "Setting of wiring system" in this manual.

"Change the displayed chs"

Press the Key to switch the displayed channels. Please refer to "Setting of wiring system" on in this manual.

"Demand"

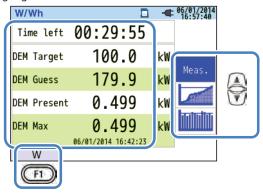
Press the (F1) (Demand) Key to display the screen for demand value. Please refer to "6.3" Demand" in this manual.

6.3 "Demand"

F1 Display the screen for demand value. Change the screens to display the demand measurement results in various forms.

Change the displayed chs"

Move the blue highlight to "Meas.".



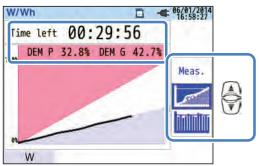
The demand is the average powers recorded over a certain period. When the estimated value exceeds the target value during demand measurements, the warning buzzer sounds at the inspection cycles.

Items displayed on the LCD					
Remaining time (time left)	Demand interval is counted down.				
DEM Guess	Predicted demand value (average power) when preset demand interval elapses under present load. (Present (Present value) x interval) (Elapsed time) * Integration and calculations are done as time elapses.				
Demand value (average power) within a demand interval. "WP+ x 1 hour" Interval * Integration and calculations are done as time elapses.					
DEM Max Recorded date	Max demand recorded during a measuring period is displayed. Displayed value will be refreshed if any higher demand is detected.				

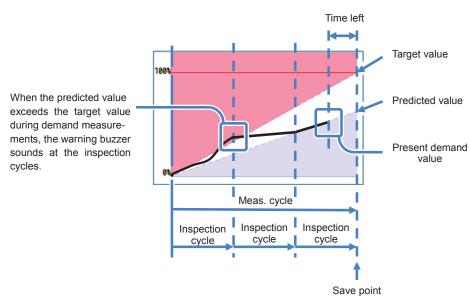
Instantaneous Value "W"

Press the F1 (W) Key to show instantaneous values on the screen. Please refer to "6.1" Instantaneous value "W" in this manual for further details.

Shifts in Specific Period



	Items displayed on the LCD					
Remaining time (time left)	Demand interval is counted down.					
DEM P Percentage of the present value against the target value. Present value Target value is displayed.						
DEM G	Percentage of the predicted value against the target value. Present value Target value is displayed.					

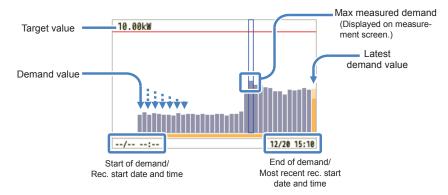


Demand Change

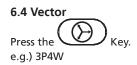


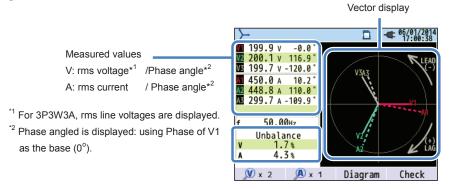
Press the Key to move the cursor and to scroll the graph to right and left. The white bar shows the percentage of hidden pages and the dark orange bar shows the percentage of the present displayed page.

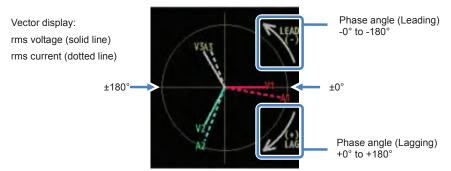
Items displayed on the LCD			
	Demand value is displayed with recorded date & time info where the cursor is located.		



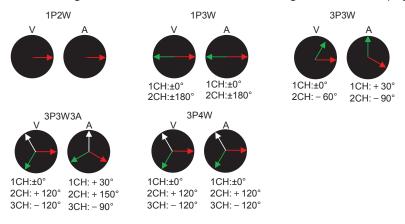
Start of demand/ Rec. start date and time is displayed when the graph exceeds the display area.



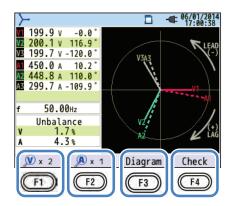




The circle (solid line) represents the max values at V and A Ranges, and the line length represents rms voltage and current values. The angle between the lines represents phase relation with reference to V1. For 3P3W3A/3P4W, unbalance ratio is also displayed. While the measured voltages and currents are balanced, the following vectors will be displayed.



e.g.) Vector of 3P4W:



"V x desired magnification"

F1 : toggle the line lengths of voltage vector.

1 $\stackrel{*}{\longrightarrow}$ 2 $\stackrel{*}{\longrightarrow}$ 5 $\stackrel{*}{\longrightarrow}$ 10 $\stackrel{*}{\longrightarrow}$ time(s)

"A x desired magnification"

F2: toggle the line lengths of current vector.

1 $\stackrel{*}{\longrightarrow}$ 2 $\stackrel{*}{\longrightarrow}$ 5 $\stackrel{*}{\longrightarrow}$ 10 $\stackrel{*}{\longrightarrow}$ time(s)

"Diagram"

Press the F3 (Diagram) Key to show the wiring diagram for the selected wiring configuration. Please refer to "Wiring diagram" in this manual for further details.

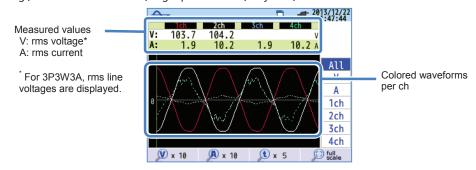
"Check"

Press the F4 (Check) Key to check the wiring connections and show the result. * NG result may be given, even if the wiring is correct, at the measurement site under bad power factors. Please refer to "Wiring check" in this manual for further details.

6.5 Waveform

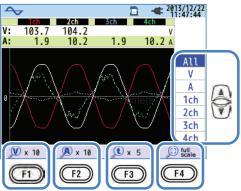
Press the Key

e.g.) Waveform of 1P3W-2 (Single-phase 3-wire, 2-system):



Voltage and current waveforms are displayed: for 10 cycles max. at 50Hz, for 12 cycles max. at 60Hz.

When changing the screens for "Waveform", waveforms are displayed in the max scale automatically.



"Changing the displayed waveforms"

Press the Key to change the displayed waveforms.

"V x desired magnification"

F1 : toggle the magnifications of voltage waveform (vertical). $0.1 \rightarrow 0.5 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 10$ *time(s)

"A x desired magnification"

 $ig(\ \mathsf{F2} \ ig)$: toggle the magnifications of current waveform (vertical). 0.1 • 0.5 • 1 • 2 • 5 • 10

"t x desired magnification"

F3 : toggle the magnifications of time axis (horizontal). 1 2 5 10 ** time(s)

"full scale"

F4 : Restore all the changed magnification settings and automatically select the appropriate magnification.

6.6 Harmonics

Press the

Displaying Harmonics on the Bar Graph

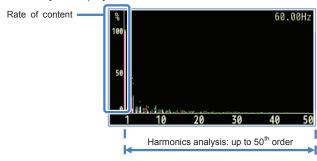
Press the **F1** (Graph) Key.

e.g.) The following represents 3P4W (Three-phase 4-wire) while "Linear" and "Full-scale display" are selected.



	Symbols displayed on the LCD						
V	Voltage * For 3P3W3A, rms line voltages are displayed. A Current						
THD	Voltage total harmonic distortion is displayed while "V" is displayed and current total distortion factor is displayed while "A" is displayed. Total harmonic distortion is calculated according to the selected THD calculation method						
Р	P Active power per ch		in	ΣP	Reactive power	+	in
P Active	Active power per cir	ctive power per cn	out	∠r	energy (leading)	-	out

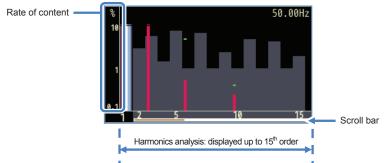
Bar graph display e.g.) "Linearity" is displayed in "Full-scale".



In the above example, "Linear" and "full-scale" are selected. In this case, the upper limit of the rate of content is "100%" and all harmonics, 1st to 50th, are displayed on one screen.

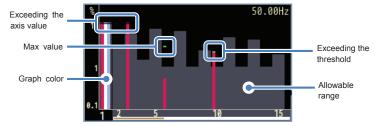
Items displayed on the LCD		
Rate of content Harmonic content of each order against the 1st basic wave.		

e.g.) The following represents 3P4W (Three-phase 4-wire) while "LOG" and "Zoom" are selected.



When selecting "LOG" (Logarithm), 10% will be the max percentage of the vertical axis and the harmonics displayed are limited up to 15th order. Press the 🕙 key to scroll the pages. The basic waveform of 1st order is fixed and does not move. The white bar shows the percentage of hidden pages and the dark orange bar shows the percentage of the present displayed page.

e.g.) "Linearity" is displayed in "Full-scale".



	Items displayed on the graph
Exceeding the axis value	Displayed when the rate of harmonics content of each order is more than 10%. The rate of harmonics content of the 1st basic waveform is "100%", therefore, always exceeding the axis value in "LOG" display.
Max value	Max values recorded during measurements are displayed. These values can be reset any of the following methods. * Setting change, start of recording, or long press (2 sec or longer) of ESC Key.
Graph color	When multiple measurement channels are used, each graph is displayed in different colors.
Exceeding the threshold	Displayed when measured values exceed the preset allowable range.
Allowable range	Preset by default and complied with IEC61000-2-4 Class3. To change the range, select "Edit allowable range." in the "Measurement" setting.

Шь	la.			- 06/01/2014 17:03:41	
Α	A1	A2	A3	A4	
1	450.0	448.9	299.7	448.8 4	
2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 #	
3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 /	
4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 #	$\overline{\Omega}$
5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 4	
6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 4	¥1
7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 4	
8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 /	
9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 #	
10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 #	
G	raph	Rate	2 2	V/A/P	1
0	FI	F2		F4	

"Change the displayed chs"

Press the (x) Key to change the displayed chs. The details about the relation between the wiring configuration and ch are described in "Settings of wiring system".

"List"/"Graph"

Press the F1 Key to display voltage/ current/ power harmonics, from 1st to 50th order, in list or graphic form. Only the rate of harmonics content can be checked on graph display screen, but rms value/ rate of content/ phase angle* can be checked respectively on list display screen.

* While "P" (Power) is selected and displayed, phase differences between voltage and current are displayed. Inflow: ±0° to ±90°, Outflow: ±90° to 180°.

"LOG"/ "Linear"

Press the F2 (LOG/Linear) Key to switch the display modes. Linear display, with ticks of 0% - 100%, and Logarithm display, with ticks of 0.1% - 10%, are switchable on the vertical axis. It is useful to analyze lower level of harmonics.

"Full"/"Zoom"

Press the F3 (Zoom/Full) Key to zoom and display fifteen harmonics on one screen. Voltage/ Current/ Power harmonics are separately displayed in graphic form. Press the Fey to scroll the pages.

"V/A/P/∑P"

Press the $(V/A/P/\Sigma P)$ Key and select the parameter to be analyzed.

Displaying the List of Harmonics

Press the **F1** (List) Key to display the list of harmonics.

e.g.) "P: Power harmonics" and "Power" of 1P3W-2 (Single-phase 2-wire, 2-system) are listed.

III.	-		П	-de 06/01/2014
Р	P1_1	P2_1	P1_2	P2_2
1	88.5	89.1	-20.4	89.1kw
	ש.ש	ט.ט	ש.ש	Ø.⊎kW
3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0kw
4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0kw
5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0kw
6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0kw
7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0kw
8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0kw
9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0kw
10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0kw
11	0.0	0.0	0 0	α α
G	raph	Rate		ΣP

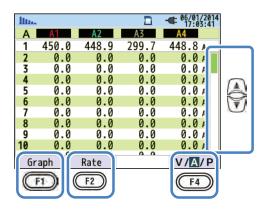
Rms values, rate of content and phase angle of voltage/ current/ power harmonics, from 1st to 50th, can be displayed in list form respectively.

	Symbols displayed on the LCD						
V	Voltage*1		Α	Current			
P*2	Active power per ch	+	in	∇ D *2	Sum of each ch /	+	in
"	Active power per ch	-	out	∑ P *2	total active power	-	out

^{*1} For 3P3W3A, rms line voltages are displayed.

www.calcert.com

^{*2} The letters and numbers displayed on the top represent the displayed parameter and the ch or system number. If there is a space between the alphabet and the following number, the displayed number represents the system number. In this case, the listed values are sum per system. If "P" is displayed alone, the listed values are total amounts.



"Change the displayed harmonics orders"

Press the (Key to scroll the page vertically.

"Graph"/ "List"

Press the F1 Key to display voltage/ current/ power harmonics, from 1st to 50th order, in list or graphic form. Only the rate of harmonics content can be checked on graph display screen.

"Rate of content"/"Phase angle"/ RMS value (Power)"

Press the $\begin{tabular}{ll} F2 & (Rate/ DEG/ RMS) Key to change the displayed items on the list. While "V":voltage or "A": Current are displayed on the screen, Rate/ DEG (phase angle with V1 basis (0o)) / RMS are switchable. While "P" (<math>\Sigma$ P): Power is displayed, Rate/ DEG (voltage/ current phase angle per ch) / Power are switchable.

"V/A/P/∑P"

Press the $\boxed{\mathbf{F4}}$ (V/A/P/ Σ P) Key and select the items to be analyzed: V: voltage/ A: Current/ P: Power (Σ P: Sum per system, Total amount).

6.7 Power Quality

Press the QUALITY Key to display Power quality screen.

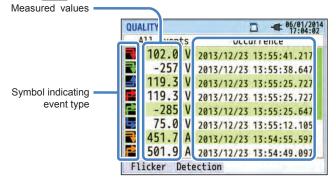
Factors Impair Power Quality and Symptoms

Power quality	Waveform	Symptom	Adverse effect
Harmonics		Inverter and Thyristor circuits (phase-control circuit) are used for the control circuit of general devices; these circuits affect currents and cause harmonics.	Burnout of capacitors and reactors, buzzes from transformers, malfunction of circuit breakers, flicker on screens or noises on stereos due to currents with harmonic components.
Swell		Inrush currents occur when switches for power lines are on, and then voltages increase instantaneously.	
Dip	RMS	Inrush currents occur when motor loads are activated, and dip in current occurs.	Shutdown of devices or robots or reset on computers and equipment may be caused.
INT	RMS	Power supply is interrupted for a second due to lightning strikes.	
Transient, Over-voltage (impulse)		Contact failure at a circuit breaker, magnet or relay.	Damage to a power source or reset of the device may occur due to a drastic voltage fluctuation (spike).

Power quality	Waveform	Symptom	Adverse effect
Inrush current		Instantaneous large currents (surge) flow on devices with a motor, incandescent lamp and flat capacitor when powering them on.	Burnout of capacitors and reactors, buzzes from transformers, malfunction of circuit breakers, flicker on screen or noises on stereos due to currents with harmonic components.
Unbalance rate		Heavy loading on specific phase due to fluctuations in load of power line or drastic extension of installations. Distortions of voltage / current waveforms, dip and negative sequence voltages are caused.	Influences on voltage, current, motor operation occur; negative sequence voltage and harmonics occur.
Flicker	RMS	Too much load is caused on certain phases due to increase and decrease of the loads connected to each phase such as supply lines or heavy use of specific equipment, As a result, distortions on voltage and current waveforms, dip and reversed voltages are observed.	Unbalanced or reversed voltages and harmonics occur and result in motor instability, trip of 3E circuit breaker or heating due to overload.

Displaying Recorded Events

Press the (F1) (Event) Key to display the list of the recorded events.



	Items and symbols displayed on the LCD		
	Start End		
	Swell		
Cumbal	Dip 🕏 🛶		
Symbol	INT 🍜		
	Transient 🔁		
	Inrush c urrent		
Measured value	Instantaneous values recorded at the detection of the start and end of the event. If the occurred event terminates in a significantly short period, the value measured at the end of the event may not be displayed. To check the r.m.s. values recorded before/ after the detection, please check r.m.s. variation data. Interval measurement data will be helpful to check the measured values of long lasting events. To record power quality events, short interval is useful in analysis.		
Occurred time and date	Time and date when DM-5 detect the start and end of the event.		

Event detection on poly-phase systems.

When INT states are detected on all the chs selected according to the wiring configuration, it is regarded as the start of the event. When the INT state ends on any of the measurement chs, it is regarded as the end of the event.

"Swell"/ "Dip"/ "Inrush current"/ "Transient"

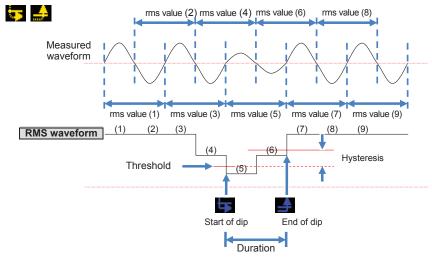
When voltage or current falls into any event states on any one of the measurement chs selected according to the wiring system, it will be regarded as the start of the event. When the state ends on all measurement chs, it is regarded as the end of the event.

Measurement of Swell/ Dip/ INT/ Inrush current

Each event will be detected with the r.m.s. values in one gapless waveform and with a half-wave over-lapping. The beginning of the waveform where the first event is detected is regarded as the start of the event. If further events are not detected in the following waveform, the beginning of the waveform is regarded as the end of the event. The detected event is assumed to be continued between the start to the end of event detection.

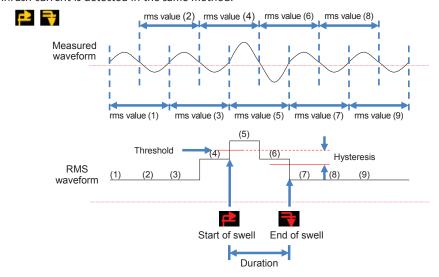
Example of Dip detection

* INT is detected in the same method.



Example of Swell detection

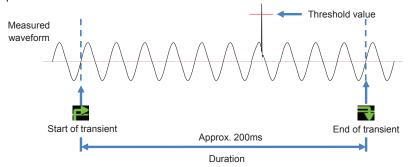
* Inrush current is detected in the same method.



Detection of Transient

Voltage waveforms will be monitored at approx 40ksps, gapless, to calculate and check for transient event every 200ms. The beginning of the 200ms period where the first transient is detected is regarded as the start of the event. If further events are not detected in the following 200ms period, the beginning of the period is regarded as the end of the event. The detected transient is assumed to be continued between the start to the end of event detection.

Example of Transient detection



Save data

When an event occurs, event type, time of start/ end and measured values will be recorded together with the following data.

Event waveform

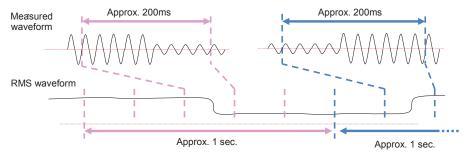
Waveforms and also event data on all the chs are recorded for approx. 200ms (50Hz: 10-cycle, 60Hz: 12-cycle) at 8192 points in total. When different events occur within 1 sec, only the waveforms which contain the highest-priority events will be recorded. However, if the same type of events occur at the same time, the one containing the highest (deepest) values will be recorded. If the highest (deepest) values are also the same, the one with a longer duration will be recorded. As for the channels, there is no priority order.

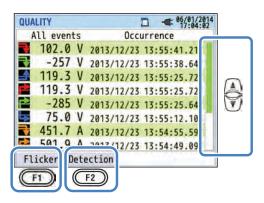
[Priority order]: Voltage transient -> INT -> Dip -> Swell -> Inrush current

RMS variations

Voltage/ current rms value variations and event data on all chs are recorded for 1 sec.

Example of Dip detection for approx. 800ms (saved data)





"Change the displayed area"

Press the Key to scroll the page vertically.

"Flicker"

Press the (F1) (Flicker) Key to display the recorded flicker values. Details are described in "Displaying measured flicker values in list form"

"Event detection"

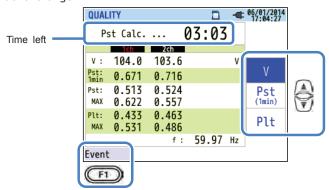
Press the F2 (Detection) Key and toggle the displayed type of event.



Displaying Measured Flicker Values in List Form

Press the **F1** (Flicker) Key.

Press the V Key to change the displays: V: List display/ Pst(1min): Trend graph/ Plt: Transitional change.



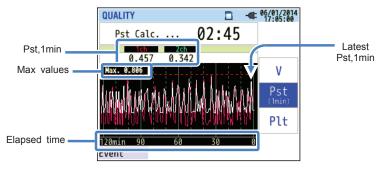
If variable loads, such as arc furnace, are connected, voltages may vary and cause changes in illumination levels. Such phenomenon is called "voltage flicker" and its severity level is indicated by "Pst" and "Plt".

	Items displayed on the LCD		
Time left	Counted down time until a Pst calculation completes. Usually it takes about 10 min.		
V	Phase voltage * For 3P3W and 3P3W3A, rms line voltages are displayed.		
f	Frequency		
Pst,1min	Severity of short term (1 min) flicker. It is useful for power quality survey or study.		
Pst	Severity of short term (10 min) flicker.		
Pst,MAX	Max Pst recorded through the beginning to the end of measurement. It is refreshed every time when the measured values exceed the previous max values.		
Plt	Severity of long term (2 hours) flicker.		
Plt,MAX	Max Plt recorded through the beginning to the end of measurement. It is refreshed every time when the measured values exceed the previous max values.		

"Event"

Press the (F1) (Event) Key to display the recorded events. Please refer to "Displaying" recorded events" in this manual.

Displaying Trend Graph of Pst, 1 min

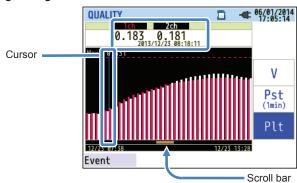


The "Pst, 1min" measured in the recent 120 min is displayed on the trend graph.

Items displayed on the LCD		
Pst,1min	The latest Pst (1 min)	
Max value	Max "Pst, 1min" recorded through the measurement. It refreshes every time the measured values exceed the previous max values.	
Elapsed time	The latest measured value is displayed at the right end (on 0 min tick), and it shifts to left as time goes by. Changes in the recent 120 min can be displayed on one screen.	

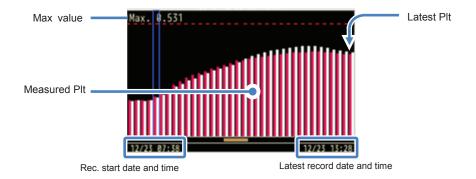
6. DISPLAYED ITEMS

Displaying Changes of Plt



Press the Key to move the cursor or to scroll the page to right and left. The black bar shows the percentage of hidden pages and the dark orange bar shows the percentage of the present displayed page.





The rec. start date and time is displayed when changes of Plt cannot be described on one page.

Items displayed on the LCD		
N		Max Plt recorded from the beginning of the record until now. It is refreshed every time when the measured values exceed the previous max values.

7. OTHER FUNCTIONS

"Data hold"

icon will Display update can be disabled by pressing the "DATA HOLD" Key. The appear while display update is disabled. The icon will disappear and display update will be enabled by pressing the "DATA HOLD" Key again. Switching screens is still available. Moreover, measured values and event information are continuously recorded even while the Data hold function is activated.

"Key lock"

Pressing the "DATA HOLD" Key 2 sec or more disables all Keys, except for LCD key, and " icon appears. Another long press (2 sec or more) is required to restore the disabled Keys.

"Turning off the Backlight"

Press the LCD Key to turn off the backlight. Pressing any keys, except for the Power key, turns on the backlight again.

"Backlight Auto-off"

While DM-5 is connected to an AC power source:

The LCD backlight is turned off automatically 5 min after the last key operation. Press any key except for the Power key to turn on the light again. To disable the Backlight auto-off function, select "Disable auto-off" on the setup menu.

While DM-5 operates with battery:

The brightness will be cut by half. The backlight will be automatically turned off 2 min after it is turned on. Press any key except for the Power Key to turn on the backlight again. The backlight does not stay on continuously while the instrument is operating with batteries.

"Auto-power-off"

While DM-5 is connected to an AC power source:

The instrument is powered off automatically 5 min after the last key operation. This function does not operate while the instrument is recording data. Press the Power key to power on the instrument again. To disable the auto-power-off function, select "Disable auto-off" on the setup menu.

While DM-5 operates with battery:

The instrument is powered off automatically 5 min after the last key operation. This function does not operate while the instrument is recording data. Press the Power key to power on the instrument again.

"Auto-ranging" (Current range)

Current ranges of each sensor are automatically switched according to the measured rms currents. This function does not work while recoding the power quality events. A range shifts to one upper range when the input exceeds 300% peak of each range and shifts to one lower range when the input drops under 100% peak of each range. However, while "AUTO" is selected, the upper range will be adopted to display the values.

7. OTHER FUNCTIONS

"Sensor detection"

Press the "Detection" key on the SETUP menu to detect the connected clamp sensors. The DM-5 automatically detects the connected sensors and checks the settings of the sensors.

"Recovery from power failure"

When the power supply to the instrument is inadvertently lost during a record, the interrupted record will be resumed after the power supply is restored.

"Print screen"

Press the "PRINT SCREEN" Key to save the displayed screen as a BMP (bitmap) file.

* Max file size: approx. 77KB

"Retain settings"

Settings used during the previous test will not be cleared after powering off the instrument. DM-5 retains and adopts the previous settings. * Default values will be displayed for the first time after purchase.

"Quick start guide"

Press the "START/STOP" Key to run the "Quick start guide".

"Status indicator"

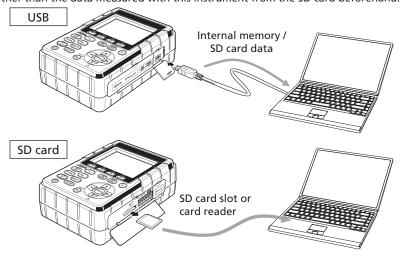
The red indicator LED blinks when the backlight is off, and the green indicator LED stays on during recording regardless of the backlight function. The green indicator LED blinks during stand-by mode.

8.1 Data Transfer to PC

Data in the SD card or the internal memory can be transferred to PC via USB or SD card reader.

	Method of transfer		
	USB	Card reader	
SD card data (file)	△*1	0	
Internal memory data (file)	0		

*1: It is reccomended to transfer the large data by use of SD card since transfering large data files by USB requires more time than using the SD card reader. (transfer time: approx 320MB/Hour) As to the manipulation of SD cards, please refer to the instruction manual attached to the card. In order to save data without any problem, make sure to delete the files other than the data measured with this instrument from the SD card beforehand.



8.2 Using a Bluetooth® Enabled Device

Measuring data can be checked wirelessly on compatible Bluetooth® enabled Windows devices. It is necessary to enable Bluetooth® function prior to using Bluetooth® communication.

The application "DM-5" is available on the download site for free. (Internet access is required and charges may be incurred.)

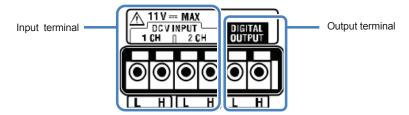
* "Bluetooth®" is a registered trademark of Bluetooth SIG.

8. DEVICE CONNECTION

8.3 Signal Control **Connection to Input/ Output Terminals**

∴ CAUTION

- Voltages applied to the terminals should not exceed the following ranges. * for input terminals: within \pm 11V, for output terminals: between 0 and 30V(50mA, 200mW) Otherwise, the instrument may be damaged.
- The root of each L-terminal is the same. Do not connect different ground levels of multiple inputs at the same time. Roots of the L terminals for each Ch are integrated. Never connect inputs with various ground levels to the terminal at the same time.



Ensure that the wires are connected to proper terminals.

Wires of following dimensions can be used.

Suitable wire: single-wire Φ1.2 (AWG16), twisted wire 1.25mm2 (AWG16),

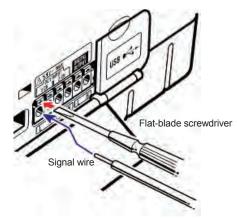
strand size Φ0.18mm or more

Usable wire : single-wire Φ0.4 - 1.2 (AWG26 - 16), twisted wire 0.2 - 1.25mm2 (AWG24 - 16),

strand size ϕ 0.18mm or more

Standard length of bare wire: 11mm

- 1. Open the connector cover.
- 2. Press the rectangular protrusion above a terminal with a flat-blade screw driver, and insert a signal wire.
- 3. Remove the driver and fix the wire.



8. DEVICE CONNECTION

"Input terminal"

For monitoring the voltage output signals of thermo sensors. These terminals are useful to measure the signals from other devices and power failures at the same time.

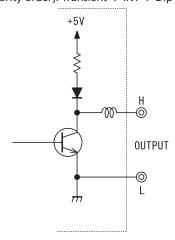
Number of Ch: 2ch

Input resistance : approx 225.6k Ω

"Output terminal"

For fixing the generating outputs to "Low" during power quality events. Usually, it is fixed to "High", but changed to "Low" if the duration of an event is less than 1 sec. This is applicable to the events with the highest-priority only. To adjust the generating outputs to the events with low-priority, select "OFF" for the events with higher priority than the desired event. The details are described in "Threshold setting for Power quality (Event)".

* [Priority order]: Transient -> INT -> Dip -> Swell -> Inrush current



Output format : Open collector output

Max input : 30V, 50mA, 200mW Output voltage : Hi - 4 to 5V Lo - 0 to 1V

8. DEVICE CONNECTION

8.4 Getting Power from Measured Lines

If it is difficult to get power from an outlet, the DM-5 operates with power from the measured line by using the PC-5 Power Adapter and voltage test leads.

⚠ DANGER

- When the instrument and the test lead are combined and used together, whichever lower category either of them belongs to will be applied. Confirm that the measured voltage rating of the test lead is not exceeded.
- Do not connect a voltage test lead unless required for measuring the desired
- Connect voltage test leads to the instrument first, and only then connect them to the measured line.
- Never disconnect the voltage test leads from the connectors of the instrument during a measurement (while the instrument is energized).
- Connect to the downstream side of a circuit breaker since a current capacity at the upstream side is large.

≜WARNING

- Power off the instrument before connecting the adapter and test leads.
- Connect voltage test lead to the instrument first. It should be firmly connected.
- Never attempt to make measurement if any abnormal conditions are noted, such as a broken cover and exposed metal parts.

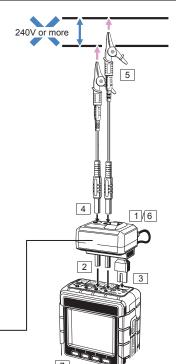
Connect the adapter according to the following procedure.

- 1. Confirm that the power switch on PC-5 is "OFF".
- 2. Connect the plug of PC-5 to VN and V1 terminals on the DM-5.
- 3. Connect the power plug of PC-5 to the power connector on the DM-5.
- 4. Connect the voltage test leads to VN and V1 terminals of the adapter.
- 5. Connect the alligator clips of the voltage test leads to the circuit under test.
- 6. Power on PC-5.
- 7. Start the DM-5.
- * Reversed procedure is applied to remove the Adapter from DM-5

Please refer to the instruction manual for PC-5 for further details.

PC-5

Measurement CAT.III 150V CAT.II 240V Fuse rating: AC500mA/ 600V, Fast acting, Φ6.3 x 32mm



9. PC SOFTWARE FOR SETTING AND DATA ANALYSIS

The data analysis and settings software "Windows for DM-5" is available for the DM-5.

- * Automatic creation of graphs and tables from recorded data.
- * Uniform management of settings and recorded data acquired from multiple devices.
 - Data can be expressed in crude oil and CO2 equivalent values in reports.



Please refer to the installation manual for "Windows for DM-5" and install the application and USB driver in your PC.

This instrument is equipped with USB and wireless interfaces for connecting to Bluetooth® enabled devices.

Communication method: USB Ver2.0

Bluetooth®: Bluetooth® Ver2.1+EDR (Class2)

Compliant profile: SPP

- The following can be done by USB/ Wireless connectivity
 - * Downloading files in the internal memory of the instrument to a PC
 - * Making settings for the instrument via a PC
 - * Displaying the measured results on a PC as graphs in real-time and also saving the measured data at the same time
- System Requirements
 - * OS (Operation System) Windows® 8/7/ Vista/ XP
 - * Display

1024 × 768 dots, 65536 colors or more

- * HDD (Hard-disk space required) 1Gbyte or more (including Framework)
- *.NET Framework (3.5 or more)
- - * Windows® is a registered trademark of Microsoft in the United States.
 - * Bluetooth® is a registered trademark of Bluetooth SIG.

10.1 Safety Requirements

Location for use	In door use, Altitude up to 2000m	
Temperature & humidity range	23°C±5°C, Relative humidity 85% or less (no condensation) (guaranteed accuracy)	
Operating Temperature & humidity range	0°C to 45°C, Relative humidity 85% or less (no condensation)	
Storage Temperature & humidity range	-20°C to 60°C, Relative humidity 85% or less (no condensation)	
	AC5160V/ for 5 sec. Between (AC Voltage input terminal) and (Enclosure)	
Withstand voltage	AC3310V/ for 5 sec. Between (AC Voltage input terminal) and (Current input terminal, Power connector, USB connector)	
	AC2210V/ for 5 sec. Between (Power connector) and (Current input terminal, USB connector, Enclosure)	
Insulation resistance	$50 M\Omega$ or more / 1000V; Between (Voltage/Current input terminal, Power connector) and (Enclosure)	
Applicable standards	IEC 61010-1 Measurement CAT.IV 300V CAT.III 600V CAT.II 1000V	
Dust-/ water-proof	IEC 60529 IP40 (ingress protection was not evaluated by UL)	

10.2 General Specification

	Current ch (A2-A4) unrelated to the selected wiring system can be used for any measurement purpose.			
	Wiring system	Input ch		
		Voltage	Current	
	Single-phase2-wire-1-system (1P2W-1)	VN-V1	A1	
	Single-phase2-wire-2-system (1P2W-2)	VN-V1	A1,A2	
Management line	Single-phase2-wire-3-system (1P2W-3)	VN-V1	A1,A2,A3	
Measured line and Input ch	Single-phase2-wire-4-system (1P2W-4)	VN-V1	A1,A2,A3,A4	
	Single-phase3-wire-1-system (1P3W-1)	VN-V1,V2	A1,A2	
	Single-phase3-wire-2-system (1P3W-2)	VN-V1,V2	A1,A2,A3,A4	
	Three-phase3-wire-1-system (3P3W-1)	VN-V1,V2	A1,A2	
	Three-phase3-wire-2-system (3P3W-2)	VN-V1,V2	A1,A2,A3,A4	
	Three-phase3-wire(3P3W3A)	V1-V2,V2- V3,V3-V1	A1,A2,A3	
	Three-phase4-wire(3P4W)	VN-V1,V2,V3	A1,A2,A3	
LCD	3.5inch, TFT, QVGA(320×RGB×240)			

Display update	every 1 sec* * There may be time lag in display update (max. 2 sec) due to arithmetic processing, however, there is no time lag between the recorded data and the time stamp. Backlight (Press the LCD Key to turn off, press any key other than "Power" to turn on.)			
measurement	IEC 61000-4-30 Ed	.2 Cl	ass S	
Dimension	175(L)×120(W)×68	3(D)r	nm	
Weight	approx. 900g (incl	ludir	ng batteries)	
Accessories	1 DM-5 power quality meter 1 CT-53 flex AC current clamp 1 CT-500 flex AC current clamp 4 Test lead with alligator clip (red/black/blue/green) 1 US power cord 1 SD card (2G) 1 USB cable 32 Cable tie (8 colors) 6 AA batteries 1 User manual 1 PC Software (CD ROM) 1 Carrying case			
Accuracy	within ±5 sec/ day	,		
	AC power supply Voltage range AC100V(AC90V) - AC240V Frequency 50Hz(47Hz) - 60Hz(63Hz) Power consumption 7VAmax		<u> </u>	
Power source Voltage Battery Current consumption Battery life *ref. value at 23°C		(1.5) Size	Dry-cell battery 3.0V V×2 in series × 3 in parallel) e AA Alkaline (LR6) A typ.(@3.0V) ours: Backlight OFF	Rechargeable battery DC2.4V (1.2V×2 in series × 3 in parallel) Size AA Ni-MH (1900mA/h) 1.1A typ.(@2.4V) 4.5 hours: Backlight OFF * with fully charged batteries
Real-time OS	This Product uses the Source Code of T-Kernel under T-License granted by the T-Engine Forum (www.t-engine.org) Portions of this software are copyright (c) 2010 The FreeType Project (www.freetype.org). All rights reserved.			

External communication function:

USB * USB cable length: 2m max.		
Connector mini-B		
Communication method	USB Ver2.0	
USB identification no.	Vendor ID: 12EC(Hex) Product ID: 6315(Hex) Serial no.: 0+7 digit individual no.	

Bluetooth [®]		
Communication method Bluetooth®Ver2.1+EDR Class2		
Profile SPP		
Frequency	2402 - 2480MHz	
Modulation method	GFSK(1Mbps), σ/4-DQPSK(2Mbps), 8DPSK(3Mbps)	
Transmission system	Frequency-hopping system	

Digital output terminal:

Normally, it is set to "High". It changes to "Low" while the measured values are exceeding the thresholds set for each power quality event. Usually, it is fixed to "High", but changed to "Low" if the duration of an event is less than 1 sec. This is applicable to the events with the highest-priority only. To adjust the generating outputs to the events with low-priority, select "OFF" for the events with higher priority than the desired event.

* [Priority order]: Transient -> INT -> Dip -> Swell -> Inrush current

Connector Terminal block with 6-polarity (black, red, gray ML800-51	
Output format Open collector output, Low active	
Input voltage 0 - 30V, 50mAmax, 200mW	
Output voltage	High:4.0V-5.0V, Low:0.0 - 1.0V

Data storage location:

Internal FLASH memory		
Storage capacity	4MB (Data storage capacity: 3,437,500 byte)	
Max data size	14,623 byte/data (max: 234 data) * 3P3W-2/1P3W-2 (Power + Harmonics)	
Max number of saved file 3 * Number of times that you can start a measurement.		
Icon display	When the internal memory is available, the " icon is displayed on the LCD during record.	
FULL indication	The "icon blinks when saved data size or number of saved file exceeds the capacity. Data cannot be saved while this mark is being displayed. The instrument measures integration/demand continuously, but does not record the data.	

SD card	
Storage capacity 2GB (Data storage capacity: 1.86 Gbyte)	
Max data size (2GB)	14,623 byte/data (Max:1,271,964 data) *3P3W-2/1P3W- 2(Power+ Harmonics)
Max number of saved file (2GB)	65536 * Number of times that you can start a measurement.
Icon display	When the SD card is available, the " icon is displayed on the LCD.
Format (2GB)	FAT16
FULL indication	The "icon blinks when saved data size or number of saved files exceeds the capacity. Data cannot be saved while this mark is being displayed. The instrument measures integration/ demand continuously, but does not record the data.

10.3 Measurement Specification

Measured Items and the Number of Analysis Points

Computed with 8192-point data while regarding 200ms(50Hz:10-cycle, 60Hz:12-cycle) as one measurement area.

Frequency, r.m.s. voltage/ current, active power, apparent power, reactive power, PF, Capacitance calc.

Computed with 2048-point data while regarding 200ms(50Hz:10-cycle, 60Hz:12-cycle) as one measurement area.

Voltage/current unbalance ratio, r.m.s. harmonics voltage/current (rate of content), harmonics reactive power, total harmonics voltage/ current distortion factor (THDV-F/R)/ (THDA-F/R), phase angle of harmonics voltage/ current, phase difference of harmonics voltage/ current.

Computed with 819-point data (50Hz), 682-point data (60Hz) while regarding one waveform overlapped every half wave as one measurement area.

Voltage dip, voltage swell, INT, Inrush current

Described based on inst values measured at 40.96ksps.

Voltage/ current waveform, External input voltage



Items Measured at Instantaneous Measurement

Frequency f [Hz]		
Displayed digit	4-digit	
Accuracy	±2dgt (40.00Hz - 70.00Hz, V1 Range 10% - 110%, sine wave)	
Display range	10.00 - 99.99Hz	
Input source	V1 (fix)	

10-sec average frequency f10 [Hz]		
Displayed digit 4-digit * e.g. averaged frequency values at 10 sec of intervals		
Meas. system Complied with IEC61000-4-30		
Accuracy ±2dgt (40.00Hz - 70.00Hz, V1 Range 10% - 110%, sine wave)		
Display range 10.00 - 99.99Hz		
Input source V1 (fix)		

R.M.S. Voltage V [Vrm	s]	
Range	600.0/1000V	
Displayed digit	4-digit	
Effective input range	1% - 120% of Range (rms) and 200% of Range (peak)	
Display range	0.15% - 130% of Range ("0" is displayed at less than 0.15%)	
Crest factor	3 or less	
Meas. system	Complied with IEC61000-4-30	
Accuracy	Assuming that measuring 40-70Hz, sine wave at 600V Range: 10% - 150% against 100V or more of nominal V: Nominal V±0.5% Out of above range and at 1000V Range: ±0.2%rdg±0.2%f.s.	
Input impedance	approx 1.67MΩ	
Equation	$V_c = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=0}^{n-1} (V_{ci})^2\right)}$ i : sampling point* n: number of sampled values at 10 or 12-cycle c : Measurement channel * 50Hz: 8192 points in 10 waveforms, 60Hz: 8192 points in 12 waveforms	
1P2W-1 to 4	V ₁	
1P3W-1 to 2	V ₁ , V ₂	
3P3W-1 to 2	Line voltage: V_{12} , V_{23} , $V_{31} = \sqrt{(V_{23}^2 + V_{12}^2 + 2 \times V_{23} \times V_{12} \times \cos\theta V)}$ * θV =relative angles of V_{12} , V_{23}	
3P3W3A	Line voltage:V ₁₂ , V ₂₃ , V ₃₁	
3P4W	Phase voltage: V_1 , V_2 , V_3 Line voltage: $V_{12} = \sqrt{(V_1^2 + V_2^2 - 2 \times V_1 \times V_2 \times \cos \theta V_1)}$ $V_{23} = \sqrt{(V_2^2 + V_3^2 - 2 \times V_2 \times V_3 \times \cos \theta V_2)}$ $V_{31} = \sqrt{(V_3^2 + V_1^2 - 2 \times V_3 \times V_1 \times \cos \theta V_3)}$ * θV_1 = relative angles of V_1 , V_2 , θV_2 = relative angles of V_2 , V_3 , θV_1 = relative angles of V_3 , V_1	

R.M.S. Current A [Arms]		
Range	CT-500 (1000A): 100.0/1000A/AUTO CT-53 (3000A): 300.0/1000/3000A	
Displayed digit	4-digit	
Effective input range	1% - 110% of each Range (rms) and 200% of Range (peak)	
Display range	0.15% - 130% of each range ("0" is displayed at less than 0.15%)	
Crest factor	3 or less	
Meas. system	Complied with IEC61000-4-30	
Accuracy	Assuming that measuring 40-70Hz, sine wave: ±0.2%rdg±0.2%f.s.+ accuracy of clamp sensor	
Input impedance	approx 100kΩ	
	$A_c = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=0}^{n-1} (A_{ci})^2 \right)}$ c: Measurement channel A_1 , A_2 , A_3 , A_4 i: sampling point* n: number of sampled values at 10 or 12-cycle	
Equation	* 50Hz: 8192 points in 10 waveforms, 60Hz: 8192 points in 12 waveforms	
	* A ₃ value for 3P3W-1 to 2 is calculated with r.m.s. current values.	
	$A_3 = \sqrt{(A_1^2 + A_2^2 + 2 \times A_1 \times A_2 \times \cos \theta A)}$ relative angles of $\theta A = A_1$, A_2	

Active power P [W]					
	Range				
Current	CT-500		CT-53		
Voltage	1000A	100.0A	3000A	1000A	300.0A
1000V	1000k	100.0k	3000k	1000k	300.0k
600.0V	600.0k	60.00k	1800k	600.0k	180.0k

Displayed digit	4-digit	
Accuracy	±0.3%rdg±0.2%f.s.+ accuracy of clamp sensor (PF 1, sine wave, 40-70Hz)	
	*Sum values are total amounts of the used channels.	
Influence of PF	±1.0%rdg (40Hz-70Hz, PF0.5)	
Polarity	Consumption (flow-in):+(no sign), Regenerating(flow-out):-	
Formula	$P_c = \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \left(V_{ci} \times A_{ci} \right) \right)$ c: Measurement channel i: sampling point* n: number of sampled values * 50Hz: 8192 points in 10 waveforms, 60Hz: 8192 points in 12 waveforms	
1P2W-1 to 4	P1, P2, P3, P4, Psum=P1+P2+P3+P4	
	P1, P2, Psum1=P1+P2	
1P3W(3P3W)-1 to 2	P3, P4, Psum2=P3+P4	
	Psum=Psum1+Psum2	
3P3W3A	P1, P2, P3, Psum=P1+P2+P3 * Phase voltages are used.	
3P4W	P1, P2, P3, Psum=P1+P2+P3	

External input voltage DCi [V]		
Range	100.0mV/ 1000mV/ 10.00V	
Displayed digit	4-digit	
Effective input range	1% - ±100% (DC) of each Range	
Display range	0.3% - ±110% of each Range ("0" is displayed at less than 0.3%)	
Accuracy	±0.5%f.s (DC)	
Input impedance	Approx. 225.6kΩ	
Saved item	External input voltage	

Items to be Calculated

Apparent power S [VA]		
Range	Same as active power.	
Displayed digit	Same as active power.	
Accuracy	±1dgt against each calculated value (for sum : ±3dgt)	
Sign	No polarity indication	
Equation	Sc=Vc×Ac; when Pc>Sc, regarding Pc=Sc. c: Measurement channel	
1P2W-1 to 4	S1, S2, S3, S4, Ssum=S1+S2+S3+S4	
1P3W-1 to 2	S1, S2, Ssum1=S1+S2	
	S3, S4, Ssum2=S3+S4	
	Ssum=Ssum1+Ssum2	
3P3W-2	S1, S2, Ssum1=√3/2(S1+S2)	
	S3, S4, Ssum2=√3/2(S3+S4)	
	Ssum=Ssum1+Ssum2	
3P3W3A	S1, S2, S3, Ssum=S1+S2+S3 * Phase angles are used.	
3P4W	S1, S2, S3, Ssum=S1+S2+S3	

Reactive power Q [Var]		
Range	Same as active power.	
Displayed digit	Same as active power.	
Accuracy	±1dgt against each calculated value (for sum : ±3dgt)	
Sign	-: leading phase (current phase against voltage) (no sign) +: lagging phase (current phase against voltage) Harmonics reactive power is calculated per ch, and the polarity sign of the reversed basic waveform is displayed.	
Equation	$Q_c = sign\sqrt{Sc^2 - Pc^2}$ sign: Polarity sign , c: Measurement channel	
1P2W-1 to 4	Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4, Qsum=Q1+Q2+Q3+Q4	
	Q1, Q2, Qsum1=Q1+Q2	
1P3W(3P3W)-1 to 2	Q3, Q4, Qsum2=Q3+Q4	
	Qsum=Qsum1+Qsum2	
3P3W3A(3P4W)	Q1, Q2, Q3, Qsum=Q1+Q2+Q3	

Power factor: PF	
Display range	-1.000 to 0.000 to 1.000
Accuracy	±1dgt against each calculated value (for sum : ±3dgt)
Sign	-: leading phase + (no sign): lagging phase Harmonics reactive power is calculated per ch, and the polarity sign of the reversed basic waveform is displayed.
Equation	$PF_c = sign \left \frac{P_c}{S_c} \right $ sign: Polarity mark, c: Measurement channel
1P2W-1 to 4	PF1, PF2, PF3, PF4, PFsum
	PF1, PF2, PFsum1
1P3W(3P3W)-1 to 2	PF3, PF4, PFsum2
	PFsum
3P3W3A(3P4W)	PF1, PF2, PF3, PFsum

Neutral current An [A] * only when the wiring configuration is 3P4W.		
Range	Same as r.m.s. current.	
Displayed digit	Same as r.m.s. current.	
Display area	Same as r.m.s. current.	
Equation		
$An = \sqrt{A1 + A2\cos\theta}$	$s(\theta 2 - \theta 1) + A3\cos(\theta 3 - \theta 1)^{2} + \{A2\sin(\theta 2 - \theta 1) + A3\sin(\theta 3 - \theta 1)\}^{2}$	
\star θ 1,2,3 represent the phase differences between V1 and A1,2 and 3 respectively.		

Voltage unbalance ratio Uunb [%]		
Displayed digit	5-digit	
Display range	0.00% to 100.00%	
Wiring	3P3W, 3P4W	
Meas. system	Complied with IEC61000-4-30	
Accuracy	±0.3%: at 50/60Hz, sine wave (between 0 to 5 % according to IEC61000-4-30)	
Meas. system	Complied with IEC61000-4-30	
Equation	$Vumb = \sqrt{\frac{1 - \sqrt{(3 - 6\beta)}}{1 + \sqrt{(3 - 6\beta)}}} \times 100 \beta = \frac{V_{12}^4 + V_{23}^4 + V_{31}^4}{\left(V_{12}^2 + V_{23}^2 + V_{31}^2\right)^2}$ * The 1st order components of harmonic voltage are used. * For 3P4W system, phase voltages are converted to line voltages for calculation. $V_{12} = V_1 - V_2, \ V_{23} = V_2 - V_3, \ V_{31} = V_3 - V_1$	

Current unbalance ratio Aunb [%]			
Displayed digit	5-digit		
Display range	0.00% to100.00%		
Wiring	3P3W, 3P4W		
Equation	$lumb = \sqrt{\frac{1 - \sqrt{(3 - 6\beta)}}{1 + \sqrt{(3 - 6\beta)}}} \times 100 \qquad \beta = \frac{A_{12}^4 + A_{23}^4 + A_{31}^4}{\left(A_{12}^2 + A_{23}^2 + A_{31}^2\right)^2}$ * The 1st order components of harmonic current are used. * For 3P4W system, phase voltages are converted to line voltages for calculation. $A_{12} = A_1 - A_2, A_{23} = A_2 - A_3, A_{31} = A_3 - A_1$		

Capacitance calculation		
Displayed digit	4-digit, Unit: nF, μF, mF, kvar	
Display range	0.000nF - 9999F, 0.000kvar - 9999kvar	
Equation	$C_{c} = P_{c} \times \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{PF_{c}}^{2}} - 1 - \sqrt{\frac{1}{PF_{c}}^{2}} - 1\right) [k \text{ var}]$ $= \frac{P_{c} \times 10^{9}}{2\pi f \times V_{c}^{2}} \times \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{PF_{c}}^{2}} - 1 - \sqrt{\frac{1}{PF_{c}}^{2}} - 1\right) [\mu F]$ $C_{c} : \text{Capacitance needs for improvement}$ $P_{c} : \text{Load power (active power) [kW]}$ $f : \text{Frequency}$ $V_{c} : \text{R.m.s. voltage}$ $PF_{c} : \text{Measured PF}$ $PF_{c} = \text{In New power factor (target)}$ $c : \text{Measurement channel}$	
1P2W-1 to 4	C1, C2, C3, C4, Csum=C1+C2+C3+C4	
1P3W(3P3W)-1 to 2	C1, C2, Csum1=C1+C2	
	C1, C2, Csum2=C3+C4	
	Csum=Csum1+ Csum2	
3P3W3A(3P4W)	C1, C2, C3, Csum=C1+C2+C3	

Items Measured at Integration Measurement

Power consumption (if P≥0) Active power energy +WP [Wh]	
Displayed digit	6-digit, Unit: m, k, M, G, T (harmonized with + WS)
Display area	0.00000mWh - 9999.99TWh (harmonized with + <i>WS</i>) * "OL" is displayed when the display area is exceeded.
Equation	$+WPc = \frac{1}{h} \left(\sum_{i} (+Pci) \right)$
	h: integration period (3600 sec), c: Measurment channel, i: Data point no.
1P2W-1 to 4	+WP1 , +WP2 , +WP3 , +WP4 , +WPsum
	+WP1 , +WP2 , +WPsum1
1P3W(3P3W)-1 to 2	+WP3 , +WP4 , +WPsum2
	+WPsum
3P3W3A(3P4W)	+WP1 , +WP2 , +WP3 , +WPsum

Apparent power energy +WS [VAh]	
Displayed digit	6-digit, Unit: m, k, M, G, T (harmonized with + WS)
Display area	0.00000mVAh - 9999.99TVAh (harmonized with + <i>WS</i>) * "OL" is displayed when the display area is exceeded.
Equation	$+WSc = \frac{1}{h} \left(\sum_{i} \left(Sci \right) \right)$
	h: integration period (3600 sec), c: Measurment channel, i: Data point no.
1P2W-1 to 4	+WS1 , +WS2 , +WS3 , +WS4 , +WSsum
1P3W(3P3W)-1 to 2	+WS1 , +WS2 , +WSsum1
	+WS3, +WS4, +WSsum2
	+WSsum
3P3W3A(3P4W)	+WS1, +WS2, +WS3, +WSsum
Saved item	Apparent power energy

Reactive power energy +WQ [Varh]	
Displayed digit	6-digit, Unit: m, k, M, G, T (harmonized with + <i>WS</i>)
Display area	0.00000mvarh - 9999.99Tvarh (harmonized with + WS) * "OL" is displayed when the display area is exceeded.
Equation	Leading phase $+WQc_{-}c = \frac{1}{h} \left(\sum_{i} (+Q_{ci}) \right)$
	Leading phase $+WQi_{c} = \frac{1}{h} \left(\sum_{i} (-Q_{ci}) \right)$
	h: integration period (3600 sec), n: System No., c: Measurement channel, i: Data point no. * where: Lagging phase: Q ≥0, Leading phase: Q < 0
1P2W-1 to 4	+WQ1 , +WQ2 , +WQ3 , +WQ4 , +WQsum
1P3W(3P3W)-1 to 2	+WQ1 , +WQ2 , +WQsum1
	+WQ3 , +WQ4 , +WQsum2
	+WQsum
3P3W3A(3P4W)	+WQ1 , +WQ2 , +WQ3 , +WQsum

Regenerating power (where: P<0) Active power energy - WP[Wh]	
Displayed digit	6-digit, Unit: m, k, M, G, T (harmonized with + WS)
Display area	0.00000mVAh - 9999.99TVAh (harmonized with + <i>WS</i>) * "OL" is displayed when the display area is exceeded.
Equation	$-WPc = \frac{1}{h} \left(\sum_{i} \left(-P_{ci} \right) \right)$
	h: integration period (3600 sec), c: Measurment channel, i: Data point no.
1P2W-1 to 4	-WP1 , -WP2 , -WP3 , -WP4 , -WPsum
	-WP1 , -WP2 , -WPsum1
1P3W(3P3W)-1 to 2	-WP3 , -WP4 , -WPsum2
	-WPsum
3P3W3A(3P4W)	-WP1 , -WP2 , -WP3 , -WPsum

Apparent power energy -WS[VAh]	
Displayed digit	6-digit, Unit: m, k, M, G, T (harmonized with + <i>WS</i>)
Display area	0.00000mVAh - 9999.99TVAh (harmonized with + <i>WS</i>) * "OL" is displayed when the display area is exceeded.
Equation	$-WSc = \frac{1}{h} \left(\sum_{i} (S_{ci}) \right)$
	h: integration period (3600 sec), c: Measurment channel, i: Data point no.
1P2W-1 to 4	-WS1 , -WS2 , -WS3 , -WS4 , -WSsum
	-WS1 , -WS2 , -WSsum1
1P3W(3P3W)-1 to 2	-WS3 , -WS4 , -WSsum2
	-WS _{sum}
3P3W3A(3P4W)	-WS1 , -WS2 , -WS3 , -WSsum

Reactive power energy -WQ [Varh]	
Displayed digit	6-digit, Unit: m, k, M, G, T (harmonized with + WS)
Display area	0.00000mvarh - 9999.99Tvarh (harmonized with + <i>WS</i>) * "OL" is displayed when the display area is exceeded.
Equation	Leading phase $-WQc_c = \frac{1}{h} \left(\sum_{i} (+Q_{ci}) \right)$
	phase $-WQi_c = \frac{1}{h} \left(\sum_{i} \left(-Q_{ci} \right) \right)$
	h: integration period (3600 sec), n: System No., c: Measurement channel, i: Data point no. * where: Lagging phase: Q ≥0, Leading phase: Q < 0
1P2W-1 to 4	-WQ1 , -WQ2 , -WQ3 , -WQ4 , -WQsum
	-WQ1 , -WQ2 , -WQsum1
1P3W(3P3W)-1 to 2	-WQ3 , -WQ4 , -WQsum2
	-WQsum
3P3W3A(3P4W)	-WQ1 , -WQ2 , -WQ3 , -WQsum

Duration of integration		
Display area	00:00:00 (0 sec) - 99:59:59 (99 h 59 min 59 sec) , 0100:00 - 9999:59 (9999 h 59 min) , 010000 - 999999 (999999 h) * Displayed time will transit in series.	

Items Measured at Demand Measurement

Target value (DEMTarget)	
Displayed digit	4-digit
Unit	m, k, M, G, T
Display range	0.000mW(VA) - 999.9TW(VA) *according to the selected values

Predicted value (DEMGuess)	
Displayed digit	6-digit
Unit	m, k, M, G, T (depending on DEMTarget value)
Display range	0.00000mW(VA) - 99999.9TW(VA) * Decimal point is dependent on the DEMTarget. * "OL" is displayed when the display area is exceeded.
Equation	$DEM_{Guess} = \Sigma DEM \times \frac{Demand interval}{Elapsed time}$

Present value, Measured demand value (∑DEM)	
Displayed digit	6-digit , Unit: m, k, M, G, T (depending on DEMTarget value)
Unit	m, k, M, G, T (depending on DEMTarget value)
Display range	0.00000mW(VA) - 99999.9TW(VA) * Decimal point is dependent on the DEMTarget. * "OL" is displayed when the display area is exceeded.
Equation	

Load factor	
Displayed digit	6-digit
Display range	0.00 - 9999.99% * "OL" is displayed when the display area is exceeded.
Equation	ΣDEM/DEM _{Terget}

Estimation	
Displayed digit	6-digit
Display range	0.00 - 9999.99% * "OL" is displayed when the display area is exceeded.
Equation	DEM Guess DEM Terget

Items Measured at Harmonics Measurement

Meas. system	Digital PLL synchronization
Meas. method	Analyze harmonics, and then add and display the inter-harmonics components adjacent to the integral order of the analyzed harmonics
Effective frequency range	40 - 70Hz
Order analysis	1 - 50th
Window width	10-cycle at 50Hz, 12-cycle at 60Hz
Window type	Rectangular
Data analysis	2048 points
Analyzing rate	once/ 200ms at 50Hz/60Hz

R.m.s. harmonics volt	age Vk [Vrms]
Range	Same as r.m.s. voltage
Displayed digit	Same as r.m.s. voltage
Display range	Same as r.m.s. voltage * rate of content 0.0% - 100.0%, percentage against the basic wave
	Complied with IEC61000-2-4 Class3 where 10% - 100% of input range for 600V Range.
Accuracy	3% or more against 100V of nominal voltage: ±10%rdg
Accuracy	Less than 3% against 100V of nominal voltage: nominal voltage ±0.3%
	1000V Range: ±0.2%rdg±0.2%f.s.
Equation	$V_{ck} = \sqrt{\sum_{n=-1}^{1} \left(V_c(10k+n)r\right)^2 + \left(V_c(10k+n)i\right)^2} \text{Rate of content} = \frac{V_{ck} \times 100}{V_{c1}}$ c: Measurement channel, k: Harmonics of each order Vr: Real number after Voltage FFT conversion Vi: Imaginary number after Voltage FFT conversion Measurement cycle in this equation is 10-cycle. For 12-cycle measurement, "10k+n" should be replaced with "12k+n".
1P2W-1 to 4	V1k
1P3W-1 to 2	V1k, V2k
3P3W-1 to 2	Line voltage V12k, V32k
3P3W3A	Line voltage V12k, V23k, V31k
3P4W	V1k, V2k, V3k

R.m.s. harmonics current Ak [Arms]	
Range	Same as r.m.s. current
Displayed digit	Same as r.m.s. current
Display range	Same as r.m.s. current * Rate of content: 0.0% - 100.0% (percentages to the basic wave)
	Complied with IEC61000-4-7, IEC61000-2-4
Meas. system	Analysis window width: 10/12 cycle for 50/60Hz, Measured values contain the inter-harmonics adjacent to the analyzed orders' harmonics
Accuracy	Meets the accuracy specified in IEC61000-2-4 Class3 at 10% - 100% of the input range of the measurement range. 10% or more to max. input range: ±10%rdg + Accuracy of Clamp sensor Less than 10% to max. input range: max value of the range±1.0% +Accuracy of Clamp sensor
Equation	$A_{ck} = \sqrt{\sum_{n=-1}^{1} \left(A_c(10k+n)r\right)^2 + \left(A_c(10k+n)i\right)^2} \text{Rate of content} = \frac{A_{ck} \times 100}{A_{c1}}$ c: Measurement channel: A1k, A2k, A3k, A4k. k: Harmonics of each order. r: Real number after FFT conversion. i: Imaginary number after FFT conversion. Measurement cycle in this equation is 10-cycle. For 12-cycle measurement, "10k+n" should be replaced with "12k+n".

Harmonics power Pk [W]	
Range	Same as active power
Displayed digit	Same as active power
Display range	Same as active power * rate of content 0.0% - 100.0%, percentage against the absolute value of basic wave
Meas. system	Complied with IEC61000-4-7
Accuracy	±0.3%rdg±0.2%f.s.+ accuracy of clamp sensor (PF 1, sine wave: 50/60Hz) (Sum represents the total values obtained through the used channels.)
	$P_{C_k} = V_{c(10k)r} \times A_{c(10k)r} - V_{c(10k)l} \times A_{c(10k)l}$ Rate of content $= \frac{P_{ck} \times 100}{P_{c1}}$
Equation	c: Measurement channel, k: Harmonics of each order. r: Real number after FFT conversion. i: Imaginary number after FFT conversion. Measurement cycle in this equation is 10-cycle. For 12-cycle measurement, "10k" should be replaced with "12k".
1P2W-1 to 4	P1k, P2k, P3k, P4k, Psumk=P1k+P2k+P3k+P4k
	P1k, P2k, Psum1k=P1K+P2k
1P3W-1 to 2	P3k, P4k, Psum2k=P3k+P4k
	Psumk=Psum1k+Psum2k
	P1k, P2k, Psum1k=P1k+P2k
3P3W-1 to 2	P3k, P4k, Psum2k=P3k+P4k
	Psumk=Psum1k+Psum2k
3P3W3A	Phase voltage $P1k:V1 = (V12-V31)/3, P2k:V2 = (V23-V12)/3, P3k:V3 = (V31-V23)/3, Psumk=P1k+P2k+P3k$
3P4W	P1k, P2k, P3k, Psumk=P1k+P2k+P3k

Harmonics reactive power Qk [var] (used for internal calculation only)	
	$Pck=Vc(10k)r \times Ac(10k)i-Vc(10k)i \times Ac(10k)r$
Equation	c: Measurement channel: A1k, A2k, A3k, A4k, k: Harmonics of each order. r: Real number after FFT conversion.
	i: Imaginary number after FFT conversion.
	Measurement cycle in this equation is 10-cycle. For 12-cycle measurement, "10k" should be replaced with "12k".
1P2W-1 to 4	$Q_{1k}Q_{2k}$, Q_{3k} , Q_{4k} , $Q_{5umk}=Q_{1k}+Q_{2k}+Q_{3k}+Q_{4k}$
	Q1k, Q2k, Qsum1k=Q1k+Q2k
1P3W-1 to 2	Q3k, Q4k, Qsum2k=Q3k+Q4k
	Qsumk=Qsum1k+Qsum2k
	Q1k, Q2k, Qsum1k=Q1k+Q2k
3P3W-1 to 2	Q3k, Q4k, Qsum2k=Q3k+Q4k
	Qsumk=Qsum1k+Qsum2k
3P3W3A	Phase voltage Q1k:V1 = (V12-V31)/3, Q2k:V2 = (V23-V12)/3, Q3k:V3 = (V31-V23)/3, Qsumk=Q1k+Q2k+Q3k
3P4W	Q1k, Q2k, Q3k, Qsumk=Q1k+Q2k+Q3k

Harmonics voltage	Harmonics voltage total distortion factor THDVF [%]	
Displayed digit	4-digit	
Display range	0.0% - 100.0%	
Equation	$THDVF_c = \frac{\sqrt{\sum_{k=2}^{50} (V_{ck})^2 \times 100}}{V_{c1}}$ c: Meas. channel V: Harmonics voltage k: Harmonics of each order	
1P2W-1 to 4	THDVF ₁	
1P3W-1 to 2	THDVF ₁ , THDVF ₂	
3P3W-1 to 2	Line voltage THDVF ₁₂ , THDVF ₃₂	
3P3W3A	Line voltage THDVF ₁₂ , THDVF ₂₃ , THDVF ₃₁	
3P4W	$THDVF_1$, $THDVF_2$, $THDVF_3$	

Harmonics current total distortion factor THDAF [%]		
Displayed digit	4-digit	
Display range	0.0% - 100.0%	
Equation	c: Meas. ch $THDAF_1$, $THDAF_2$, $THDAF_3$, $THDAF_4$	
	$THDAF_c = \frac{V k=2}{A_{c1}}$ A: Harmonics current k: Harmonics of each order	

Harmonics voltage tot	Harmonics voltage total distortion factor THDVR [%]	
Displayed digit	4-digit	
Display range	0.0% - 100.0%	
Equation	$THDVR_c = \frac{\sqrt{\sum_{k=2}^{50} (V_{ck})^2 \times 100}}{\sqrt{\sum_{k=1}^{50} (V_{ck})^2}}$ c: Meas. channel V: Harmonics voltage k: Harmonics of each order	
1P2W-1 to 4	THDVF ₁	
1P3W-1 to 2	THDVF ₁ , THDVF ₂	
3P3W-1 to 2	Line voltage THDVF ₁₂ , THDVF ₃₂	
3P3W3A	Line voltage THDVF ₁₂ , THDVF ₂₃ , THDVF ₃₁	
3P4W	THDVF ₁ , THDVF ₂ , THDVF ₃	

Harmonics current total distortion factor THDAR [%]		
Displayed digit	4-digit	
Display range	0.0% - 100.0%	
Equation	$THDAR_c = \frac{\sqrt{\sum_{k=2}^{50} (A_{ck})^2 \times 100}}{\sqrt{\sum_{k=1}^{50} (A_{ck})^2}} \stackrel{\text{c: Meas. ch}}{\text{A: Harmonics current}} \frac{THDAF_1, THDAF_2,}{THDAF_3, THDAF_4}$ A: Harmonics of each order	

Harmonics voltage phase angle θVk [deg]	
Displayed digit	4-digit
Display range	0.0% - 100.0%
Equation	$\theta V_{ck} = \tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{V_{ckr}}{-V_{cki}} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{c: Measurement channel} \\ \text{V: Harmonics voltage} \\ \text{k: Harmonics of each order} \\ \text{r: Real number after FFT conversion,} \\ \text{i: Imaginary number after FFT conversion} \end{array}$
1P2W-1 to 4	θV_{1k}
1P3W-1 to 2	θV_{1k} , θV_{2k}
3P3W-1 to 2	θV_{12k} , θV_{32k} * Line voltages are used.
3P3W3A	θV_{12k} , θV_{23k} , θV_{31k} * Line voltages are used.
3P4W	θV_{1k} , θV_{2k} , θV_{3k}

Total harmonics current phase angle θAk [deg]	
Displayed digit	4-digit
Display range	0.0° to ±180.0°
Equation	$\theta A_{ck} = \tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{A_{ckr}}{-A_{cki}} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{c: Measurement channel} \\ \theta A_{1k} , \theta A_{2k} , \theta A_{3k} , \theta A_{4k} \\ \text{A: Harmonics current} \\ \text{k: Harmonics of each order} \\ \text{r: Real number after FFT conversion,} \\ \text{i: Imaginary number after FFT conversion} \end{array}$

Harmonics voltage current phase angle difference θk [deg]	
Displayed digit	4-digit
Display range	0.0° to ±180.0°
Equation	$\theta_{ck} = \theta A_{ck} - \theta V_{ck}$ c: Measurement channel, k: Harmonics of each order
1P2W-1 to 4	θ_{1k} , θ_{2k} , θ_{3k} , θ_{4k} , $\theta_{sumk} = \tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{Q_{sumk}}{P_{sumk}} \right\}$
1P3W(3P3W)-1 to 2	θ_{1k} , θ_{2k} , $\theta_{sum1k} = \tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{Q_{sum1k}}{P_{sum1k}} \right\}$
	θ_{3k} , θ_{4k} , $\theta_{sum2k} = \tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{Q_{sum2k}}{P_{sum2k}} \right\}$
	$\theta_{sumk} = \tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{Q_{sumk}}{P_{sumk}} \right\}$
3P3W3A(3P4W)-1	θ_{1k} , θ_{2k} , θ_{3k} , $\theta_{sumk} = \tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{Q_{sumk}}{P_{sumk}} \right\}$

Items Measured at Power Quality Measurement

Voltage transient		
Meas. system	Approx. 40.96ksps (every 24µs) gapless event detection (50Hz/60Hz)	
Displayed digit	4-digit	
Effective input range	50V - 2200V (DC)	
Display range	50V - 2200V (DC)	
Accuracy	0.5%rdg * at 1000V (DC)	
Input impedance	Approx. 1.67MΩ	
Threshold value	Absolute peak voltage value	
Detection channel (ch)		
1P2W-1 to 4	V1	
1P3W-1 to 2	V1 , V2	
3P3W-1 to 2	Line voltage V12, V32	
3P3W3A	Line voltage V12, V23, V31	
3P4W	V1, V2, V3	

Voltage swell, Dip, INT	
Range	Same as r.m.s. voltage
Displayed digit	Same as r.m.s. voltage
Effective input range	Same as r.m.s. voltage
Display range	Same as r.m.s. voltage
Crest factor	Same as r.m.s. voltage
Input impedance	Same as r.m.s. voltage
Threshold value	Percentage of the nominal voltage value
	Complied with IEC61000-4-3 *r.m.s. values are calculated from one waveform with half-wave overlapping.
Meas. system	Swell, dip detection for multi-phase system: Starts when any one of events starts at any ch. Ends when it terminates.
	INT detection for multi-phase system: Starts when the event starts at all chs. Ends when it terminates at any one of the chs.
	10% - 150% (to 100V or higher nominal voltages): nominal voltage ±1.0%
Accuracy	Out of above range: ±0.4%rdg±0.4%f.s.
	Errors of event duration measurement at 40 - 70Hz: within 1-cycle
Detection channel (ch)	
1P2W-1 to 4	V1
1P3W-1 to 2	V1, V2
3P3W-1 to 2	Line voltage V12, V32
3P3W3A	Line voltage V12, V23, V31
3P4W	V1, V2, V3

Inrush current

Meas. system	Same as r.m.s. current
Displayed digit	Same as r.m.s. current
Effective input range	Same as r.m.s. current
Display range	Same as r.m.s. current
Crest factor	Same as r.m.s. current
Input impedance	Same as r.m.s. current
Threshold value	Percentage of the measurement range
Meas. system	Calculate r.m.s. values from one waveform with half-wave overlapping.
Accuracy	±0.4%rdg±0.4%f.s.+ accuracy of clamp sensor
Detection channel (ch)	A1, A2, A3, A4

Flicker

Displayed items	Time left: Counted down time until a Pst calculation completes. V: r.m.s. voltage per half-wave, 1 sec average Pst(1min): Flicker value for 1 min (Pst ref. value) Pst: Severity of short term flicker (10 min) Plt: Severity of long term flicker (2 hours) Max Pst: Max value of Pst, and time information Max Plt: Max value of Plt, and time information Pst(1min) Latest trend graph (for the recent 120 min) Plt trend graph for the recent 600 hours
Displayed digit	4-digit, Resolution: log 0.001 - 6400 P.U. in 1024-split
Ramp model	230VRamp/220VRamp/120VRamp/100VRamp
Meas. method	Complied with IEC61000-4-30 and IEC61000-4-15 Ed.2
Accuracy	Pst (max. 20):±10%rdg according to the test method defined by IEC61000-4-15 Ed.2

Equation

Pst(1min)c, Pstc=

$$\sqrt{0.0314} \times P_{0.1} + 0.0525 \times P_{1S} + 0.0657 \times P_{3S} + 0.28 \times P_{10S} + 0.08 \times P_{50S}$$

 $V_{1S}=(P_{0.7}+P_{1}+P_{1.5})/3$, $V_{3S}=(P_{2.2}+P_{3}+P_{4})/3$, $V_{1OS}=(P_{6}+P_{8}+P_{10}+P_{13}+P_{17})/5$,

V50S=(P30+P50+P80)/3 c: Measurement channel

The 10-min* measurement data is classfied into 1024 classes (0 - 6400P.U.), using the non-linear classification, to determine the culamitive probability function (CPF). It will be then corrected by the non-linear interpolating method, and do the calculation with the smoothed values. * Pst(1min): 1 min

$$Plt_{C} = 3 \times \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} Pst_{i}^{3}}{N}}$$

c: Measurement channel, N:12 times(2-hour meas.)

1P2W-1 to 4	Pst(1min)1, Pst1, Plt1	
1P3W-1 to 2	Pst(1min)1, Pst1 , Plt1 , Pst(1min)2, Pst2 , Plt2	
3P3W-1 to 2	Line voltage Pst(1min)12, Pst12, Plt12, Pst(1min)32, Pst32, Plt32	
3P3W3A	Line voltage	
3P4W	Pst(1min)1, Pst1, Plt1, Pst(1min)2, Pst2, Plt2, Pst(1min)3, Pst3, Plt3	

10.4 Specifications of Clamp Sensor

·	CT-53	CT-500
Rated current	300A Range: AC 300 Arms(424Apeak) 1000A Range: AC 1000 Arms(1414Apeak) 3000A Range: AC 3000 Arms(4243Apeak)	AC 1000 Arms(1850Apeak)
Output voltage	300A Range: AC0 - 500mV(AC500mV/AC300A): 1.67mV/A 1000A Range: AC0- 500mV(AC500mV AC1000A): 0.5mV/A 3000A Range: AC0-500mV(AC500mV/AC3000A): 0.167mV/A	AC0 - 500mV (AC500mV/AC1000A):0.5mV/A
Measuring range	300A Range: 30 - 300Arms 1000A Range: 100 - 1000Arms 3000A Range: 300 - 3000Arms	AC0 - 1000Arms
Accuracy (sine wave input)	±1.0%rdg (45 - 65Hz) (at the center point))	±0.5%rdg±0.2mV (45 - 65Hz) ±1.5%rdg±0.4mV (40Hz - 1kHz)
Phase characteristics	within ±1.0° (in each measuring range: 45 - 65Hz)	within ±2.0° (45 - 65Hz) within ±3.0°(40 - 1kHz)
Temp. & humidity range (guaranteed accuracy)	23±5°C, relative humidity 85% or less (no condensation)	
Operating temp.	-10 - 50°C, relative humidity 85% or less (no condensation)	
Storage temp. range	-20 to 60°C, relative humidity	85% or less (no condensation)
Allowable input	AC3600Arms (50/60Hz)	AC1300Arms (50/60Hz)

	CT-53	CT-500
Output impedance	Approx. 100Ω or less	
Location for use	In-door use, altitude 2000m or less	
Applicable standards	IEC 61010-1,IEC 61010-2-032 Meas. CAT. III (600V) Pollution degree 2 IEC61326	IEC 61010-1,IEC 61010-2-032 Meas. CAT. III (600V)/CAT.IV (300V) Pollution degree 2 IEC61326
Withstand voltage	AC5350V/5 sec Between circuit – sensor	AC5160V/5 sec Between circuit – sensor
Insulation resistance	50MΩ or more/ 1000V Between circuit – sensor	
Max conductor size	Approx. ø150mm (max)	Approx. ø110mm (max.)
Dimension	111(L)×61(W)×43(D)mm (protrusions are not included)	65(L)×25(W)×22(D)mm
Cable length	Sensor part: Approx. 2m Output cable: Approx. 1m	Sensor part: Approx. 2.7m Output cable: Approx.0.2m
Output terminal	MINI DIN 6PIN	
Weight	CT-53: Approx.950g	Approx.170g
Accessory	Instruction manual, Output cable	Instruction manual, Cable marker,

11. TROUBLESHOOTING

11.1 General Troubleshooting

When defect or breakdown of the instrument is suspected, check the following points first. If your problem is not listed in this section, contact your local Amprobe distributor.

Symptom	Check
	When operating with an AC power supply:
	Power cord is connected firmly and properly?
	No break in the Power cord?
	Supply voltage is within the allowable range?
	When operating with batteries:
Instrument cannot be	Batteries are installed with correct polarity position?
powered on. (Nothing is	• Size AA Ni-HM batteries have full-charge?
displayed on the LCD.)	Size AA Alkaline batteries are not exhausted?
	If the problem is not solved yet:
	 Disconnect the power cord from an AC power source, and then remove all the batteries from the instrument. Insert the batteries again and connect the power cord to an AC power source. Power on the instrument. If the instrument still does not turn on, instrument failure may be suspected.
A must keep also sen/t variet	Key lock function is inactivated?
Any key doesn't work.	Check the effective Keys on each Range.
	• Frequency at voltage ch1 is within the guaranteed accuracy range? It should be between 40 and 70Hz.
	Voltage test leads and clamp sensors are connected properly?
	 Setting of the instrument and the selected wiring configuration are appropriate?
Readings are not stable	Proper sensors are used with proper settings?
or Inaccurate.	There is no break in the voltage test leads?
	• Input signal is not interfered?
	 Strong electric magnetic field does not exist in close proximity?
	Measurement environment meets the specification of this instrument?
Incapable of saving data	Check the number of files in the memory.
to the internal memory.	• If an SD card is inserted in the instrument, remove the card.
	Ensure the SD card is inserted correctly.
	• Ensure the SD card has been formatted.
Data consist has an il	• Ensure there is available free space on the SD card.
Data cannot be saved on the SD card.	• Check the max number of files or capacity of the SD card.
	Ensure the SD card is operating properly.
	Verify the proper operation of the SD card on other well-known hardware.

11. TROUBLESHOOTING

Symptom	Check
Download and settings cannot be done via USB communication.	Check the connection of the USB cable between the instrument and PC.
	Run the communication application software "Windows for DM-5" and check whether the connected devices are displayed or not. If the devices are not displayed, the USB driver might not be installed correctly. Please refer to the installation manual for "Windows for DM-5" and re-install the USB driver.
"NG" judgment frequently appears during self-diagnosis.	If "NG" is given for "SD Card", see the check points for "Data cannot be saved in the SD card." in above column. If "NG" is give for other items, disconnect the power cord from an AC power source, and then remove all the batteries from the instrument. Insert the batteries again, and connect the power cord to an AC power source, and carry out the self-diagnosis again. If "NG" is still given, instrument failure may be suspected.

11.2 Error Messages and Actions

Error message may appear on the LCD while using the instrument. Please check the following table if any error message appears, and take actio

Message	Detail & Action
No SD card.	
Check the amount of free space in the SD card.	 Check the SD card is inserted correctly. See "4.3 Placing/ removing SD card".
Check the amount of free space in the SD card.	 Check the free space on the SD card. If the space is not enough, delete unnecessary files, format the card or use another card. The SD card should be formatted on the DM-5, not on a PC. See "To delete, transfer or format the recorded data".
	Check the connection of current sensor.
Failed to detect sensors. Check the connection of the sensor(s).	• If any problem is suspected, please do the following checks. Connect the current sensor, for which "NG" is given, to the CH on which another sensor is properly detected. If the result "NG" is given for the same CH, a defect of the instrument is suspected. A defect of sensor is suspected if "NG" is given for the same sensor connected to another CH. If NG result is given, stop using the instrument or the sensor.
Battery level is low. Powering off	• Connect the instrument to an AC power source, or replace the batteries with new ones. * Size AA Alkaline battery (LR6) or fully-charged Size AA Ni-MH battery x 6pcs See "How to install batteries".
Not having free space on the internal memory. Format the memory or delete unnecessary files.	• Check the free space on the internal memory and the total number of saved files. Max number of files that can be saved on the memory is: 3 for measurement data and 8 for the other data. If the free space is not enough, delete unnecessary files, format the memory. See "To delete, transfer or format the recorded data".

11. TROUBLESHOOTING

Message	Detail & Action
Cannot read the setting file. The file may be damaged.	• Try again. If still the setting files are not read; there may be a problem with the SD card or the DM-5. If the setting files are on the SD card, the SD card may be the issue. If the setting files are on the internal memory, the DM-5 may be the issue. If a problem with the DM-5 is suspected, stop using the instrument.
Available memory is low. Check the amount of free space in the SD card and internal memory.	Check the free space and the number of saved files on the SD card and the internal memory. Max number of the file that can be saved on the memory is: 3 for measurement data and 8 for the other data. If the space is not enough, delete unnecessary files, format the card or memory. When using
There is no available space in the storage area.	another SD card, it should be formatted on the DM-5, not on the PC. See "To delete, transfer or format the recorded data".
Start time is set in the past. Check the recording start method.	• REC Start is either "Constant rec. / Time period rec." and the time set for REC End is set to the past. Check and modify the time and date. See "(8)/ (9) Setting for recording method".
	• Check the "Recording setting" at SET UP menu. See "5.4 Recording setting".
Failed to start recording.	Try again. If still a record does not start, there may be a problem with either the SD card or the internal memory. Check which is set as the destination to save the data. If the destination is internal memory, a problem with the DM-5 may be the issue. Stop using the instrument in this case.
Cannot change the instrument settings during recording or in stand-by mode.	Change of setting is not allowed during a record. To change the settings, stop record and confirm "Recording stopped." message appears and then disappears.
New sensor is detected. Recheck the basic setting for SET UP before measurements	The connected clamp sensors are not the same ones used during the previous test. Modify the settings of clamp sensor directly from the "Basic setting" or press the "Detect" key.
Sensor connection is not correct. Check the connected sensor(s).	 Appropriate current sensor may not be connected to the proper measurement channels. Check the wiring configuration and the connected sensor.
Out of SD card space. Recording will be stopped.	• First, stop the recording. Confirm "Recording stopped." message appears, and then disappears. Backup the data file to a PC or any other external memory, and then delete files or format. When using a new SD card, it should be formatted on the DM-5, not on the PC. See "To delete, transfer or format the recorded data".
Out of internal memory space. Recording will be stopped.	• First, stop the recording. Confirm "Recording stopped." message appears, and then disappears. Backup the data file to a PC or SD card, and then delete files or format. See "To delete, transfer or format the recorded data".