#### -OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS-MODEL B100 and B100S **CONTOUR PROBES**

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# PARKER RESEARCH CORP.

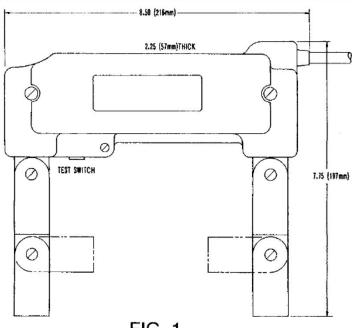
The B100 and B100S Contour Probes are rugged high performance instruments for Magnetic Particle inspection to accepted Nondestructive testing standards. Certain operating procedures and safety precautions should be observed.

INSTRUMENT DESCRIPTION: Basically, the Contour Probe is an electromagnet producing a strong magnetic field. Placement of the two poles (legs) upon ferrous metal provides a path for the intense magnetic field to pass from one pole to the other. The part completes the flux path and becomes highly magnetized. Models B100 and B100S produce strong constant AC fields. All Parker Contour Probes are designed with flexible legs that allow the field to be "focused" at a precise area of inspection. The maximum leg spacing is 12 in. (304.8mm). All 100 series Contour Probes come equipped with a 10' (3.048 m) power cord.

The B100 is for use on 115VAC 50-60 Hz, single phase grounded power source. Using an approved GFCI is recommended.

The B100S is for use on 230VAC 50-60 Hz, single phase grounded power source. The B100S is sold without a power cord plug. Only locally approved plugs should be used and installed by certified personnel. Using an approved GFCI is recommended.

### **SPECIFICATIONS**



MODEL	POWER REQUIREMENTS	FIELD	WEIGHT
B100	115 VAC 50-60 Hz 6 AMPS	AC	7 lbs. (3.18 kg)
B100S	230 VAC 50-60 Hz 3 AMPS	AC	7 lbs. (3.18 kg)

FIG. 1

#### GENERAL SAFETY RULES

Please read all instructions. Failure to follow all instructions listed below may result in injury. If the equipment is used in a manner other than as specified in these operating instructions, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired. Always wear eye protection.

**DO NOT OPERATE** unit from a DC power source.

Do not abuse the power cords. Never carry the instrument by the cord or attempt to unplug the instrument using the cord. Always operate the instrument with the standard installed cord. Changing or using a damaged cord can increase the risk of electrical shock. The cord should be checked periodically for any damage.

Do not position the instrument such that it would be difficult to operate the disconnect device (plug) on the end of the power cord.

The outside housing should remain intact and solid. Any damage, chipping, or separating exposing internal wires is a hazard. Instruments should not be used in this condition. The outside housing should be periodically checked for damage.



/IN **Duty Cycle:** The 100 series are designed for a 50% duty cycle. Continuous operation may cause overheating and damage the Contour Probe.

Operating Environment: Temperature: 32° to 104°F (0° to 40°C). Relative humidity: 10% to 95%, non-condensing.

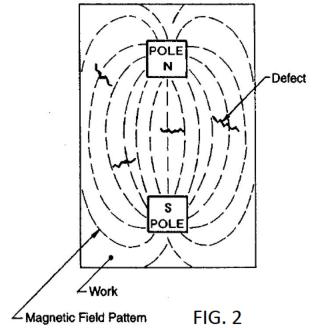
Shipping and Storage Environment: Temperature: 40° to 140°F (4.44° to 60°C). Relative humidity: 5% to 95%. Vibration and shock: As encountered in normal shipping and handling with no degradation.

## General Cleaning

The outside surface of the instrument can be periodically wiped clean with a clean cloth and a mild general purpose cleaner. Avoid using cleaners such as lacquer thinner, or mineral spirits that could damage the outside housing.

Never attempt field service. All 100 series Contour Probes should be returned to the factory for repairs.

**OPERATION:** Connect the instrument plug into a Grounded power outlet of proper voltage. Place the Contour Probe legs upon the work surface with the suspected defect at right angles to the legs (Good contact will produce the best results). Push the test switch to energize the instrument. Lightly dust or float dry magnetic inspection powder over the area being inspected. Defect indications will be revealed in a direction shown on figure 2. Turn the Probe 90 degrees from the first test and repeat the process. This method may also be utilized when applying a wet medium. Check all procedures and standards for further details involving inspection specifics.



**DEMAGNETIZATION:** Small pieces, which have become residually magnetized, may be easily demagnetized by the following procedure: Energize the Probe and pass small parts through the area between the leg ends "feet" and withdraw to a distance of approximately two feet. On large pieces, place the Probe in the same position as inspection, energize the Probe and lift from the work surface to a distance of approximately two feet. This procedure may need to be performed more than once to remove the residual field.

AC MAGNETIZATION: An AC magnetic field induced into a part is a "skin" or surface field and does not penetrate the cross section of the material. A by-product of AC is in the form of eddy currents. These eddy currents tend to guide or direct the magnetic field in a narrow pattern between the poles. Another by-product is a vibratory action, which adds mobility to the inspection particles to form a more highly defined powder build-up at the defect. For these reasons, an AC magnetic field is the most desirable for the detection of surface breaking defects.



!\ CAUTION: Small parts may become magnetically saturated due to excessive field application. This may cause a masking effect to the point where it is impossible to define a defect.

**WARRANTY:** The Parker 100 series are warranted against malfunction due to defective material and or workmanship. The defective unit will be repaired or replaced (less incoming freight charges) for a period of one year from the date of sale. This repair warranty does not apply to altered units. Repair or replacement of the defective unit will be made at the discretion of Parker Research Corporation. Repaired or replacement unit(s) will be returned to the original customer prepaid.

The obligation of Parker Research Corporation is limited to the repair or replacement of the defective unit. No other obligation is expressed or implied. Parker Research Corporation assumes no liability from any claims arising from the use of this equipment.



**? CAUTION:** For the correct and safe use of this equipment, training of operating personnel is required. Use of proper inspection procedures, standards compliance and safety requirements is the obligation of the user.

ALWAYS WEAR SAFETY GLASSES WHEN USING THIS EQUIPMENT