

# Digital Clamp-On Meter Selection Guide

**DC Amps** 296

**DC μA** 270, 275

**Frequency** 265, 270, 275, 293, 296

**Capacitance** 265, 270, 275

<u>True RMS</u> 275, 293, 296

Non-contact Voltage 270, 275

Temperature 270, 275

% Harmonic Distortion 296 Selecting your Digital Clamp-On Meter

1. Determine the maximum over voltage installation



Model 291 is CE only

- 1. Determine the maximum over voltage installation category (CAT I  $\sim$  CAT IV) the clamp-on will be used in and narrow your choice to those meters meeting the requirement. The Category rating for each meter is listed in the specifications table on page 3.
- 2. Narrow your choice by selecting meters with the features required for your intended applications. For example, if your applications require a CAT III meter with frequency and capacitance measurement capability, the TPI 265 ,TPI 270, or TPI 275 would be good choices.
- 3. Finally, select a meter with enough range, accuracy, and features for the tests you will perform. For example, if you have narrowed your choice to the TPI 265, 270, and 275 and your applications require the capability to capture motor inrush amperage, the analog peak hold of the 270 and 275 make them the better choice.

Function 255 265 270 275 201 203 206

#### APPLICATIONS

Market

		Market		Function	255	265	2/0	2/5	291	293	296
	AC/R	Electrical E	lectron	ic							
Thermocouples in furnaces											
and gas appliances	•			DCmV	⊚	•	⊚	⊚	•	•	•
Heat anticipator current in thermostats	•			ACA	•	•	⊚	•	•	⊚	
Line voltages		•	•	ACV	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Control voltages		•	•	ACV/DCV	•	•	⊚	⊚	•	⊚	•
Flame safety control current	•			DCuA			⊚	⊚			
Heating element resistance	•			Ohms	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Compressor winding resistance	•			Ohms	•	•	⊚	•	•	•	•
Contactor and relay coil resistance		•		Ohms	⊚	•	⊚	•	•	•	•
Motor and compressor startup current •		•		ACA	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Motor run and start capacitors	•	•		CAP		•	•	•			
Bar graph indicator of rapid fluctuations	•	•	•	All			•	•		•	•
Continuity of wiring	•	•	•	Ohms	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Measure frequency											
on control and line voltage	•	•	•	Hz		•	⊚	•		⊚	⊚
Record minimum and maximum											
of measurements	•	•	•	REC	⊚		⊚	•			•
Measure temperature		•	•	DCV	⊚*	<b>⊚</b> *	•	•	⊚*		
Measure True RMS of distorted											
or non-linear signals	•	•	•	ACV/ACA				⊚		•	•
Measure line current	•	•		ACA	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Test continuity											
of circuit breakers and fuses		•	•	Ohms	•	•	⊚	•	•	•	•
Measure voltage											
of direct drive DC motors		•		DCV	•	•	⊚	⊚	•	•	•
Measure power supply voltage			•	ACV/DCV	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Measure power supply current			•	DCA				•			•
Non-Contact Voltage Detection		•	•	NCV			•	•			·

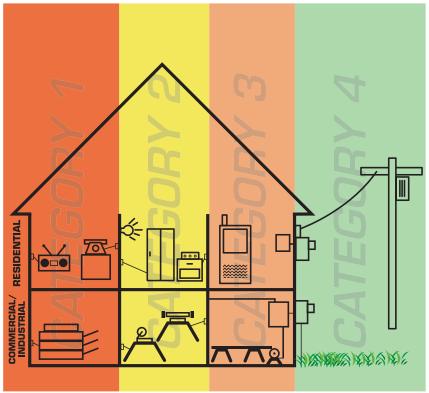
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See page 3 inside for ranges, specifications, and features.



\*Requires A301 or A312 adapter

## TPI DIGITAL CLAMP-ON METER TERMINOLOGY



- >> Category I: Usually electronic equipment or equipment where measures have been taken to limit transient over voltages.
- >> Category II: Single phase loads like appliance personal computers, television sets, and other household loads. Outlets located more than 30 feet from a CAT III source or more than 60 feet from a CAT IV source.
- >> Category III: Distribution level fixed installations like distribution panel devices, short branch and feeder circuits, three phase loads, and single phase commercial lighting.
- >> Category IV: Equipment and lines located on the power line side of a service panel or where a low voltage connection is made to utility power

### **Terminology**

- >> Agency Approval: Test equipment with the CE or UL mark have passed through tests and are designed with operators safety in mind.
- >> Auto Range: Meter automatically selects the appropriate range after the function has been selected.
- >> Trim Mode: A feature that stabilizes the display when measuring unstable or fast moving signals.
- >> Basic DC Accuracy: Important specification affecting the overall accuracy of all functions on a DMM.
- >> Resolution: A measurement of how small of a signal a meter can display. This specification must be taken into account with accuracy to determine the overall capability of a DMM.
- >> True RMS: Allows accurate measurement of non-sinusoidal AC voltage and current found in many control and switching power supply
- >> Analog Bar Graph: Provides the ability to see rapidly changing signals too fast for the digital display to see.
- >> Min/ Max/ Peak: Record and display the minimum and maximum readings measured. Also dispplay the peak voltage or current reading. This feature is useful when looking for trends over a long period of time or when measuring in rush current.

- >> Sleep/Auto Off: Automatically powers instrument down after 30 minutes of inactivity to preserve battery life. Meters with sleep mode will still acquire data during this time
- >> Data Hold: Freezes the reading on the display. This feature is useful when recording readings on paper or when in hard to see locations. Triple display meters can hold two readings on the display at the same time.
- >> Peak Hold: Measure and freeze on the display the maximum voltage or current reading. This feature is useful when measuring in rush current.
- >> Relative Mode: Displays measured value as a percentage of the stored value. This feature is useful for component checking.
- >> Audible Continuity: Audible beep indicating a complete circuit
- >> Non-Contact Voltage Detection: Meters with this capability have a sensor that detects the presense of voltage when the meter is held next
- >> % Harmonic Distortion: Indicates if the signal under test is clean or



# TPI DIGITAL CLAMP-ON METER SPECIFICATIONS

	255	265	270	275	291	293	296
Range Selection	200	200	210	213	291	290	290
Manual					•		
Auto/Manual	•	•	•	•		•	•
Display Specifications		-	•	-			
4,000 Count	•	•	•		•	•	•
11,000 Count	-	-	-	•		-	
Analog Bar Graph			•			•	•
Basic Features			-			-	-
AC Volts	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
DC Volts	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
AC Amps	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
DC Amps				•			•
DC Microamps*			•	•			
Resistance	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Diode Test		•	•	•		•	•
Audible Continuity	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Additional Features							
True RMS				•		•	•
Frequency		•	•	•		•	•
Capacitance		•	•	•			
Temperature			•	•			
% Harmonic Distortion							•
Non-Contact Voltage Detection			•	•			
Trim Mode						•	
Data Hold	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Relative Mode			•	•			
Min / Max / Peak	•		•	•			•
Peak Hold			•	•	•	•	
Sleep Mode / Auto Off	•	•	•	•		•	•
Range & Resolution							
Basic DC Accuracy	0.3%	0.3%	0.5%	0.5%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%
DC Voltage (maximum)	600V	600V	600V	600V	600V	750V	600V
Resolution (maximum)	0.001V	0.1mV	0.1mV	0.01mV	0.001V	0.01V	0.01V
AC Voltage (maximum)	600V	600V	600V	600V	600V	750V	600V
Resolution (maximum)	0.001V	0.1mV	0.1mV	0.01mV	0.001V	0.01V	0.01V
DC Amps (maximum)	-	-	-	400A	-	-	700A
Resolution (maximum)	-	-	-	0.01A	-	-	0.01A
DC Microamps (maximum)*	-	-	400μΑ*	1,100µA*			
Resolution(maximum	-	-	0.1μΑ	0.01μΑ			
AC Amps (maximum)	400A	400A	400A	400A	700A	700A	700A
Resolution (maximum)	0.01A	0.01A	0.01A	0.01A	0.01A	0.01A	0.01A
Resistance (maximum)	40MΩ	40ΜΩ	40ΜΩ	110ΜΩ	4ΚΩ	40ΚΩ	40ΚΩ
Resolution (maximum)	0.1Ω	0.1Ω	0.1Ω	0.01Ω	1Ω	0.1Ω	0.1Ω
Frequency (maximum)	-	40MHz	400MHz	110MHz	-	10KHz	10KHz
Resolution (maximum)	-	1Hz	0.001KHz	0.01Hz	-	0.1Hz	0.1Hz
Capacitance (maximum)	-	4,000μF	40,000μF	110,000μF	-	-	-
Resolution (maximum)	-	0.001nF	0.001nF	0.001nF	-	-	-
Temperature (maximum)	-	-	1,000°F	1,000°F	-	-	-
Resolution (maximum)	-	-	0.1°F	0.1°F	-	-	-
Agency Approval		0.5.		···		<u></u>	
CE IEC 1010	CAT III	CAT III	CAT III	CAT III	CAT III	CAT III	CAT III
	600V	600V	600V	600V	600V	600V	600V
cULus 3111	•	•	•	Pending		•	•

## Controls / Functions / International Symbols

# TPI offers a complete line of...

CO, Combustibles 8 Combustion (CEA)

Refrigerant Leak Detectors

**Digital Manometer** 

Temperature Contact & IR Instruments

IAQ: Air Flow / Humidity

Handheld Oscilloscopes

& Clamp-on Meters

**Accessories & Kits** 

#### **Controls and Functions**

#### **Push Buttons**

REC Activates the Min/Max/Record mode
NCV Activates non-contact voltage

detection mode

REL Activates the REL% mode RANGE, R-H Activates manual ranging

FUNC Toggles between AC and DC volts, and

or•))) functions

РЕАК HOLD, P-H Activates peak capture mode

HOLD, D-H Holds the reading on the display until the button is pushed a second time

TRIM Activates TRIM, PEAK, and HDR functions

(except on frequency range)

#### Rotary Switch

<del></del>	
V.	Used to measure DC volts
<u>¥</u>	Used to measure AC volts
V ~ ~ ~	Used to measure AC and DC amps
Ά	Used to measure AC amps
<u>O</u> FF	Turns the clamp-on completely off
ν̈	Used to measure AC and DC volts
TEMP	Used to measure temperature
μÄ	Used to measure DC microamps with
	test leads

#### Rotary Switch cont'd

→ Used to measure diodes

 $\Omega$  • M Used to measure resistance and use continuity buzzer

↓ Used to measure capacitance

Hz Used to measure frequency of current through jaws

#### Input Jacks

**COM** Black test lead connection for all

functions

 $V/\Omega$  Red test lead connection for all ACV, DCV, Continuity Buzzer, and Diode

GROUND

DOUBLE INSULATION

EITHER DC OR AC

Test functions

# 1. How does the non-contact

# 1. How does the non-contact voltage feature of the TPI 270 and 275 benefit me?

The non-contact feature of the TPI 270 and 275 allows you to detect live circuits without using the test leads, which enables faster checks for the presence of voltage.

# 2. Which of the TPI clamp-on meters will measure temperature?

The 270 and 275 have this feature built in and the 255, 265, and 291 can measure temperature by using the optional A301 or a A312 K-type thermocouple adapters.

## 3. Which TPI clamp-ons can measure DC microamps?

The TPI 270 and 275 has the capability to measure DC microamps by using the test leads. This is very useful for making flame safety control current measurements. The 265 can measure DC microamps with the optional A213 adapter.

## 4. Does a clamp-on meter measure anything besides amps?

All TPI clamp-on meters measure AC/DC volts and resistance. Models are available with temperature, frequency, capacitance, and non-contact voltage detection capability as well as many other features. Various adapters including temperature (A301 or A312), carbon monoxide (A771), and pressure (A620/630) are available. Contact TPI for additional information.

# 5. Is it possible to measure AC amps on a device that uses a power cord?

Yes, to accomplish this you can use the TPI line splitter (A202). AC amps must be measured by isolating a single wire and the A202 line splitter does this without damaging the power cord.

#### **International Symbols**



CAUTION: RISK OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK



AC (ALTERNATION CURRENT)



DC (DIRECT CURRENT)



REFER TO INSTRUCTION MANUAL

### Distributed By:

